IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

—THE—
"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
IS
THE OLDEST DAILY PAPER IN ASIA.

THE Bombay Gazette.

THE OFFICES OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" are now situated :: HOMJI :: STREET ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, Where all communications must be Addressed.

No. 56,128.—NEW SERIES BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

SHIPPING

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing 2-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1913				
6th Dec.	ARCADIA ...	7000	MEDINA	12500
13th ,,	CALEDONIA	8000	.....	...
20th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MONGOLIA ...	10000
27th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	..
1914				
3rd Jan.	SALSETTE...	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
10th ,,	DELTA.....	8000	.....	...
17th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MALWA.....	11000
24th ,,	ARABIA.....	8000	.....	...
31st ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MOOLTAN.....	10000
7th Feb.	MANTUA ...	11000	.....	...
14th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MOREA	11000
21st ,,	CALEDONIA	8000	.....	...
28th ,,	MALOJA.....	12500	.....	...
7th Mar.	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
14th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MARMORA ...	10500
21st ,,	MACEDONIA	10000	.....	...
28th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MOLDAVIA ...	10000
*1st Apl.	HIMALAYA	7000	.....	...
4th ,,	ARABIA.....	8000	.....	...
11th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MEDINA	12500
18th ,,	MANTUA ...	11000	.....	...
25th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MONGOLIA ...	10000
*26th ,,	ARCADIA ...	7000	.....	...
2nd May	CALEDONIA	8000	.....	..
9th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MALWA	11000
16th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	..

All the above Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMERS.

The S.S. "HIMALAYA," 7,000 tons will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 1st APRIL, 1914:—

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 4 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, the 29th APRIL, 1914:—

Direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES as follows:—

	SINGLE. "A" rate, "B" rate.	RETURN. "A" rate. "B" rate.
	Rs. Rs.	Rs. Rs.
To MARSEILLES.	301 or 195	891 or 742-8
To LONDON	627 or 323	940-8 or 792

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers, for the Straits, China and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.
Bombay.

ELLERMAN'S CITY & HALL LINES

(JOINT SERVICE.)

SAILINGS. 1913-14.

TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay about	Leave Karachi about
¶Trafford Hall .....A	5321	.....	27th Dec.
City of Poona .....A & C	7467	21st Jan.	...
City of Birmingham A & C	*4754	23rd Feb.	21st Feb
City of Calcutta A & C	7630*	12th Mar	10th Mar
Trafford Hall ... .A	5321	21st Mar.	...
City of Manchester. A & C	8001	.....	25th Mar
City of Paris .....A & C	9232*	13th April	11th Apr
City of Karachi ....A & C	5666	.....	22nd Apr
City of Lahore .....A & C	6875	.....	29th Apr
City of Birmingham A & C	7475	27th May	25th May

¶Calling at Genoa and Manchester.
*Calling at Bombay or passengers only.
Excepting the Trafford Hall all other steamers carry 1st and 2nd Class Passengers.

FARES.	1st class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles ..	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles..	653	1,001	489	809
Liverpool ..	606	957	462	704
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool..	..	999	..	737

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave

The A and C Class steamers carry a duly-qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fans fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The fares advertised include Free passage by the B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Nordd'ntscher Lloyd and Cunard Line.

Most of the above steamers are fitted with

"WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passages and full particulars apply to:—

Bombay:—Messrs. Edward Bates & Sons, Agency.

KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,

Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
TURNER, MORRISON & CO., Ltd.,
Agents

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS-

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Docks

Steamers Tons Sailing Date Time Route via.
Dwarka.....1,695 Friday 5th Dec. 6 a. m. direct.
Lhasa.....2,184 Mon. 8th Dec. 11 a.m. P. D. & C.M.
Kasara...11,95 Thurs. 11th Dec. 9 a. m. † C M.

‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
• Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.
† Cutch Mandvi.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH

(Weekly)

S. S. "Kasara," 1,195 tons, on Thursday 11th December, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Weekly.)

S. S. "Baroda," 3,172 tons, on Tuesday the 9th December, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly.)

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Sailing on
†Pundua	3305	Thursday 11th Dec
*Palamcotta	3413	,, 25th ,,
†Purnea	3306	,, 8th Jan.
*Pentakota	3418	,, 22nd ,,

† Calls at Lamoo, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.
*Calls at Seychelles, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban, to the steamers of the Union Castle or other line.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings with onward connection to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.

Nicol Road, Near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.
4th December, 1913.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

CAPITAL.....£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,700,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:

38, Bishopsgate London, E.C

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

Amritsar	Hongkong	New York
Bangkok	Iloilo	Penang
Batavia	Ipoh	Pukot
Bombay	Karachi	Rangoon
Calcutta	Klang	Saigon
Canton	Kobe	Seremban
Cebu	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Colombo	Madras	Singapore
Delhi	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Taiping, (F.M.S.)
Hamburg	Medan	Tientsin
Hankow		Yokohama

Correspondents in all the principal cit of the world.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS RECEIVED on terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.
Office Hours 10-30 a.m. to 4 p.m
SATURDAY. 10-30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

JOHN GREIG,
Agent.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... ,, 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... ,, 18,350,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsion	Nagasaki
Bombay	Newchang
Calcutta	New York
Changchun	Osaka
Dairen (Dalny)	Pekin
Haakow	Ryojun (Port Arthur.)
Hongkong	San Francisco
Honolulu	Shanghai
Kobe	Tilling
Liuyaang	Tientsin
London	Tsingtau
Lyons	Tokyo
Los Angeles, Cal, U.S.A.	Harbin (North Manchuria).
Fengtien (Mukden)	

CURRENT DEPOSITS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed on two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay

SHIPPING.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD S. N. CO.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on 1913.
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich	16th Dec.
Semiramis	3999	P. Pavissich	1st Jan. '14.
A Steamer	.....	.....	1st Feb. ,,
Cleopatra	4039	R. Huber	15th Jan. ,,

Homeward Passenger Season 1914.

(ACCELERATED SERVICE.)

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Gablonz	8000	G. Gilhuber	10th Feb.
*Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich.	20th Feb.
*Cleopatra	4039	R. Huber	1st Mar.
Marienbad	8000	B. Bednarz	10th Mar.
*Semiramis	3999	P. Pavissich	20th Mar.
Gablonz	8000	G. Gilhuber	1st April.
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich.	10th April
Cleopatra	4039	R. Huber	20th April.
Marienbad	8000	B. Bednarz.	1st May.
Semiramis	3999	P. Pavissich	10th May.
*Gablonz	8000	G. Gilhuber	20th May
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich.	1st June.

*Call at Karachi on the 22nd and leave on the 24th.

ORDINARY SERVICE *via* KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sial about 1913.
Nippon	6350	M. Franovich	28th Dec. 1914.
Fr. Ferdinand	6046	A. Leva	28th Jan.
China	6017	E. Tarabochia	26th Feb
Vorwaerts	5990	S. Cliunak	28th Mar.
Austria	7588	D Cosulich	1st May.
Nippon	6350	M. Franovich	30th May.
Persia	5895	M. de Nardo	30th June.
Fr. Ferdinand.	6046	A. Leva	1st Aug.

All the above steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

SPECIALLY REDUCED FARES ACCELERATED LINE.

SALOON CLASS.

To Trieste or Venice .. ..Rs. 500
,, Trieste or Venice and back .. ,, 750
,, London via Trieste ..Rs. 579 to 644*
,, London via Trieste and back Rs. 908 to Rs. 1,038*

INTERMEDIATE CLASS.

To Trieste or Venice .. ..Rs. 350
,, Trieste or Venice and back .. ,, 525
,, London via Trieste Rs. 429 to 449†
,, London via Trieste and back Rs. 682 to 722†

*Fares according to class of Railway.
†Fares according to rout on Railways.

ORDINARY LINES.

SALOON CLASS

To Trieste or Venice .. ..Rs. 450
,, Trieste or Venice and back .. ,, 675
,, London via Trieste .. .. ,, 529 to 594†
,, London via Trieste and back . ,, 833 to 963†

† Fares according to Route and Class on Railways

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS.

ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON

Single and return tickets are issued via Trieste, by the St. Gothards, Tauern, and other routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Marittima Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by Austrian Lloyd from Trieste to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about 1913.
China	6017	E, Tacabocchia	6th Decr.

For further particulars regarding passages apply to—

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co,
52, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

CANVAS

David Corsar & Sons

Best Flax Canvas

For full particulars apply:—

SHALABHOY TYEBJI & SONS,

BANK STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

ACCIDENT INSURANCE

HAVE YOU A POLICY OF THIS DESCRIPTION?

IF NOT IT WOULD BE ADVISABLE TO

WRITE TO

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.

the Branch Managers of the NORWICH and LONDON. ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

PLEASE REFER TO ADVERT. IN THE INSURANCE COLUMN.

P. & O.

IMPROVED SERVICE TO MARSEILLES & LONDON

COMMENCING with the departure of the "Salsette" from Bombay on 3rd January 1914, the Homeward P. & O. Mail steamers will be timed to arrive at MARSEILLES at Noon on FRIDAYS. This will bring into effect the following improved transits:—

BOMBAY to MARSEILLES in . . . . . 13 days
BOMBAY to LONDON via MARSEILLES by rail in 14 days
BOMBAY to PLYMOUTH by sea in . . . 19 days
BOMBAY to LONDON by sea in . . . . 20 days

Particulars of Sailings will be found advertised elsewhere in this paper.

For further information apply to

P. & O. S. N. CO.,
BOMBAY.

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ....Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP .... ,, 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... ,, 5,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and at 2 per cent. per annum for the reamining six months. On sums exceeding Rs 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS & CASH CREDITS

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of the constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager,

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE

4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.

BRANCHES AT

Bombay, Calcutta and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL .....£ 400,000
RESERVE FUND .....£ 15,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR Of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C.M.G. (Messrs. Brown, Shiply & Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.
J S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G. BROMLEY-MARTIN, Esq., (of Martin's Bank Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart.
E. J. MOSES, Esq.
SIR DINSHAW MANOCKJEE PETIT, Bart.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Churchgate Street and Hornby Road.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ per cent. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application

Interest allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS AT 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES AND SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for safe Custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager

BANKS.

COX & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act, 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP £450,000
RESERVE .....£ 80,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawalpindi, Muree, and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received. Rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made. ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge
INSURANCE of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE, AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs Cox & Co, SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOKS supplied on application

A copy of the Half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S.W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL £1,000,000
RESERVE FUND £1,040,000

HEAD OFFICE:—
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta	Cochin	Zanzibar
Bombay	Chittagong	Mombassa
Madras	Rangoon	Nairobi
Karachi	Mandalay	Nakuru
Lahore	Colombo	Kisumu
Amritsar	Kandy	Jinja
Delhi	Newara-Eliya	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp).	Entebbe
Tuticorin	Aden (Steamer point).	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits FIXED for one year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed, when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia, purchased and collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia Remittances may be made by telegram

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, and Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY.

RALPH KIDD,
Acting Manager

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

REFINEMENT IN JEWELRY.

It is not our purpose to invite attention to the featureless and conventional every-day jewelry which give no opportunity for wandering beyond the hardest rules of economy as this class of ornament is now stocked almost everywhere and is included with imitations and shams which form the bulk of such stock. We hold none of these, but we offer to those who will not luxuriate in real precious or costly gems, the alternative of an up-to-date collection of artistically fashioned plain gold ornaments, as we know from experience that there are many who prefer to possess a little good gold jewelry than an abundance of imitation. Our object in this advertisement is rather to draw the attention of those in search of something singular and out of the ordinary, to fancies in gemmed ornaments and so fashioned as to excite admiration by individual touches of artistic dealing,—just those which create fashion or suggest its variation and which alone call forth the efforts of the artist, stimulating him to new ideas. We are certain that there is a select circle who take a deligt in the work of the jewellers art in the carrying out of which platinum, a very precious metal, takes a leading part to-day. Fashion and beauty in jewelry is to be found in distinctive and modern treatment and in the blending of colours of the gems used, irrespective of mere cost. Cost in a beautifully designed ornament however small, is now as much a negligible consideration for calculating investment-value for future exchange, as future exchange value in a beautifully designed dress or hat, the initial cost of each of which may be identical with the cost of the jewel. Jewelry has long ceased to be the symbol of wealth. Fashionable jewelry is recognised to-day as a necessity and a necessity which goes hand in hand with the progress of fashion in dress.

The ornaments chiefly in vogue and to which much attention is being given this season are the

JEWELLED PENDANT
JEWELLED NECKSLIDE
AND THE
JEWELLED EARRING

The handiwork of these ornaments has reached a standard that is difficult indeed to criticise or to improve upon for daintiness and the amazing quality and quantity of work.

We are offering this season the most modern conceptions in platinum and gold, the former when the metal used has but little importance as compared to the gems, and the latter, when the metal assumes the chief part for its effects and which the gems convey only an ultimate impression.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.

JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS, &C.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

CHRISTMAS ORDERS

NOW REGISTERED
AT
MONGINI BROTHERS.

CHRISTMAS BOXES containing a CAKE, CONFECTIONERY, CRACKERS, ETC., from Rs. 10 to Rs. 25.

FANCY PRESENTATION BOXES of SWEETS and CHOCOLATES,
XMAS CRACKERS,
SANTA CLAUS STOCKINGS,
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS
for Table Decoration, etc., etc., etc.

X'mas List on application.

MONGINI BROTHERS,
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

ITALIAN HAZELNUTS, ALMONDS and WALNUTS (in soft shell); Malaga RAISINS and DESSERT Italian Figs in baskets.
GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN CHEESE always fresh in stock.
PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, the best obtainable for the Table and the Kitchen, also triple rectified Oil for Medicine.
ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the Grape only.
MACCARONI, VERMICELLI, and SOUP PASTES of different shapes, consignments received by every Italian Steamer Monthly.
EGGS MACCARONI, (a speciality) prepared with Eggs.
HORS D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best HOME FIRMS.
WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses of France and Italy.
SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.
OUR FAMOUS VINO DA PASTO CLARET (purely Grape Wine) in great demand.

A FACT WORTH NOTING.

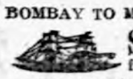
PAGE & SANDEMAN'S Celebrated INVALID'S PORT,

Gold Capsule, is
SECOND TO NONE.
Insist on having it.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

PAGE & SANDEMAN, LONDON, ENGLAND

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BOMBAY TO MAHE (SEYCHELLES.)



S. S. "GALIA" will sail from BOMBAY for MAHE (via Colombo) on WEDNESDAY, the 10th December, carrying cargo and passengers.

For further particulars apply to—
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
Agents.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S s.s. "CHINA" from TRIESTE and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, via Karachi, are hereby informed of the arrival of the Steamer, and requested to take IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS, landed at the Prince's Dock, Shed No. C. and R.

The Company's SURVEYOR, Captain METCALFE, will attend every morning to survey damages.

APPLICATIONS for SURVEYS must reach the Undersigned in time, so that the SURVEY can take place latest in the MORNING of the SEVENTH DAY.

ALL CLAIMS for shortages and damages must be sent in within ONE MONTH of the Steamer's arrival, or they WILL NOT BE PAID.

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

TENDERS FOR COAL.

SMITHY NUTS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Chief Engineer, at his office, Ballard Road, up till 1 P. M. (S.T.), on MONDAY, 15th December 1913, for the supply of about 750 tons, South Hetton or Bates Lancashire Smithy Nuts for the year 1914.

1. A deposit of Rs. 750 to accompany the Tender.
2. Form of Tender with Schedule, Specification and agreement may be obtained at the Chief Engineer's Office, Ballard Road, on payment of Rs. 2.
3. The covers to be endorsed "Tender for Smithy Nuts."
4. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
5. The cost of stamping the agreement to be borne by the successful Tenderer.
6. Each tender will be received on condition that the deposit accompanying it shall be absolutely forfeited, if such Tender is withdrawn before the Tenderer receives formal instructions of the Trustees' decision in regard to his tender.

P. GLYNN MESSENT,
Chief Engineer.
Chief Engineer's Office, Ballard Road, Bombay, 2nd December 1913.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Superintendent, Ammunition Factory, Kirkee, up to 1 P.M. on the 16th December, 1913 for the supply of Miscellaneous Stores, including Oil Kerosine, Timber Teak, etc., (more or less) during the year from 1st April 1914 to 31st March, 1915.

Full particulars regarding terms of contract, etc., can be obtained from the Factory office during the office hours on working days.

Printed forms of Tenders and Schedules for Stores will be supplied on payment of one rupee per set.

Earnest money at the rate of Rs. 2 per cent. on the total value of the Stores tendered for, in the form of a Treasury Receipt or Government Promissory Notes will be required to accompany the tenders. In the case of Promissory Notes being furnished, they must remain in the name of Depositor, but the enfacement of the payment of interest must be made payable at the Poona Treasury, which rule must be strictly observed. Security Deposits will be required from those Tenderers whose contracts are accepted.

Tenders will be submitted for sanction to the Director of Ordnance Factories, who does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Tenders will be opened at 12 noon on the 17th December, 1913.

M. WALKER, Lt.-Colonel, R. A.,
Superintendent.

NOTICE.

THE following BIRDS and ANIMALS will be SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at 12 noon, on the 15th December, 1913, at the RAJ MAHEL, Porbandar.

Pea Hens 3, Parrots 12, Duck 1, Doves 69, Hens 5, Cock 1, Chickens 20, Porcupines 3, Black Panther 1, Pantheress 1, Hyenas 2, Arras 2.

F. De B. HANCOCK,
Major.
Administrator, Porbandar State.
Porbandar, 29th November, 1913.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000, in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons, and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

HOUSE, BAZAAR and DHOBIE ACCOUNT BOOK, *sixth edition revised*, for 12 months with Servants Diary, Wages Table, Household Hints, Cookery Notes and Will Form *by Gerald L. Chard*, price Rs. 1-8 from No. 13 Dept., Army Navy Stores, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at Nos. 25 and 26, Waterloo Street, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of The "Bombay Gazette," Ld,

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

The Film of Films.
Emile Zola's

GERMINAL.

The whole magnificent film every night beginning at 6 p.m. and 9-15.
If you have seen the first half, come at 6-30 or 10 to see the second half.

A little bit of rollicking fun,

LITTLE ZOLA

from Drury Lane.

Four feet two, and funny every inch.

SONGS : DANCES : STORIES.

WINES. SPIRITS. &c.

The following popular and well-known Brands of Whiskies from Messrs. ROBERTSON SANDERSON & Co., Ltd., LEITH, can be had wholesale from

CROFT, MODY AND CO.,

SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY, or retail from

Messrs. BRANDON & Co.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS,
and
Messrs. DENISON & Co.,
HUMMUM St., FORT.

Liqueur Scotch Whisky (as supplied to the Savoy Hotel and Restaurant Ltd).

O.B.G. (Old Blended Glenlivet) WHISKY.

O.H.S. (Old Highland Scotch) WHISKY,

G. O. H. (Grand Old Highland) WHISKY.

SECOND TO NONE WHISKY.

Better get Good Strength.

ATANK NIGRAH PILLS

will greatly help you to get good strength. Your digestive troubles, weakness, urinary complaints, and all will be completely vanished by these Pills and great strength substituted within a comparatively short time.

Wouldn't you like to be strong? Do you not value your health?

Price Re. 1 per box.

ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY,
Jamsagar—Kathiawar.
KALBADEVI,
BOMBAY.

NORWICH UNION

FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY

in which is incorporated

NORWICH AND LONDON

ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE:..... NORWICH.
CHIEF OFFICE FOR
INDIA.....GRAHAM'S BLDGS.
BRANCH MANAGERS.....BOMBAY

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.

granted covering all accidents and numerous specified fevers and diseases 10 per cent. Bonus after five years and many other valuable benefits.

£7 or Rs. 105 purchases a policy insuring £1,000 or Rs. 15,000 for accidental death with a weekly disablement allowance of £6 or Rs. 90.

In case of permanent disablement the policy provides a handsome Pension.

AGENTS WANTED

BRASSO

The Finest Polish
FOR
all metal works is

BRASSO

Stocked in all Bazars.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE,
BOMBAY.

MAUD ALLAN

AND

LEO, JAN, AND MISCHEL

CHERNIAVSKY

WILL POSITIVELY REAPPEAR ON

DECEMBER 9TH

AND FOLLOWING FOUR NIGHTS.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME NIGHTLY.

PRICES :—Private Boxes, Rs. 20 to Rs. 60.
Stalls, Rs. 10 and Rs. 7.
Dress Circle, Rs. 5.
Balcony, Rs. 4.
Gallery, Rs. 3.

BOX PLAN OPEN AT ROSE & Co.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital .....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability for Proprietors .....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 17,450,000
Gold Reserve Fund .....£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
Advisory Committee in London.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Johore
Bangkok	Johora	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
		" Hongkew.
Calcutta	London	Singapore
Canton	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taipeh
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hankow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	
	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accured amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
40, Church Gate Street.

RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK.

Capital authorised	Rbls 55,000,000	
Do. subscribed	" 45,000,000	=say £4,745,000
" subscribed by the Imperial Chinese Govt. Kouping Taels	3,500,000	=say £ 455,000
Reserve Funds	Rbls. 23,300,000	=say £2,455,000
	7,655,000	

HEAD OFFICE:—ST. PETERSBURG.
LONDON OFFICE:—64, Old Broad Street, London, E. C.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Askabad	Hankow	Paris
Bakou	Harbin	Peking
Batoum	Hongkong	Samarkand
Bokara	Karachi	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Tientsin
Calcutta	Moscow	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Newchang	Yokohama
Colombo	Odessa	

And numerous other branches throughout Russia and Siberia.

Current Accounts and interest allowed thereon at 2½ per cent. per annum on balances up to 1 lac; above that by special arrangement. Fixed deposits received on terms to be ascertained on application. Bills of Exchange purchased, Loans granted on approved security, and all descriptions of Banking business transacted.

G. B. ADAMSON,
Manager

MONEY MADE EASILY.

Pay Re. 1-8 only and subscribe to

INDUSTRY.

A monthly journal of Handicrafts and Commerce containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities starting of small mechanical industries etc. Industrial queries replied free by experts.

Royal Edition Rs. 2-8; People's Edition Re. 1-8.

Benefits of free automatic life insurance. extraordinary prizes, etc.

AGENTS WANTED ON SPECIAL TERMS.

Apply for particulars and sample to the MANAGER Industry, Shambazar Calcutta.

JOB PRINTING—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, Homjee Street, Fort.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

CHARNI ROAD. Tel. No. 1271.

TO-NIGHT!

ANOTHER THRILLING DETECTIVE DRAMA.

THE INCRIMINATING HANDKERCHIEF,

IN TWO PARTS.

A story replete with Incident and Excitement.
FULL COMPLEMENT OF OTHER PICTURES.

1. REGATTA ON THE MEKONG, SIAM. (Coloured).
2. THE DANIELS-ACROBATIC JUMPERS.
3. POLIDOR-DANCING MASTER. (Comic).

3 SHOWS NIGHTLY.

7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11.

SATURDAY AND SUNDAY 11-15 to 12-15.

PRIZE SHOWS :—SATURDAY and SUNDAY 5-30 to 6-30.

FILMS FOR SALE OR HIRE.

MALARIA FEVER CURED.

THIS IS NO FABLE, BUT A SOLID PROVED FACT.

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE OR PILLS

Cure Malaria, Ague, or Influenza. The soundest remedies in India, the Land of Fevers. Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

For pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work Impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., etc. Rs. 1-8 each.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

Is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans. 4 each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT

Cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch, etc., etc., in a day. Ans. 4 each.

OF ALL DEALERS OR OF

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA, J. P.

WORLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 5.

THE

Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.

RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 64ths

FROM

1s. 33/64d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.

ALSO

Tables of Par Conversion—Commission Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

THIRD EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,

HOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE. FORT. BOMBAY.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., (INDIA), LIMITED.

GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,

FORT,

BOMBAY.

IMPORTERS OF THE FAMOUS

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT

BEST ON EARTH BEST IN AIR

SHELL MEANS SATISFACTION

SHELL MEANS SPEED

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only advertisements for clerks, servants, &c., Goods for sale or wanted are accepted in this column.

RATES. (Cash Only.) Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 5. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover postage is previously paid.

PLATE POWDER.—Preserve your silver and electroplated ware by using the BATTLE-AXE PLATE POWDER. The finest preparation for producing a beautiful and lasting polish upon all articles of silver and electroplate. It contains no poison We use it ourselves to make our stock of silver and plate to look always bright and fresh. PRICE ANNAS 8 PER TIN ONLY. MARKOS & Co., Ltd., JEWELLERS & SILVERSMITHS, BOMBAY & POONA.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First-class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at HOMJEE STREET, where a complete electric installation supplies the motive power for working of the machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The management is therefore able to offer constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

FOR SALE.—An EXCELLENT PROPERTY, situated near Colaba Causeway, suitable for office as well as residential purposes. For particulars apply to Box No. 919 care of this Paper.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" when available, are supplied at the following special prices: If of a date over one and within 3 months, eight annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee a copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance

---

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special terms for contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

SAFE DEALERS.—GODREJ and BOYCE MFG. Co. By appointment to H. E. the GOVERNOR, SAFES and LOCK MAKERS to H. M.'s Mint and Banks, near Gas Works, Parel, Bombay.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes—9½ inch by 4¼ inch, Rupee 1 per hundred. 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 12 per hundred (if printed on flap there will be an extra charge of Rs. 3 per thousand.) 6 ½ inch by 3½ inch Rupees 2½ per thousand, (if printed on flap Re. 4 per thousand

---

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10. Apply to Box No. 419, care of the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WANTED.—GRADUATES, knowing accounts. Preference will be given to those who have a full knowledge of Mathematics. Apply Box No. 900, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—By young Lady POST as COMPANION to European or Indian Lady. Apply Box No. 921, care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.—Good GOANESE COOK for Officers Mess. Apply stating salary and forwarding testimonials to Box No. 937, care of this Paper.

WHISKY NOGGIN

WE SELL this miniature whisky jug mounted in Silver. It holds just one gill and is cleaner and more elegant in use than the pegmeasure of the refreshment bar type. As each guest is served with one for his exclusive own it becomes unnecessary to urge the importunate question of quantity. The noggin is a silent and home like suggestion of "just help yourself," while the obtrusive "half or full peg Sir?" sounds too business like.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

SELF CURE NO FICTION! NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR. THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1

in a remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections

THERAPION No. 2

Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

THERAPION No. 3

Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 5/- from The LeClerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

THERAPION CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES—"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes :—

9½ inch by 4¼ inch...Re. 1 per hundred
9½ inch by 4½ inch....As. 14 per "

*If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.

*6 13-16 inch by 3½ inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand.

*If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand

WANTED.

WANTED, from 1st January, a SCIENCE GRADUATE, for the I. P. Mission High School, Ahmedabad. Initial salary Rs. 60 to Rs. 80 according to qualifications and experience. Apply, with copies of certificates and testimonials to the MANAGER.

WANTED, for Newspaper Office, EUROPEAN ASSISTANT MANAGER. Must have practical knowledge of Printing and be able to efficiently control Advertisement and Circulation Department. Apply stating full particulars to Box 702, care of this Paper.

WANTED, for MARRIED COUPLE, BOARD and RESIDENCE, Colaba preferred. Terms must be moderate. Two rooms with bath-room attached without board would suit. Apply—

DHUN BUILDING,
North Side (Top Floor),
Merewether Road, Apollo Bunder.

WANTED, NEWS COMPOSITORS, only competent men need apply to MANAGER "Bombay Gazette."

YOUNG EUROPEAN LADY undertakes to GIVE LESSONS in English and Music. Fully qualified. Term moderate. Apply Box No. 955, care of "Bombay Gazette."

A EUROPEAN LADY WANTS a competent NURSE. Apply Box No. 918, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—BOARD and RESIDENCE, by a European Couple. Apply Box No. 913, care of this Paper.

FOR SALE.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co., GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, on sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat furniture.

FOR SALE.

OLD CHINA, a genuine Roseverte, Yung Cheng period, A. B. 1723, Chinese Jinger Jar—valued at Rs. 1,000. What offers?

Apply to Box No. 934, care of "Bombay Gazette."

FOR SALE.—An upright grand PIANO, in good condition, any offers. Apply to Box No. 902, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET:—ROSARIO COTTAGE with Furniture, at Matheran, for both cold and hot seasons or either. Apply to—

JAFFUR CASSUM MOOSA,
Estate Manager to H. H. The Agakhan, G.C.S.I.,
Jail Road, Umerkhadi, Bombay.

TO BE LET.—Bungalow at Cumballa Hill, sea view, open on all sides, up-to-date requirements. Apply Box No. 901, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—A Big BUNGALOW, on Neapean Sea Road, open on all sides. Apply Box No. 925, care of this Paper.

THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE"

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Discount Rate.
Yearly	Rs. 20
Half-yearly	" 11
Quarterly	" 6
Monthly	" 2
SINGLE COPY	ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	Rs. 26 0
Half-yearly	" 13 8
Quarterly	" 7 0
Monthly	" 2 8
SINGLE COPY	TWO ANNAS.

N. B.—To obtain the benefit of the discount rate, the payment must always be made in advance.

For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette," See Special Short Advertisements Column

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS

For Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required, Change of Residence, and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line ...	" 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must, in all cases, be made in advance.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion ...	Rs. 6-0 per inch.
Second Insertion ...	" 3-8 do.
Third Insertion ...	" 3-0 do.
Fourth Insertion ...	" 2-8 do.
Fifth and upwards ...	" 2-0 do
Minimum charge ...	" 6-0 do.

In the Native Languages, double the above rates.

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time special contracts are made

AMUSEMENT COLUMN.

For insertions in the amusement Column... ... Re. 1½ per inch.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 08 July, 2017

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

The steamer Galavale, 2,441 tons, Captain E. Sceary, on Wednesday for Calcutta with ballast.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Ismaila, 3,381 tons, Captain E. D. Downing, will sail to-day for Calcutta with ballast.

The Japan Line steamer Inaba Maru, 3,837 tons, Captain S. Tominaga, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Kobe via coast ports with a general cargo.

The steamer Gowanbura, 2,722 tons, Captain A. Wynd, will sail to-day for Marseillis via Vizagapatan, with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Dwarka, 759 tons, Captain W. Moxon, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Karachi via K. coast ports, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Kala, 570 tons, Captain E. W. A. Denne, will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

The Bombay and Persia S. N. Co's steamer Homayun, 2,154 tons, Captain J. H. Hannah, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Jeddah with 724 pilgrims as passengers.

The Austrian Lloyds S. N. Co's steamer China, 3,871 tons, Captain E. Tarabochia arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Trieste &c, with a general cargo and passengers.

The P. and O. Co's. steamer Himalaya, 3,705 tons, Captain A. G. Evans, sailed on Wednesday for Shanghai via Colombo with China and Australian mails, a general cargo and passengers.

The Asiatic S. N. Co's. steamer Havildar, 3'086 tons Captain C. A. Dakershatt, sailed on Wednesday for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo and passengers.

ROYAL NAVY & R. I. M. VESSELS.

H M S Pelorus.....Comdr Hill.....R Navy
R I M S Duffe in...Comdr E J Headlam R I M
Rewa.....Capt Kerr ..... Transport

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Dec. 3.

Albert Trevers...3444 Questa .....T M Co
Baroda .....1890 Harcroft .....M M and Co
Barlungo . 2821 Gallo .. Venice .....S N Co
Birkenfels .....3546 Manlier ... W & A G & Co
Caledonia .....2439 Dowel l... . P and O Co
Chindwara .....3807 Williams.....M M & Co
Chindwara .....3871 Tarabochia ...A L S N Co
Governo a .....76 Lees ... .A Ashdown & Co
Galavale .....2444 Sceary ... .A vale and Co
Hossino .....964 Fanning ...T Morrison & Co
Havildar.....3086 Dakershott ... T m and Co
Homayun.....2151 Hannah .....T M Co
Imani.....2979 Lyons T Morrison & Co
Inverness.....2410 Venus...W and A G and Co
Khosrou....2410 Hannah...Jeddah...T M and Co
Kamder .....1865 S Smith .. Jeddah...W M K
Killin.....2257 Wilson ...W & A G and Co
Norfolk .....2526 Buckley .. W & A G & Co
Nairn...3627 Lassen.....W and A G and Co
Orangemoor.....2576 Moffett .....W & A G & Co
Sutherland ..2277 Longstaff W and A G and Co
St Feclens.....2307 Sutherland P and O C

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Dec. 3.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A Santhia ...	3321	Robertson	...m		M and Co
B Hidalgo	...2761	Hubbard	.....		J F and Co
C and R Arcadia...	4172	Barcham...	Aden	6-12	P and O Co
D & E Ostmark...	3036	Peter ...	Karachi...	28-11	W and A G and Co
F Clan macbeth...	2881	Redford ...	.		J F & Co
G Heim...	758	Aitken...	Singapore ...	4-12	... F F Campbell and Co
K Gowanburn...	Wynd	...	Marseilles ..	3-12	W and A G and Co
K Braunfels...	3538	Citman...	Karachi	18-12	W & A G & Co
M India	...4193	Talbot			P and O Co
N Strathoven ...	2331	Douiss ...	Dunkirk...	3-12	D Nanji and Sons
O Linga ...	931	Manley ..	Karachi ...	5-11	M M and Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Neidenfels...3395 Hoskil...Hamburg ... ..
2 Urlana .....3483 Pratt .....M M and Co
3 Okara ..... 3438 Downing.....M M & Co 2-12...W & A G & Co
5 Clan Gordon...3245 Walker ...Antwerp 6-12...J F and Co
6 Calna...3623 Facqubarson....Antwerp .. 3-12 M M and Co
7 Ismaila ...3381 Hodgson. ..... M M and Co
8 Habsburg.....2395 Seberich...Trieste ... 16-12 A L S N Co
9 Scharzfels...3643 Kuppener ...Hamburg .. 8-12...W and A G & Co
10&11 Olympia.....3269 Kinnaird ... W & A G Co
13 Egypt ...4237 Summers...Shanghai...17-12 P & O Co
14 President...2086 Schutt...Durban ..4-12... A Steandes and Co
14 Kola ...530 Denne .....Bussrah.....4-12 ..... M M and Co

H W P D

Mahanadi .....549 Ahmed .....Bo S N Co
Netravati .....699 Fakira..... Bo S N Co
Satranji .....547 Hoosein .....Repairing Bo S N Co

M W D D

Kt of the Thistle...4286 Baker...New Castle .. ..T M Co

H W V D

Dwarka .....759 Moxon .....M M Co
Inaba Maru.....3837 Tominaga .. N Y K aisha

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
2	Homayun ...	Hannah ...	Jeddah
3	China	Tarabochia	Trieste Nov 10
	Dwarka	Moxon.....	K'chi Dec 1
	Seva	Kerr	S'ton Nov 13
	Inaba Maru...	Tominaga	Kobe Nov 4

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
2	Ekbatana ...	Krieger ...	Antwerp
	Patialan	Amber ...	Bussrah etc
	Intomb	Jaythman...	Genoa etc
	Himalaya.....	Evans	Shanghai
	Havildar.....	Dakershott	Calcutta
	Galavale	Sceary....	Calcutta

The following vessels obtained portclearances yesterday :—

Steamer Kola Denne, for Bussrah etc
do I maila Downing, for Calcutta
do G wnburn Wynd, for Marseilles etc
do Neidenfels, Heckel, for Hamburg

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Baroda for Bussrah etc
do Braunfels for Hamburg etc
do Orangemoor for Hull
do Homayun for Jeddah

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The Clan Line steamer s.s. "Clan Murray" arrived in London this morning of the 2nd instant.

The Austrian Lloyd Chartered steamer s.s. Aruba from Trieste left Karachi on the 2nd instant midnight and is due here on the 5th instant morning. The same Co's steamer Simiramis sailed from Trieste on the 1st instant and is due here on the 15th instant The same Co's steamer Koerber sailed from Trieste on the 30th ultimo and is due here on the 15th instant.

The Ellerman Line steamer "City of Calcutta" homeward bound arrived at Suez on the evening of the 30th ultimo. The same Co's steamer "Trafford Hall" outward bound has passed Perim and is due to arrive here on the morning of the 8th instant about 10 a. m. The same Co's steamer "City of London" homeward bound arrived at Marseilles on the morning of the 1st instant. The same Co's steamer "City of Athens" outward bound left Birkenhead on the afternoon of the 29th ultimo.

DAILY EXPORTS.—DEC. 3.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—18 bales wool, E Sivji; 8 bales wool, E Mahomed; 660 cwts linseed cakes, S Pestonji and Co; 224 cwts linseed oilcakes, 32 cwts teelseed oil cakes, The New Mofussil Co.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Olympia s—25 balee cotton yarn, Greaves Cotton and Co.

FOR GLASGOW.

Olympia s—4,950 cwts massoor 6,000 cwts linseed 7,500 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros,

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia s—12,500 cwts linseed 2,000 cwts wheat 10,000 cwts teelseed 16,500 cwts casterseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR NEW YORK.

Olympia s—75 cwts gum olibanum, P Jethabhoy.

FOR LONDON.

Caledonia s—19 cwts cardamones, Baner and Krause.

FOR ANTWERP.

Egypt s—600 tons manganeseore. Kiddle Reeve and Co.

Culna s—2,306 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts linseed, K Devchand and Co; 2,560 cwts bone pieces, Croft Mody and Co.

Scharzfels s—6,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 550 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 110 bales cotton waste, W Wolf and Sons; 85 bales cotton fly, K Visram and Co; 150 bales hemp 50 bales cotton, waste 35 bales cotton, C Peraj and Co; 2,001 cwts jingillyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 110 bales cotton, The Bombay Co.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Scharzfels s—30 cwts appricot kernels. M H Dehdeshti.

FOR HULL.

Hidalgo s—4,000 cwts cottonseed, K Kassawji and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Strathavon s—1,999 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

Ostmark s—966 cotton, Ralli Bros; 55 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 210 cwts turmeric. M Jaferbhoy; 2,000 mowraseed, M Somji.

FOR BREMEN.

Ostmark s—115 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 330 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Habsburg s—165 bales cotton. N F C Corporation; 100 cwts gum olibanum, P Jethabhoy.

FOR VENICE.

Habsburg s—200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR SALONICA.

Habsburg s—200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.

Habsburg s—75 cwts gum olibanum, J Narbharam and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

China s—8,000 cwts bone meal R Kadarbhoy.

DAILY IMPORTS—DEC. 3

Steamer Olympia from Liverpool Agents—W and A Graham and Co : 2,306 cases 776 bales cotton goods, 21 bales 29 cases cotton and woollen goods, 14 cases cotton and silk goods, 130 cases 126 bales cotton yarn, 57 bales 7 cases woollen goods 3 cases silk goods, 3 cases silk artificial goods, 2 cases silk spun, 10 cases bacon and ham, 179 cases biscuits, 20 cases provisions, 37 cases confectionery, 85 bags starch, 57 casks caloride of zinc, 2 cases sulphates, of zinc, 140 drums sulphates of sodium, 7 casks sulphates of alluminium, 230 barrels coperas green. 350 drums disinfecting fluid, 40 cases bleaching powder, 164 bags 24 drums 14 casks chemicals. 5,900 casks cements, 20 cases 28 crates bricks, 11,550 pieces 91 casks tiles, 3 casks grease. 14 barrels tallow, 40 cases medicines, 49 casks glass plates, 370 crates bottles 7 cases lamps, 200 boxes glass sheets, 81 bundles buckets, 8 cases locks, 400 cases hitric acid, 100 cases hydrolic acid, 15 casks 10 kegs soda bai car, 4 cases 3 barrels lubricating oil, 5 casks red oil, 9 barrels 1 case 2 drums oil, 1 tin mineral oil, 22 cases 244 kegs 2, crates 140 drums paints, 2 cases jute, 5 cases flax, 8 cases 1 truss 1 bale canvas, 29 coils, 2 cases rope. 745 hogsheads, ale, 50 cases, rum, 140 cases, wine, 135 cases, spirit, 1735 1 hogheads, 13 casks, whisky, 1 case nails, 237 tons, pig iron, 7831 plates spelter or zinc, 51 cases cigaretts. 2 cases clocks, 101 casks gums, 19 cases umbrellas 329 bales paper, 132 bales printing paper, 3 cases skins, 158 cases 562 boxes 899 barrels soap, 800 bundles yellow metal sheets, 700 bundles copper squares, 28 bundles copper rods.

Steamer Barbarigo, from Venice. Agents Venice S. N. Co.—642 cases 76 bales cotton goods, 85 bales 1 case cotton yarn, 5 cases 2 bales woollen goods, 14 bales 3 cases silk waste, 880 cases 9 kegs aniline dye, 1013 pieces tiles, 70 cases 89 cases soap, 395 cases beads, 1 case paper, 600 bags almonds, 90 bags jingelli seeds, 149 bags grain, 114 bags 14 jottas gums, 650 bundles incense (dhup), 430 bags sulphur, 2 barrels wine, 26 bundles hides and skins.

A MODERN PORTIA.

At Burton-on-Trent County Court Mrs. H. E. Stevenson, the wife of an architect, asked the Judge if she could represent her husband, who was in court. His Honour said it was unusual, but he would allow her to act. At the outset, amid much amusement, she told her husband's opponent to put his papers aside and stand up. She cross-examined skilfully, but ultimately lost her case.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Olympia Picture Palace, Sandhurst-road. Excelsior Cinematograph, at 6-30, 8-30, and 10 p. m.
America-India Cinematograph, Charni-road.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

[In force from 1st September, 1913.]

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	17-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-45	13-30
Madras Mail	6-9	21-30
Poona Mail	11-10	14 45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)... ...	6-40	7-30
Poona Express ...	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express ...	11-30	14-25
Postal Express for Punjab.		*
do, do, for Calcutta.		*
do, do, for Madras ..		*

* Four hours after Mail steamer signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. Railway

[In force from 1st December 1913.]

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express ...	8-59	21-0
Gujarat Mail	7-45	21-30
Third class Kathiawar Express & Delhi Fast Passenger 1st, 2nd and 3rd ...	6-55	21-45

MUSIC AT THE PRINCESS MARY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel T. W. Bonner, V. D., and officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p. m. to-day :—

March ... , Alte Kameraden ... ...Teike
Overture .. Crown Diamond ....Auber
Valse .....Songe d'Automne ..Joyce
Selection ...San Toy .....S. Jones
Song (Cornet Solo) .Violets ....Ellen Wright
Selection ...The Sunshine Girl ...Rubens
Descriptive..Husarenritt .....Spindler

A BABY SHOW.

NOVEL ENTERTAINMENT AT ST. MARY'S.

An interesting item in the programme of the Fancy Fair, arranged in aid of the New Foundling Home, was a baby show which was held yesterday evening in St. Mary's School grounds. The show was the first of its kind held in Bombay, and attracted a large gathering.

The competition was open to all children of two years and under and attracted seventy-eight entries of European, Anglo-Indian, Hindu and Mohamedan children.

The judges were Dr. Miss Benson, Mrs. Jennings, and Mrs. Liston.

The prizes included two kindergarten chairs, a push cart, a large doll's perambulator and three plaques which were the gift of the Anglo-Swiss and Nestle Milk Food Company.

After the "judging" had begun it was found that the number of babies exhibited was greater than anticipated and the prizes had to be increased. The firm added to the list a number of fancy boxes of Kohler's chocolates.

The following won the prizes :—

First prize :—Dephne Otto (aged 1 yr. 3-4 months).

Second prize :—Arthur Dubar Brown (9 months).

Third prize :—Marjory Ratcliffe (2 months).

Fourth prize :—Lenoth W. Macdonald (4 months).

Three babies who are "bracketed," and who won the plaques, were Frank Bonnici (6 months); Gladys Broadbent (1 yr. 2 months); and Irene Myers (1 yr. 1 month).

A special consolation prize of a plush glove box with chocolates was awarded to Owen Perreira, aged 1 yr. and 5 months.

Consolation prizes of chocolate boxes were awarded to the following :—George Hildreth ; Mrs. Shirazee's baby ; Kumar Krishnaram ; William Harrison ; Freddy Power ; Beryl Mary Raisini ; Dennis McCarthy ; Baby Elton and Godfrey Greengrass.

A feature of the Fancy Bazaar this evening will be a boxing contest which is to begin at 9 o'clock. Boxing exhibitions and sword swinging are also to be shown.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Meantime. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

HIGH WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.	
	December	h.	m.	ft.	in.
Thurs ...	4	m 3	26	26	10
		3	31 a	28	8
Fri	5	m 4	8	25	1
		4	40 a	23	3
Sat	6	m 4	53	25	6
		6	10 a	23	3
Sun	7	m 5	43	25	2
		7	31 a	23	10

LOW WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.	
	December	h.	m.	ft.	in.
Thurs ...	4	m 10	4	20	3
			8 50 a	19	8
Fri	5	m 11	46	20	2
			9 49 a	20	9
Sat	6	m 0	20 a	19	10
		11	20 a	21	5
Sun	7	m 1	7 a	19	3

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week :—

Dec.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
4 (Thursday)	do 6h. 57m.	do 6h. 0m.
5 (Friday)	do 6h. 58m.	do 6h. 1m.
6 (Saturday)	do 6h. 58m.	do 6h. 1m.
7 (Sunday)	do 6h. 59m.	do 6h. 1m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—First Quarter, Dec. 5th, 8h. 28-7m. p.m. ; Full Moon, 13th 8h. 30 3m. p.m. ; Last Quarter, 20th, 9h. 45-6m p.m. ; New Moon, 27th, 8h. 28-7m. p.m.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

FORGERY CASE FROM THE KANARA DISTRICT.

AN UNSUCCESSFUL APPEAL.

At the High Court yesterday, Mr. Justice Heaton and Mr. Justice Shah disposed of a rule obtained by Mahalopa Krishna Shetti and another, who were ordered to be prosecuted by the Subordinate Judge of Ankola, in the Kanara District, on a charge of possessing and making use of a forged document.

Mr. Shortt, instructed by Mr. P. M. Vinekar appeared for the applicants while the Government pleader and Mr. Nilkant Atmaram represented the opponents.

The facts of the case were that the applicants were the defendants in a suit filed by Padmanab Govind Prabhu for the recovery of money on promissory notes executed by the applicants. The applicants alleged that they had paid the amount and produced a receipt. The Sub-judge of Ankola, who heard the suit, held that the amount was not paid, that the receipt was false, and sanctioned their prosecution. They therefore approached the High Court in its Revisional Jurisdiction and prayed that the order should be set aside. They stated that the sanction for prosecution was granted without the recording of evidence showing that the document was forged.

After hearing counsel their lordships discharged the rule.

POLICE COURT.

STORY OF A RING.

At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Frank Oliveira, Third Presidency Magistrate, Anton John Lobo, an Indian Christian, was charged with house-breaking and theft of a ring, watches, and wearing apparel, the property of Mr. E. J. Sawyer, living at Apollo Bunder.

The complainant stated that during his short absence in Poona his house was broken into and the articles mentioned stolen. Some time afterwards, a Multani hawker offered the stolen ring for sale to Mr. Sawyer, and on being questioned as to how the article came into his possession, mentioned the accused as the man from whom he had bought it. The accused was arrested at Parel, and it is alleged that property valued at about Rs. 200 was recovered from him.

The case was adjourned to enable the police to make further enquiries.

CAUSE LIST.—DEC. 4.

Before the Ho'ble The Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor.

Appeal for hearing and final disposal.

31-13,636-11—Madh K and C, Chaginlal Balkissoodas vs Jainarayan Kanayalal, a firm, Malvi H M and R

45-13, 563-13—Little and Co, Narandas Canji a firm vs Devji Khetsey Jetha and anr Ard H D and Co

Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinsha D. Davar For Examination.

In Re Ind Comp Act of 1882 and Re Indian Specie Bank Ltd.

In Re Ind Coys Act of 1882 and In Re Credit Bank of India Ltd vs D R Cama and another, Patell.

1245-12—Mulji, Nana Yesso Padwan vs Sitabai, Dastur.

223-06—Payne, The Advocate General of Bombay vs Moosa Haji Hasam, Raghav aya.

332-13—C P D'Cunha, Krishna Ramji vs Essaji Moosaji, Jehangir and S

342-13—Nadirsha and D, Ahmedbhoy Habibhoy vs Rahim Josub, Shroff D and D.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Short Causes.

911-13—Payne, Tullockchand and Shapurji vs Doolichand Harsukhdas, Captain.

932-13—Pestonji, Warden and Co vs Suleman Jaffer Mistry, Payne.

Long Causes.

736-13—Patell and Eze R D Sethna vs. Wamon Balaji Johangir G B.

971-12—Nadirsha and D Dadabhai Framji vs. Jamsetji Framji K and others. Pestonji R K Co Bhimji and Co ; Jehangir M and S.

147-12—Madhowji K and Co Deoji Kanji vs Morarji Chaturbhuj. Patell and E.

791-13—Kanga and S Hasonali Moledina vs B N Lang and others.

109-13—Motichand and D Mancherji Byramji vs Limji Banaji Nowroji, Pestonji R K and Co.

277-13—Motichand and D Hakinabai and others vs Noorbhoy Abdool Husein and others. Payne and Co.

125-06—Nanu N and Co Mulji Nandas vs Lalji Amersey. Little and Co ; Nanu and Co.

806-13—Crawford B and Co John Martin vs Charles Nersy Rogers. Ardeshir H D and Co.

1015-13—Jamshedji—Ahmed Hajam Hoosein Mansur vs Mogul Hyderally Goolam Hoosein—D. J. Mantri.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Short Cause.

761-13—Jamshedji, S R Bomanji vs Joharmal Mulchand, Madhowji.

Long Causes.

562-12—Payne, S R Bomanjee vs Joharmal Mulchand, Madhowji.

810-11—Shroff Nandibai vs Vasanji Haridas Mansukhlal.

1280-12—Dikshit, Khanderao Nana Moroba vs Vasantrao Nana Moroba, Daphtary.

150-12—Sabins and G. Krishnabai Mahadev Mohite and ors. vs. Ganpat Mahadev Meshite T. and ors. Shamrao M. and H.

77-13—Daph F. and D. Venubai Widow and ors. vs. Narayen Ganpatrao and ors. Tyabji D and Co.

355-11—Payne and Co, The Advocate General of Bombay vs Mirza Mahomed Shirazi, Shroff D and D

312-13—Motichand and D, Nemchand Nathobhai vs Dayabhai Mancharam, Ardeshir H D and Co, Patell and E

441-09—Little and Co, Mahiradas Gopaldas vs Jeheram Gird andas, Jamshedji R and D.

486-13—Wadia G and Co, Purka Dolla and Co vs Gulam Husein Abdullali and others, Patel Ezika.

498-13—Diksit and P Mangaldas Ranchordas and others vs Manek Ghellabhai, Maneklal and Tyabji.

390-13—Little and Co, Messrs Weld and Co vs Girdharilal Narayendas Tyabji and Co.

1223-12—D G Mantri Moreshwar Narayen vs Gajanan Narayen Little and Co.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders By The Hon. Colonel R. W. L. Dunlop, C. I. E., V. D., Commanding.

Bombay, 4th December, 1913.

1314. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class Firing as follows:— Members firing parts I and II must bring their bayonets.

"A" Company on 7th instant.

1315. Meeting—There will be a General Meeting of the members of Sergts. Mess at Head-Quarters, Council Road, on Monday the 8th instant at 6-30 p. m.

All members are requested to be present

1316 Proficiency Class—A Proficiency Class will commence shortly Those wishing to appear this season should submit their names to the Adjutant as early as possible.

1317 Camp of Instruction—It is notified for information that the Annual Training Camp will be held at Santa Cruz from 31st January to 7th February, 1914.

1318 Indo-Transvaal Competition. The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for practice for the Indo-Transvaal Competition on Saturday the 6th and Monday the 8th instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a.m

(8d.) F. H. JAMES, Capt.
Adjutant, B.V.R.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieut.-Col. Sir Henry Procter, A.D.C., Commanding.

Bombay, 4th December, 1913.

1 Orderly N C Officer for the week—Corporal J R Webster.

2 Riding School daily for Recruits and members of the Corps from 7-5 a.m.

Dress—Mufti.

3 The Range at Santa Cruz is allotted to "A" Troop for Class Firing this week end. Train leaves Church Gate Station on Saturday afternoon at 3-10 p m on Sunday morning 7-5 a. m.

(8d.) D. W. WILSON, Lieut.,
Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY

Regimental Orders by Lieut.-Col the Hon. A. Hill Trevor Commanding,

Bombay, 3rd December, 1913.

312 Parade—Saturday 6th December 1913; Nos 1 and 2 Companies Gun Drill and Instruction in D R F and Passing in test for Gun Layers at Colaba, North Battery.

Parade at Colaba Station at 5-5 p m

Cyclists will proceed direct to Battery

Dress—Khaki and Caps.

313 General Meeting—Monday 8th Dec 1913 There will be a General Meeting of the Corps at Head Quarters at 7 p m.

All Members are kindly requested to attend

(8d). E. P. CUDLIP, Captain R.A., Adjutant, B. V. A.

ARRIVALS.

PER S. S. "SALSETTE," DEC. 3.

The P. and O. Co's s. s. "Salsette," with the outward mails of Nov. 21 left Aden at 8 a. m. on Monday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 8 a. m. to-morrow, and brings the following passengers.

Apcar, Mr A and Nurse	Moss, Mr W
Campbell, Miss L	Maynard, Mr R de K
Gordon, Mr C H	Brock, Miss C M
Gordon, Mrs	Maddock, Miss G
Holman, Mr W	Piree, Miss
Kohn, Miss G	Row, Mrs E
Lorimer, Mr N W	Rutter, Mr T
Mitchell, Capt A and Mrs	Snowdon, Mrs
Mrs Warner's Maid	Townend, Mr H W
	Walker, Mr T D

MARSEILLES TO BOMBAY.

Abdul Hamid, Mr	Munn, Mr H R D
Angelo, Mr W	Mackertich, Mr A S
Butler, Mr C J	Mitchell, Miss
Bryant, Mr J M	Nissim, Mr M and Mrs
Barry, Mr K A W	Pickford, Mr H A and Mrs
Blake, Mr R	Prentice, Mr J
Bamfield, Miss M C	Playfair, Dr J
Carr-Hall, Maj R E and Mrs	Phillips, Lt Col H de T
Comber, Mr E	Suliman, Mr
Cartwright, Mr C L	Sneyd, Mr R F
Clemence, Mr W	Schmidt, Mr H C
Carruthers, Mr E M	Smart, Mr G R
Coggan, Mr R D	Slaler, Mrs
Denne, Mr G F A	Spearman, Mr
da Silva, Dr P D	Tannahill, Col J
Franks, Capt N and Mrs	Thompson, Capt F G and Mrs
Hogarth, Mr W H	Wallace, Mr T
H H Agakhan,	and Mrs
Hood, Mr T C	Warner, Mr H W and Mrs
Hopkinson, Mr John, Sir E	Webb, Mr G A
Kettlewell, Mrs A B	Walker, Sir J and Lady
Kerr, Mr P H	Williamson, Mr
Laurie, Mr D U	
Love, Mrs and Miss	

BRINDISI TO BOMBAY.

Cotes, Mr E	Orr, Mr W O
Cameron, Mr A P	Robertson, Mr L
Dovey, Mr A G	Witall, Mr W
Inverarity, Mr I D	

PORT SAID TO BOMBAY.

Prince Charanjeet Singh of Kapurthala	Sahagneki, Mr S

LONDON TO KARACHI.

McKinnon, Mr W N

MARSEILLES TO KARACHI.

Duff, Lt Col G M	Walker, Mr F W
Ward, Maj E L	and Mrs

YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other," would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper and thousands (Home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by chemists stores, grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-Street, London Established over 35 years.

CHARLES I. STATUE AND ITS STORY.

WILL CHARING CROSS LOSE ITS FAMOUS RELIC?

ROMANCE OF HISTORY.

Captain Jessel says that the statue of King Charles I. at Charing Cross obstructs the roadway and interferes with traffic, and that when the Charing Cross to the Mall improvement is completed its position will be still more open to objection.

Mr. William Woodward, A.R.I.B.A., in the *Observer* suggests a new position, and Mrs. Leslie Moir, honorary secretary of the Forget-me-not Royalist Club, fears its removal to an unsuitable place. Those fears, however, seem to have more relation to her extreme form of Royalism than to the actual merits of the case.

I am no advocate, says a correspondent writing in the *Pall Mall Gazette*, for the influence of the dead hand in art, and I recognise that the claims of the present must always be paramount, but it is so easy to do things and deplore them afterwards that I want to remind London of four things of importance in connection with the statue :-

1. It is incomparably the finest outdoor statue in London.
2. It is (with a trifling exception) exactly as it was created.
3. It marks the site of the original Charing Cross.
4. It marks the spot where the regicides were executed.

On these artistic and historic grounds every consideration should be given before steps are taken which may injure the monument and destroy the historic significance of the site. In support of this claim and of the appeal for reflection, Mr. Wilfrid Whitten ("A Londoner's London") may be quoted :—

The old cross (i.e., the Eleanor Cross) stood on the ground now occupied by the equestrian statue of Charles I. This was the first equestrian statue ever seen in England. Cast in 1633 from the design of Hubert le Sœur, it was buried during the Revolution, to be re-erected here in 1674. The King's original sword and straps have had to be replaced. On the night of April 13, 1810, these accoutrements fell from the statue. They are said to have been picked up. . . . and were then replaced. Finally they were stolen from the statue. . . .

It has been stated that Le Sœur blew out his brains on discovering that, with all his striving after a masterpiece, he had forgotten to give the King's horse a saddle-girth. Believing the story, Londoners do not perceive that the saddle-girth is there.

SCENE OF EXECUTIONS.

I quote next from Augustus J. C. Hare ("Walks in London") :—

The site of the cross (i. e., the Eleanor Cross from which Charing Cross takes its name) was the spot chosen in 1660 for the execution of the Regicides. Hither (October 13) Major-General Thomas Harrison was brought to the gallows in a sledge, "with a sweet smiling countenance," saying that he was going to suffer "for the most glorious cause that ever was in world," (and so on). . . . Three days after, Hugh Peters . . . with Cook, the Republican counsel, suffered on the same spot, and afterwards eight others of the regicides. Here, where his murderers had perished, the statue of Charles I, the noblest statue in London, was set up in 1674.

The figure of the King is what it professes to be—*Royal*; and gains by being attired, not in the conventional Roman costume but in a dress such as he wore, and by being seated on a saddle such as he used. It is the work (1633) of Hubert le Sœur, a pupil of John of Bologna, and was originally ordered by the Lord Treasurer Weston for his gardens at Roehampton. By the terms of the commission, it was to be of brass, a foot larger than life, and the sculptor was to "take advise of his Majesty's (Charles I.) rider of greate horses, as well for the shape of the horse and action as for the graceful shape and action of his Majesty's figure on the same." Walpole relates that it was sold by the Parliament to one John Rivet, a brazier, living in the Dial near Holborn Conduit, with strict orders to break it to pieces. Instead of doing this he concealed it in the vaults under the Church of St. Paul, Covent Garden.

At the Restoration the statue was mounted upon its present beautiful pedestal (unspoilt by restoration), which, since Temple Bar has been destroyed, is, perhaps, the only remaining specimen in London of the workmanship of Joshua Marshall, Master Mason to the Crown. The metal round the left forefoot of the horse bears the inscription :

HVBER(T) LE SVEVR (FE)CIT, 1633.

Mr. W. H. Godfrey, one of the greatest living authorities on the artistic and architectural beauties of London, says of this statue (in his "A History of Architecture in London") :—

A notable statue of Charles I, by a Frenchman, Le Sueur, at Charing Cross, is a charming contribution of the period to the adornment of our London streets.

THE 17th-CENTURY DIARIST.

Finally, I quote from Evelyn's "Diary." Under date of October, 1660, there appear these entries:—

October 11.—The regicides who sat on the life of our late King, were brought to trial in the Old Bailey before a Commission of Oyer and Terminer.

14.—Axtall, Carew, Clement, Hacker, Tewson, and Peters, were executed.

17.—Scob, Scroop, Cook, and Jones suffered for reward of their iniquities at Charing Cross, in sight of the place where they put to death their natural prince, and in the presence of the King, his son, whom they also sought to kill. I saw not their execution, but met their quarters, mangled and cut and reeking, as they were brought from the gallows in baskets on the hurdle.

I do not believe that Londoners know how history is thus illustrated in the exact spot on which the statue stands. Its great artistic worth and beauty they can see for themselves if they will spare a moment to compare it with that, say, of the Duke of Cambridge in Whitehall. That beauty may survive its removal unimpaired, or it may not. But if it is moved, then there is nothing to mark the site where Edward I placed the cross in memory of his devoted Queen, and the essential historical connection between the place where the judges of Charles were executed and his memorial was at the Restoration put up, will be lost for ever.

These facts call for greater thought in settlement than we are accustomed to in such matters, and every other alteration should be exhausted before risk of injury to this work of art is incurred and its historical significance destroyed.

Dr. J. De R. FRANKEL

M. D. & S. R. U. of P.

(lately arrived from Europe),

HAS the honour to inform the Bombay residents that he has OPENED a SURGERY. He is specialised in Gynæcology, Skin, Specific and Secret Diseases.

He is an able Gynæcological Surgeon; and has brought the very latest remedies dictated by the most prominent professors of Europe.

CONSULTATIONS 9 A.M. to 12 A.M. and 3 P.M. to 6 P.M. each day at his address,

WATERLOO MANSIONS,

MAYO-ROAD, 2nd Floor.

Even an indifferent cook

can make good bread and light pastry with Brown & Polson's "Paisley Flour." It is very simple to use, wonderfully quick and very economical. Bread, cakes, and pastry will be more delicious and more *digestible* if you use

"PAISLEY (Trade Mark) FLOUR"

The SURE raising powder.

A line to MACKENZIE, LYALL & Co., Lyon's Range, Calcutta, will bring you a free copy of the Brown & Polson Book of 73 Recipes.

NEW LIFE FOR WEAK PEOPLE.

PROF. JAMES' ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS.

POSITIVELY CURE

All Nervous Diseases, Sleeplessness, Failing Memory, &c., and restore Brain Fag, Incapacity for Study or Business, General Debility, Prem

MARKET REPORT.

REUTER'S COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, Dec. 2 BOMBAY, Dec. 3.

FINANCIAL.

	Asked.	Bid.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	73 1-8	1-16	
2½ per ct. Rentes	81		1-4
3½ per ct. Sterling Loans	86 1-2		1
do. do. Gov. Securities	83 5-8		1-8
Bar Silver in London Spot	23 1-2	9-16	
do. 2 months' hence	23 5-8	7-8	
Bar Silver in New York	57 3-4	1 1-4	
Exchange on London at Paris	25.23 1-2	un	chgd
do. at Berlin	20.39		1-2
do. do. New York	4.85 1-4	1-4	
Discount Bank of England Rate	5		since
do Short London Bills	2nd Oct.		
3 months' sight	4 1-4	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight	4 7-16	un	chgd
do. 3 months' fine Trade Bills	5 1-8		1-4
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	5 1-8		1-4
Interest day-to-day Loans	4 3-8	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans	4 1-2	un	chgd

Bar Gold ...77·9 unchgd.

Exchange on India 30 days sight (Bank buying rate) is. 3 7-32. unchanged.

Closing tone of silver—Rise caused by bear covering.

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £ 100,000.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Steady—Good business done
Futures	... Steady
Manchester	... Steadier
Total Sales	... 15,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	... 2,500
Imports	... 51,000
Mid-Americans	...7·32+·05
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	... 10·10 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb	Feb.-Mar.
7·04 +02	7·04 +02	7·04 +02
Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June
7 05 +02	7 05 +03	7 05 +01
June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
7·02 +01	6 99 +01	6·84 +01	6·59 +01

NEW YORK—

New York 11 a.m., Mar. 13·23 May 13·14.

New York official noon call Mar. 13·20 May 13·12.

New Orleans 10 a.m. Mar. 13·41 May 13·48.

	Bales.
Days' Receipts at U.S. Ports. ...	83,000 a
Receipts at U. S. last year...	104,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	.....
Exports to Continent ...	10,000
Spot Cotton	13·50 unchgd
Futures—month of Mar.	13·15+03
Futures—month of May.	13·09+06

a (Mutilated).

Advanced early on bullish private crop reports and declined later owing to unfavorable cotton goods situation.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	13 3-16+1-8
Futures month of Mar.	..13·37+08
Futures month of May.	... 13·44+08
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Steady

Liverpool, Dec. 2.

Twist Cambrics and Shirtings—	Very flat—Very little doing
Dyed Clothe	Quiet—Nothing much doing
Weft American "34"	... 12
Weft Egyptian "30"	... 18 3-8
Tone—Yarn—Market	.. Quiet
Weft Egyptian "32"	... 13
Twist "32" W F G	... 10 1-2
Twist "32" B	... 10 5-8
Cloth Gunni's 20 36inch	... 13 7 1-2
Twist "36" W T G	... 10 3-4
Twist "36" B	... 10 7-8
Twist "42"	... 11 7-8
Twist American "60"	... 16 1-2
Twist Egyptian "60"	... 17 1-2
Twist Egyptian "80"	... 21 1-2
Grey shirtings 39 in. by 37 1-2	
88 yds 16 by 12 8 lbs Red Heading	7 8 1-2
" " 44 in. by 39 yds 14 by 13 lbs	... 8 5
White Nainsooks 28 in. by 18 yds 16 by 13 to 16-15 Range	... 3 1
" Mull 28 in. by 18 yds 14 by 12 Green Ends	... 2 2 1-2
White Shirtings 32-35 in. by 42 yds Lipmans No. 1500	...Not quoted
40s Banner Mill Twist	... 11 1-4
40s Mayall's Yarn	... 11 1-8
F. G. F. Tinnevelly C. I. F. Liverpool	... 6 3-8
Buyers or Sellers	... Nominal
Months	... Dec.-Jan.
Water Twist American 30s.	10 3-4
" " " 40s.	12
Mule " " 40s.	11 3-8
" " " 50s.	13
" " " 60s.	15 3-8
" " Egyptian 40s.	17 1-8
" " " 50s.	17 5-8
" " 60	18 5-8

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal M. G.	... d 5 13-16
F. G. Bengal M. G.	... d 5 15-16
Fine Bengal M. G.	... d 6 1-16
Good Bhownagger	... d 6 5-16
F. G. Bhownagger	... d 6 7-16
Fine Bhownagger	... d 6 9-16
Fine M. G. Bhownagger	... d 6 9-16
Good Oomras M. G.	... d 6 7-16
F. G. Oomras M. G.	... d 6 1-2
Fine Oomras M. G.	... d 6 5-8
Good . G. Oomras	... d 6 3-8
Fine . G. Oomras	... d 6 5-8
Good Broach ...	... d 6 15-16
F. G. Broach ...	... d 8 27-32
Fine Broach ...	... d 7
Good Khandeish ...	... d 6 1-4
F. G. Khandeish ...	... d 6 3-8

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi	... ... "
Wheat White Karachi	...37 —3-4
Do. Months	..Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports	—London—Nomi.
Wheat Red Karachi	... Nominal
Do. Months	... do
Do. Name of Ports—	... do
Tone—Dull.	

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.

Rosario Santa Fe	...No sellers
Barletta Russo	...No sellers

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT.

South Australian	... 35 3-4
	Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

LINSEED—

Bombay per 415 lbs ex-ship	4 1-2—1-4
Do. Months—	...Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports	—Antwerp—Sellers
Tone—Quiet	

LINSEED—

Bombay per 415 lbs ex-ship	4 1-2—1-4
Do. Months—	...Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports	—Antwerp—Sellers
Tone—Dull.	
Linseed Calcutta	... 45 4 1-2
Do. Months	... Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports	—London—Sellers—Steady—Business done
Linseed Argentine	—La Plata ..43 unchgd
Do. Months—	..Dec.-Jan
Do. Name of Ports	—Hamburg—Nearest —Value—Dull

COTTONSEED—

Bombay Cottonseed Market... £6-14-0—63. Dec.-Jan.—Hull—Done—Quiet

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) ...	9 3-4 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber	..3 0 3-4
Dec.-Jan.—	Done and sellers—Quiet.

METALS—

Standard Copper G M B	...£65 3-4+3-8
Copper Braziers	...£81—1-8
Yellow Metal	...17 unchgd

FREIGHTS—

Calls :—Cardiff to Bombay—12s.—Value

ARRIVALS—

"Schwarzenfels"

SUGAR—

German granulated sugar O & F India double bags.	12 9+3-4
Do. Months of Shipments	...Jan.-Mar.—Sellers

Tone—Steady—Very little doing

Hungarian Crystal Sugar O & F India	...12+3-4d
Do. Months of Shipments	Jan.-Mar.—Nearest value

Tone—Very quiet

German Beet-root 88 p.c.	...9 2 3-4—1-4d.
Months of Shipments	..Dec.—Sellers.
	9 8—1-4+1-4d—May Sellers

Tone—Open steady—Closed quiet

BAR & Similar Crystals

C & F India	...13 7 1-2—3-4d
Months of Shipments	...Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.

Tone—Little doing

Mauritius Crystal C and F Calcutta	... 11 3 unchgd
C and F Bombay	... 11 1 1-2 unchgd
Month of Shipments	—Dec.—Value
Java Sugar	—Very quiet unchanged

BOMBAY MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY EVENING. Dec. 3rd 1913.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
5 Bundles	Rs. 10,000	Lingra	National Bank
30 Bundles	75,263	Basrah	H'Kong Bank
Rupees Sovns	28,500	do	Comptoir National

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 1st Dec. 1913.

By	Rs.	Ounces.
G. I. Railway	89	196,858
B. B. and C. I. Ry	52	60,314

FINANCIAL.

MONEY:—

Bank of Bengal rate since 13th Nov.	7 p.c	
Bank of Bombay	31st Oct.	5 "
Bank of Madras	1st Oct	6 "

EXCHANGE—

The market opened steady and unchanged. There has been little business doing.

We quote—

T T on London Ready	...1 4 1-16
Demand draft M 4	...1 4 3-32 1
Credit 3 months sight	...1 4 11-32d
Do Forward	15 4 5-16 Feb
Do Francs Ready	...71 3-4
Do Marks "	...13 3-4
Hongkong 60 day's sight	...1 3-4
Shanghai "	...1 3 1-4
Japan "	...148

GOVERNMENT PAPER—

The market opened at 95 1-4 for Cash and the Settlement, and has kept steady throughout the day closing unchanged. A small business is reported.

BULLION—

Bar Silver in London was 9-16 higher for ready at 26 1-2 and 7-16 higher for forward at 26 5-8 The local market opened at 67 1-4 ex-duty for the first settlement and after declining 1-8 closes rather steadier as under.

We quote:—

English Bar Gold	...	Rs. 24	0 6
Australian Gold	...	" 24	0 0
Sovereigns Gold	...	" 15	0 0
Silver (ex duty)			
Ready	...	" 67	3 0
1st Settlement	...	" 67	2 0
2nd Settlement	...	" 66	13 0
Silver (cum duty)			
Ready	...	" 76	9 0
1st Settlement	...	" 76	9 0
2nd Settlement	...	" 76	3 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

The following are the latest telegrams to hand:—

WELD AND Co. Liverpool.—"Market advanced on improved spot demand and spinners calling cotton. No hedge selling. Market has a good undertone and is ready to advance on any favourable news." New York: "Featureless market. At the close some selling on rumours of larger ginning figures. Our opinion of the market is unchanged."

GRUNING AND Co.—"The South is offering very little. Improved demand on the spot gives tone to the market. Advanced owing to nervousness of parties who are short."

The local market opened steady with good Broach quoted Rs. 312. Shippers have been in the market as sellers of December and January delivery. At Colaba rates were steadier for Bengals and Broach but there was little business doing. Prices close as under.

For ready cotton there has been a moderate demand.

QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.

		Rs.	
Fine M. G. Broach	...	327	Mar.
Good do do	...	313½	"
Fine M. G. Wardha Hingangnat	...	293	Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur	...	288	"
" " Yeotmal	...	285	"
" " Dhamangaon P.	...	282	"
" " Khamgaon Akola	...	274-5	"
" " Amraoti	...	278	"
" " Khandeish	...	251	"
F. G. " Khandeish	...	244	"
Fine " Muthia	...	251	"
" " Bengal	...	234	Dec.
" " do	...	237	Jan.
F. G. Benga	...	233	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER—

Opening Tone	... Quiet
Estimated Sales	... 10,000
Total Imports	... 39,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
7·00 —04	7·00 —04	7·00 —04
March-April	April-May	May-June
7 02 —03	7 02 —03	7 02 —03
June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.
6·99 —03	6·96 —03	6·82 —02

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—

The market is quiet. We quote:—

Ready	... Rs 7	8 0 R. T.
December	... " 8	2 0 R. T.
May 1914	... " 8	14 0 "

RAPESEED:—

The market is quiet. We quote:—

Brown Delhi May	Rs. 8	15 6 R.T.
Brown Cawnpore	" 7	12 0 R.T.
Yellow Cawnpore	" 9	0 0 "

GINGELLYSEED:—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

Bold White 85p.c.	Rs. 58	0 0
Black Kutni	...Rs. 48	8 0 Jan.-Feb.
Y. Hinguughat	...Rs. 62	0 0 F M

POPPYSEED:—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

Ready	... Rs. 10	12 0 B.T.

CASTORSEED:—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

Ready	... Rs. 34	8 0

COTTONSEED:—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

Ready	... Rs. 25	0 0

GROUNDNUTS:—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

New Crop Bold	... 49	0 0
" Small	Rs. 49	0 0

OWRASEED—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

Ready	... Rs. 8	6 0 B.T.

WHEAT:—

The market is quiet but steady. We quote:—

White Pussi 85 p.c ready	Rs. 5	9 0 R.T.
White Delhi May 1914	5	13 6 R.T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	...	1,655
Bank of India	...	58 1-2
Eastern Bank	...	69

MILLS.

David	...	410
Fazulbhai	...	392 1-2
Kohinoor	...	697 1-2
New Great Eastern	...	185
Standard	...	1,025
Sun Mill	...	90

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. O. Ord	...	194
Bombay E. S. & T. O. Pre	...	170
Bombay S N Ord	..	230
Colaba Land and Mill	...	1340
Shivrajpur M. Syndicate	...	21
Treacher and Co.	...	490

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley	...	570

TWO DAYS' RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 48 hours ending at 6 p.m. yesterday:—

Cotton	...	24,831 bales.
Wheat	...	18,717 cwts.
Linseed	...	6,055 "
Rapeseed	...	389 "
Gingellyseed	...	37,373 "
Poppyseed	...	48 "
Groundnuts	...	12,580 "
Castorseed	...	6,591 "
Rice	...	95,957 "
Myrabolams	...	1,253 "
Cottonseed	...	32,319 "
Mowraseed	...	3,439 "
Gram	...	2,044 "
Jowar	...	11,348 "
Maize	...	397 "
Barley	...	620 "

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports.	82,000 "
Exports to Great Britain ...	..... "
Exports to Continent ...	10,000 "
Spot Cotton at New York ...	13·50
Future Cotton at New York March ...	13·15+3
Future Cotton at New York May ...	13·09+6
Spot closing tone ...	Steady
Futures closing tone ...	do

General Tone market opened:—Steady and early advanced on ball support and short covering, later declined on bear pressure.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 2.

Spot Cotton at New Orleans	13 3-16+1-8
Future Cotton at New Orleans—March ...	... 13·37+8
Future Cotton at New Orleans—May ...	... 13·44+8
Future closing tone.—	... Steady

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 2.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market opened for spot.—Steady and closed Steady

The Liverpool market closed for futures—Quiet.

The Liverpool market closed for East Indians. Quiet.

Total Day's Sales ...	...	15,000 bales.
Sales on Spec and export	...	2,500 "
Total Sales of Surats	...	.....
Total Day's Imports	...	51,000 "
Cocanada Fair Red—Ldn. C. I. F.	...	5 1-2
Cocanada Ginned—London C. I. F.	...	.....
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown	...	10·10
Good Bhownaggar	...	6 1-4d.
Good Bengal	...	5 3-4d.
F. G. Bengal	...	5 7-8d
Fine Bengal	...	6 d.
Good Madras Westerns Ldn	...	6 3-32d
F. G. F. Tinnevelly L'pool C. I. F.	...	...6 3-8d. Sellers
Geo. Mayalls Yarns	...	11 1-4
40's ule Twist (Bannermills)	...	11 3-8
Weft 54 American	...	12 1-4
Weft 80 Egyptian	...	18 1-2
Weft 32's	...	13 1-4
Twist 36	...	11 3-16
Twist 42	...	12 1-4
Twist American 60	...	16 13-16
Twist Egyptian 60	...	17 1-2
Twist Egyptian 80	...	21 1-2
Tone of Fine Yarns—	...	Steady
Tone of Coarse Yarns—		do
General Tone of Yarn Market—		do
Mid American at Liverpool	...	7·32+5

Cotton delivery mid uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

Dec.-Jan.	...	7·04
Jan.-Feb.	...	7·04
Feb.-March	...	7·04
Mar.-April	...	7·05
April-May	...	7·05
May.-June	...	7·05
June.-July	...	7·02
July.-August	...	6·99
Aug.-Sep.	...	6·84

MANCHESTER, Dec. 2.

Manchester Piece Goods Market:—Quiet—There is small enquiry for Fancies.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (per 410 lbs). Dec-Jan—London— 45 Done

Linseed, Bombay exship (per 416 lbs) ...Dec.-Jan.—Hamburg—46 6 "

Linseed, La Plata ...Dec.-Jan. Hamburg—43 Sellers

Linseed, Tone of Market at Close— Quiet

Linseed Tendency of the Market— do

Linseed Oil Spot Pipes... Dec. £23-17-6

Linseed Oil Spot Pipes...Jan.-Feb. £23-17-6

Linseed Tone of Market at Close—Steady

Linseed Total afloat for U. K. .....

Linseed River Plate exports... .....

Poppyseed. Canal... Dec.-Jan. Dunkirk—63 6 Sellers

Poppyseed Tone of Market at Close— .....

Rapeseed. Calcutta Brown Canal. Dec.-Jan—Antwerp—48 "

Rapeseed. Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p. c. exship Dec-Jan.—Antwerp—52 9 "

Rapeseed. Yellow Guzerat per 416 lbs 85 p. c. exship Dec.-Jan.—Antwerp—53 6 "

Rapeseed. Ferozepore usual bold ... ...

Do. Jamba Red... ... .

Rapeseed. Tone of Market at Close— Steady

Cotton Seed Bombay Parcels Dec-Jan.—Hull—£6-15-0 "

Cotton Tone of Market at Close— Steady.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

WHEAT.

Wheat. Choice white Karachi Dec.-Jan.—London...37 9

Do. F A Q Red Karachi (per 492 lbs.) ...Dec.-Jan.—London... Nominal

Do. Club No. 2 Dec-Jan—London ... "

Do. Choice white Delhi Dec.-Jan—London .. "

Do. Tone of Market at Close Steady

Do. South Australian ... Jan.-Feb.—35 10 1-2

Do. Rosario Santa Fe, 62 lbs, Jan-Feb. No sellers

Do. do. Tone of Market at Close— .....

Do. Red Graded American per central Liverpool March— 7 1 1-4

Do. Afloat to U. K. ... .

Do. Stock at U. S. Ports ... .

Karachi Barley ...Aug.-Sept—London ... .

LONDON, Dec. 2.

SUGAR.

German Beetroot 88 p. c. F.O.B., Hamburg Dec. 9 3 1-4 Sellers

German Beetroot 88 p. c. F. O. B., Hamburg May 9 8 1-4 "

German Beetroot Closing Tone of Market ... ... Steady

German Granulated C. and F. Calcutta (double Bags). Dec.-Jan. ... ... 12 9 "

German Granulated C. and F. Calcutta (double bags). Dec— .....

German Closing Tone Market.. Quiet

Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. Calcutta...Jan.-Mar.—11 10 1-2 "

Austrian Closing Tone of Market ... ... Steady

Mauritius Crystals Dec.... 11 1 1-2

Mauritius Closing Tone of Market ... Quiet

E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. and E. Calcutta (double bags)—Jan.-Mar.—13 4 1-2

Do. Closing Tone of Market—Steady.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Value C.I.F. Calcutta Dec.11 3 "

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C.I.F. Calcutta Jan.-March 11 6 "

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi Dec.... 11 4 1-2 "

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi Jan.-March...11 7 1-2 "

Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta —Dec.... 12 3 "

Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta Jan.-March...12 6 "

Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi Dec. 12 4 1-2 "

Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom or Karachi Jan.-March....12 7 1-2 "

Closing Tone of Market ... Quiet and unchanged

Special Feature ... ... do

LONDON, Dec. 2.

METALS.

	£	s.	d.
Copper, Standard G M B	... 65	15	0
Copper Best English Selected	... 72	15	0
Copper Braziers	... 81	0	0
Copper Tone of Market	... Steady		
Hard Spelter	... 18	10	0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool	...182	0	0
Yellow Metal	... 6	15-16	
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 C, G O B l p. c. F O B L'pool	... 10	12	6
Basic Steel Bars, C I F Calcutta	... 5	5	0
Basic Steel Rods C I F Calcutta	... 5	15	0
Basic Steel Hoops C I F Calcutta	... 6	5	0
German Steel Sheets, F O B Antwerp	... 6	2	6
German Steel Plate F O B Antwerp	... 5	2	6
Belgium Iron Bar No 2	... 4	13	9
Tin Plates I. C. Coke 14 by 20 112 sheets in box c. i. f. Liverpool	... 0	14	6
Pig Iron, No 3 Cleveland	... 2	10	0
Pig Iron No. 3 Clarence F O B Middlesboro.	... 2	10	6
Pig Iron Gartsherrie	... 3	12	6
Lead Pig English	... 20	0	0
Tone of Steel Market	... Steady		

LONDON, Dec. 2.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot	... 26 1-2
Silver 2 months	... 25 5-8
" Closing Tone of market	Steady
" Tendency, etc., of the Market	... .
Rentes 3 per cent	... £ 86 1-4
Consols 2 1-2 per cent	... £ 73 1-8
Indian Stock 3 1-2 p. cent. Sterling loan	... £ 87 1-2
Govt Securities, 3 per cent	... £ 75 1-2
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent	... £ 63 3-4
Bar Gold per oz Sh	... 77·9
Opening Tone of Finance market	.....
Closing Tone of Finance market	.....
Bank of England Rate of Discount	... ... 5 p. c.
Exchange on India 30 Days Sight	... ... 1 3 7-8
London at Paris Fcs	... 25·29
Berlin cheques on London mks	20·49 1-2
New York (Demand Bills) Dols	4·85
Interest day to day loans	... 4 1-2
Interest 7 days market loans.	4 1-2
Discount Bank Bills 3 months Sight	... ... 4 3-4
Discount Bank Bills 6 months Sight	... ... 4 3-8
Fine Trade Bills 3 months	... 5 3-8
Fine Trade Bills 6 months	... 5 3-8

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 3.

OPENING COTTON.

Days Estimated Sale:	...10,000 bales.
Tone of Market	... Steady
Cotton Dely Mid Uplands G. C. Liverpool.	

Futures	Latest closing	To-day's opening.
Dec.-Jan.	7·04	7·00
Jan.-Feb.	7·04	7 00
Feb.-Mar.	7·04	7·09
Mar.-Apl	7·05	7·01
April-May	7·05	7·01
May.-June	7·05	7·01
June-July	7·02	6·98
July-Aug.	6·99	6·95
Aug.-Sept.	6·84	6·82

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, December 1.

The Weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury:—

Amount Estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1913-14	...£ 21,650,000
Remitted from 1st April, 1913 to 29th Nov. 1913, by Council Bills ...	...£ 17,060,635
Balance to be remitted from 30th Nov. 1913 to 31st Mar 1914	...£ 4,589,365

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

BANKS.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.				
Allahabad Bank Ld.	100	100	18 p c	356
Alliance Bank of Simla Ld ...	100	100	14 "	284
Bank of Bombay ...	500	500	13 "	1605
Bank of India ...	100	50	6 "	584
Bank of Bengal ...	500	500	14 "	1645
Bank of Madras ...	500	500	12 "	1440
Bank of Rangoon ...	100	100	7 "	90
Bank of Baroda ...	100	50	7 "	61
Credit Bank of India Ld ...	...	...	...	...
Punjab National Bank ...	100	100	9	170
Specie Bank ...	100	50	7	...
The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld.	100		6¼	3
Central Bank of India	...	...		...
EXCHANGE BANK.				
Chartered Bank ...	£20	£20	15 p c	£59
Eastern Bank ...	£10	£ 4	4 "	69
Mercantile Bank (a)	25	12-10	8 "	£22
Do. (b)	25	12-10	8 "	£21½
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation ...	d125	d1.125	£ 4	£80
National Bank of India ...	25	12½	12½ "	610

SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Advanced ...	500	500	25	825
Alliance ...	1000	1006	...	75
Berar Mfg ...	200	200	...	60
Bombay Cotton Mfg ...	500	500	40	100
Bombay Dyeing and M Co ...	250	250	15	615
Bombay United ...	250	250	25	470
Century ...	100	100	3	225
Central India ...	500	500	70	1820x
China ...	1000	1000	...	570
Chho Silk ...	500	500	20	425
Colaba Land and Mill ...	700	700	30	1340
Coronation Mill ...	500	500	...	250
Connaught ...	300	300	...	175
Coorla ...	1000	1000	40	600
Crescent ...	100	100	20	97½
Currimbhoy ...	250	250	12½	212½
Crown ...	500	500	20	230
David ...	450	250	10	410
Emperor Edward ...	500	500	10	...
Empress ...	500	500	...	140
Edward Sassoon Mill ...	200	200	6	155
Fazulbhoy ...	250	250	15	392
Framji Petit ...	1000	1000	25	1425
Finlay Mills ...	250	250	10	280
Gold Mohur ...	500	500	yr. 20	440
Hindustan ...	1000	1000	25	640
Hy ow ard and Bullough ...	500	500	15	375
Hyderabad ...	1000	1000	40	1325
Imperial Cotton ...	500	500	...	100
Indian Mfg ...	1000	1000	...	475
Indo-China Mfg ...	1000	1000	60	1000
James Greaves ...	500	500	...	175
Jamshed Mfg ...	250	250	5	92½
Jivraj Baloo ...	1000	1000	...	400
Jubilee Mills ...	1000	1000	...	260
Khandesh ...	1000	610	25	825
Khatow Makonjee ...	1000	1000	45	1305
Kohinoor ...	500	500	15	697
Leopold ...	...	...	...	...
Lakshmi Cotton ...	1000	1000	yr. 100	1180
Madras United ...	1000	1000	50	2015
Madhavji Dharamsay ...	500	500	65	d 1130
Maneckji Petit ...	1000	1000	80	2000
Morarji Goculdas ...	1000	1000	60	2750
Mysore Spinning ...	250	250	...	...
Mysore Spinning ...	30	30	...	...
Moon ...	1000	1000	...	...
New Great Eastern ...	200	200	6	185
New City of Bombay ...	500	500	35	950
Phoenix ...	100	100	6	145
Presidency ...	1000	1000	...	200
Sassoon Cotton ...	1000	1000	50	700
Sassoon Silk ...	500	500	yr. 35	250
Sholapur ...	1000	1000	125	4800
S Mahratha ...	250	250	15	60
Standard Mills ...	500	500	25	10.5
Sun ...	250	250	Nil	90
Swan ...	250	250	10	255
Swadesh ...	500	500	25	1420
Textile ...	500	500	50	1170
Vishnu Cotton O	500	500	Nil	430
do P	500	500	Nil	620
Western India ...	1000	1000	25	540

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar ...	750	750	300	5400
Albert (Karachi) ...	1100	1100	45	500
Bombay Cotton ...	...	...	...	...
Breul's Cawnpore ...	200	200	6 p c	130
Broach City ...	200	200	14	177
Fort ...	475	475	22 1-2	190
Godavery Valley ...	100	100	6	...
Harvey and Sabhapatty ...	500	500	40	700
Hindustan P and M	250	250	15	...
Hingolee ...	100	100	6 p c	80
Indian Cotton ...	125	125	10	132½
Jamna Gin and Pressing Co ...	1000	1000	7	700
Khangaum ...	400	400	9 p c	300
Mahomedpura Cotton ...	125	125	7 1-2	100
Mahuva ...	200	200	nil	125
Mercantile ...	125	125	nil	20
Manmar Mfg ...	250	250	15	220
New East India ...	1000	1000	75	900
New Mofussil Co ...	400	400	60 84	840
New Berar ...	500	500	40	550
New Prince of Wales ...	500	500	30	750
Oomri ...	100	112	nil	...
Purbhany ...	100	100	10	...
Sind ...	400	400	30	250
Surat City ...	200	200	20	285
Volkart U P Co, Ld	500	500	50	640
Wadhwan G. and P	150	150	12	N

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARS

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

DEATH OF A RACE-HORSE OWNER.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

The death is announced of Mr. Stedall, the well-known race-horse owner.—Reuter.

SOUTH AFRICAN TRAPS

HOW WILD BEASTS ARE CAUGHT.

Some native game traps of the Rukori district are described in an article, "Reminiscences of a B.S.A. Policeman," in the "Empire Review."

The traps for leopards and wild cats consist of a heavy pole suspended over the bait (for carnivora a rat is generally pressed into service) which is connected with cords in such a way that contact with the bait releases the pole, which descends with tremendous force.

Baboons, of course, were never far to seek; natives catch them when invading their cultivated land by means of traps consisting of innocent-looking huts, from the roof of which a few mealies are suspended. A baboon will enter and seize the mealie; his action causes a roughly-made door to fall over the entrance, and he finds himself imprisoned in the trap.

There were some wild red cats (*rooikat*), but nothing like the numbers to be found in the Ndanga district, where they are really plentiful.

For several years past the natives have applied their energies in the direction of destructive measures on account of the reward offerged for lions, leopards, baboons, crocodiles, and other harmful animals.

The crude cream of tartar with which pods growing on baoba trees are filled is used by the natives for food. Wooden spikes are driven into the smooth soft trunk of the tree, forming a ladder by which to ascend and the pods can be knocked off with a stick.

By the side of any well-worn Kaffir path, a platform, made of stout poles tied with strips of bark, may frequently be noticed in a baobab tree.

These platforms are made for the use of travellers, who sleep on them in preference to remaining on the ground and running the risk of falling a victim to lions or leopards, which are very numerous in these parts.

The district as a whole, is unfertile, and the natives are sometimes in a bad year reduced to living almost entirely on such substance as they can procure on the veld. Their knowledge of the many different roots, berries, and seeds, which are at least non-poisonous, if not actually nutritious, is unique and very interesting. Even the common grass seeds are not despised, though their recovery is laborious in the extreme.

CARPENTIER'S RECENT VICTORY.

WHO "JIM LANCASTER" WAS.

The "Jim Lancaster" who opposed Georges Carpentier at the Kursaal, Geneva, was none other than the Max Abbat who competed in the last French Amateur Championship, and is now instructor in Paris. The *Sportsman's* Paris correspondent has had an interview with Abbat, who explained the affair.

"It happened like this," said Abbat. A few weeks ago, whilst I was boxing Tynck and a few others in a gymnasium, a gentleman came to me and asked me if I would consent to meet Carpentier. Somewhat taken back by the query, I answered that I had promised my people not to box as a professional. He replied: 'You could box under an assumed name,' and he told me he intended staging the affair at Geneva shortly. I consented, and together we dropped on the name of 'Jim Lancaster.'

"When I arrived at Geneva on Friday, judge my surprise when I saw huge bills, which stated that Carpentier was to meet 'Jim Lancaster, Champion of Scotland and holder of the Lord Lonsdale belt.' I rushed up to the promoter to protest, but he was not there. In the evening it was too late. I had to let matters go as they were. Believe me, I am a victim, nothing else." Descamps, Carpentier's manager, told the correspondent that no one regretted the incident more than he did. "I recognised Abbat when he mounted the ring," he added, "and at once protested. The promoter replied that my contract stipulated that Carpentier was to box any man at his weight, and that if Georges did not care to mount the ring, I had to pay a forfeit of 10,000 francs."

SHEFFIELD AND THE CUP FINAL.

At a meeting in mail week the Sheffield United directors considered the F.A.'s letter asking whether, if selected, Bramall-lane would be available for the purposes of the Final-tie. It was decided to reply favourably and at the same time to promise to appeal to the board of directors that the match should take place across the middle of the ground to avoid the invasion of the county cricket pitch by the players.

JOCKEYS' ENGAGEMENTS NEXT YEAR.

Among jockeys' arrangements for next year are the following: William Griggs remains as first jockey to Sir Robert Jardine, and Walter Griggs as first jockey to the Clarehaven stable. Wheatley rides first jockey to Beckhampton and second to the Weyhill establishment. Edwin Piper, the rider of the Derby winner (Aboyeur) rides first jockey to Mr. Tatem, and the Druids Lodge stable will have second claim. Saxby rides as first jockey to Mr. W. Raphael. Lord Durham has renewed his reatiner on the services of J. Clark. F. Templeman remain first jockey to Lord Villiers, as does H. Jones for his Majesty the King. Maher will continue to remain as first jockey for Lord Rosebery, and to accept no other retainer. He will, therefore, continue to ride practically as a free lance.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

THE IMPORTANCE OF JUNIOR CLUBS.

WHY THEY SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED.

On the relation of International to club football in some of its wider aspects, perhaps the first question that arises is, which of the two is of the greater value to the game. The International, of course, looms larger in the public imagination. It appeals for one thing to those sentiments and emotions which are implied in the connotation of "patriotism."

One's first impression, writes Mr. J. E. Raphael in the *Pall Mall Gazette*, is that there can be no two questions as to which is the more important: that it is really like comparing a part to the whole; that whereas any given clubs can have only a local interest attaching to them, International matters are the concern of all the people in a country who pay attention to football. But, going a little deeper, we can apply a test. Which is the most essential to the game? The only reply is that the "club department" is an easy winner; and that really International contests are only an adjunct however glorious. We can imagine Rugby going along very prosperously without Internationals. It would very decidedly cease altogether if the club system were not in vogue. The one is the very life breath; the other, a pleasing and a most advantageous addition and asset. Honours and renown are things we all desire. We know that the world's opinion of our prowess is largely formed on the showy and spectacular demonstration of that prowess. England's position in the International field is, of course, highly important—but we must not forget our foundations.

THE THING THAT MATTERS.

Now, I am going to put forward the suggestion that the real thing that matters in football is, not which country wins the International championship, nor even which clubs have the most powerful teams, but the number and condition of the junior teams. I would suggest that an organization which can turn out regularly every Saturday, five decent XV.'s is a greater asset to the game and in a more prosperous position itself than one which sacrifices everything to the building up of a single side, even if they succeed in making that one the most brilliant in the world. The health, the prosperity, and the number of junior teams have not hitherto received the care and the attention of football administrators that has been so wholeheartedly lavished on Internationals, county games, and first-class club affairs.

The reason probably is that these matters will not show such a direct return as the more atractive, in the sense of being considered more important, branches of Rugby. Except those actually concerned, how many members of a club mind very much one way or another whether the "D" team has won or lost their game? They do, however, pay attention to the result of their first XV. match. Why I believe the future of Rugby is so hopeful is, because of the large increase that is taking place in the "population" of the lower team world. To ensure the redemption of the future's promise we need to work hard for the improvement in the standard of play in the junior combinations. At present we have only concerned ourselves with the development of the more important kinds of footer.

DUTY OF SENIOR CLUBS.

The time is ripe, nay more than ripe, for extending the sphere of our interest. Much junior team play is so woefully bad that the players cannot possibly get the enjoyment or even the exercise that would make them take an ever so much keener interest in the game. The great raising of the standard of excellence that has been such a marked feature of recent years in London, has not percolated down so far as we should desire. But much of the footer is in just that stage that a "little more" would make all the difference. The Rugby Union is not a body that has been strong in taking the initiative, and in this particular matter they will probably render more valuable assistance as supporters rather than as movers.

It is "up to" the clubs themselves to do the "right thing" by their lowest teams. A little more personal intimacy between the first and the "C," a little more interest—of a non-patronising nature—shown by the better players in the doings of their less competent brothers, and above all a little coaching, even if it only amounted to a few words of advice, would have some quite astonishing results. Much of the most atrocious football is due to no worse a crime than ignorance. It must not be thought that I am attempting to belittle the International aspect of affairs.

What I am attempting to suggest is that those affairs will not be really healthy, unless they are the culmination of a surely built edifice. A beautiful facade or a magnificent front must delight all those who enjoy architecture. That delight, however, will be enhanced by the knowledge that the front is not a mere stucco erection that hides a mass of rubble or of crumbling brick. Internationals are the outside of the football cup. Keep it clean by all means—but let the inside be spotless also.

WELL-KNOWN ACTOR AND COURSING.

Mr. Oscar Asche, the well-known actor, is the latest recruit to the ranks of owners of greyhounds, and is going in thoroughly for coursing. He has always been keen on the sport since his early days in Melbourne, when he was brought in contact with many prominent coursing men, and his wife, Miss Lily Brayton, shares his enthusiasm. During his recent tour in Australia he bought several dogs that had won important stakes in the colony and these he has despatched to England. They are now kennelled at Mitcham, but as string nt are our quarantine regulations that they cannot go to slips until the season is well advanced.

FRENCH JOCKEY CLUB.

WHO IS TO BE THE NEW LEADER OF THE TURF?

KING EDWARD'S ASSOCIATIONS.

A little more than eighty years ago—November 11, 1833—the French Jockey Club came into existence. It was founded on the plan of the English Jockey Club, which arose at Newmarket in the eighteenth century. The French Club began its existence under the formidable title of Societe d'Encouragement pour l' Amelioration des Races de Chevaux en France. Even that did not kill it. After a short space, the Jockey Club became distinct from the Societe d'Encouragement, and though there is a strong link between them to-day, the club is one thing and the flat-racing authority another.

The first premises of the club were in the Rue de Grammont, at an angle with the Boulevard des Italiens. It was next door to the Cafe Anglais, which, like the original club building, has disappeared in the dust of city improvement.

Thereupon the Jockey Club installed itself in the Rue Scribe at the corner of the Boulevard des Capucines. These are its quarters to-day. It is exactly fifty years (October 1, 1863) that it installed itself there.

There is a special reason for reviving this piece of social history at the present moment. The recent death of tht Duc de Fezensac, a well-known sportsman, has deprived the club of its chief officer. The Duke had been president some years before his removal this autumn by a sudden illness.

Though the election of his successor does not take place before the annual general meeting of the club on January 15 next, there is a great deal of private canvassing of votes and opinions in the quiet and dignified apartments of the club in the Rue Scribe.

Who will succeed the Duke? Tradition says that the president shall have been a vice-president. The unwritten rule is likely to be broken through this year for the reason that these officers are little inclined to assume what are, in reality, the rather heavy labours of the position.

General Marquis d'Espeuilles is advanced in years; Prince Auguste d'Arenberg, who has resigned from the Suez Canal Board on account of his multifarious occupations, is little likely to find the time for this new responsibility. The Comte d'Orglandes and Baron Hottinguer are equally indisposed, it is said, to offer themselves for election. Hence an "outsider" must be chosen.

THE DUC DE BLACAS.

Suffrages seem to have fallen upon the Duc de Blacas. He sits in the Chamber for the Department of Maine-et-Loire; he is an office-bearer of the Cercle de l'Union Artistique, and has the personal qualities, adaptability, and energy for such a post. As a local landlord—he has a chateau at Beaupreau, of which commune he is Mayor—he is very popular; at the Palais Bourbon he belongs to the Agricultural Committee, where his opinion is often sought on matters connected with the land. He is sixty years of age, and his iron-grey hair and strong moustache set off a face at once sympathetic and full of character. Those who know best the sentiments of the Rue Scribe predict his victory next January.

He would succeed to a line of distinguished presidents. The first was Lord H. Seymour, whose sporting proclivities and great originality earned for him an extraordinary reputation on the Boulevards. After the eccentric "milord" came M. de Normandie, Prince de la Moskowa, Comte Achille Delamarre, Marquis de Biron, Duc de Doudeauville, and, lastly, the Duc de Fezensac.

A writer on the club, M. Gabriel Wilmart, in the recently established magazine "Tout-Paris," says that the present Duc de Doudeauville, who is a well-known polo player, and president of the Bagatelle Club in the Bois de Boulogne, has excellent chances to become head of the Jockey Club. He is considered, however, rather young for the succession, which demands a certain experience.

A QUAINT COMPLAINT.

M. W. Wilmart quotes some amusing bets from the annals of the club. One was that "of the twelve persons dining here to-night—July 13, 1841—not six will be married this time next year." The Complaint Book contains some quaint entries. "The undersigned suggests that M. de X. be invited to subscribe to the English newspaper 'The Globe,' which he carries away each evening." Another entry expressed regret that game appeared on the club table during the close season (June 16).

The club is one of the most interesting and aristocratic in Paris. King Edward was a member, and during his frequent visits to Paris as Prince of Wales often appeared in its rooms. Near by, at the back of the club house, is the new equestrian statue of "the Parisian Monarch" fronting the hotel Edouard VII. in the street of that name. There is no spot in Paris where the memory of the most genial of kings is more cherished than in the Rue Scribe.

BRITISH SEA ANGLERS' SOCIETY.

A gross weight, estimated at 2,500lb., was taken in the three days' boat competition of the British Sea Anglers' Society at Deal. Fifty-eight competitors weighed in 335lb. of good size fish. The principal cups were won as follows:—Borough of Deal Challenge Cup, Mr. W. J. Reynolds, 27lb. 9oz.; Sterr Cup, Mr. W. Palmer, 30lb. 4oz; Downs Cup, Mr. F. C. Warren, 26lb. 3 1-2oz.

A STARTLING OFFER
WHICH WILL BE FAITHFULLY CARRIED OUT
Countries of the World Puzzle
GENUINE OFFER OF SOLID GOLD WATCHES.
FREE. Try To-day.
To any Lady correctly naming the two countries illustrated and carrying out conditions below, we promise to present as a free Gift a Lady's Solid Gold Watch, Finding Government Stamped. Finest jewelled movement, perfect timekeeper, our ordinary price £5.
To Gentlemen, we present Gent's Solid Silver Watch, English Government Stamped, Heavy Cases, High-class movement. Splendid Timekeeper.
A limited number of Consolation Prizes given. The winner is required to purchase a chain from us to wear with watch.
Send your solutions, together with stamped addressed envelope for reply, and stating the name of this paper to BURRET & CO., WATCH FACTORS, 12, Coventry St., Birmingham, Eng.

DEATH OF KENT COUNTY CRICKETER.

WELL-KNOWN RUGBY PLAYER.

The death has taken place, at his residence, Graylings, The Avenue, Beckenham, of Mr. Walter Badeley Pattisson, a former member of the Kent County Cricket team, and a famous Rugby player.

Mr. Pattisson entered Tonbridge School at the age of nine, and was a member of the school eleven in 1869, 1870, and 1871, being captain in the last year and always keeping wicket. He left school at the age of sixteen, and eventually became partner in Messrs. Hores, Pattisson, and Bathurst, solicitors. It was in consequence of his business engagements that he was unable to play regularly for the county, a fact which was generally regretted, as he was one of the most promising of the available players of his day. But although not able to obtain practice in the game, he was for a number of years a valued member of the team, being known as a good batsman and an exceptionally good wicketkeeper.

He was playing for Kent when Dr. W. G. Grace made his famous score of 344 not out. His first appearance for the county was in 1876, when he played at Brighton against Sussex and made 36 in the second innings. He continued to play occasionally for the county until 1887, sometimes captaining the team. After giving up first-class cricket in 1888 he was elected to the committee of the Kent County Cricket Club. From 1872 to 1880 he was the hon. secretary of the Tonbridge Cricket Club, and from 1886 to 1888 the hon. secretary of the Bickley Park Cricket Club, for which he made many centuries.

Mr. Pattisson was also prominent as a Rugby Union player and at three-quarter he took part in some of the international trials in 1874, 1875, and 1876. He was not only one of the many first-class cricketers, but also one of the finest athletes produced by Tonbridge School.

THE HAIR TONIC FOR THE ORIENT

KAMINIA
OIL
Delicately perfumed oil for beautifying and increasing the growth of the hair.
To be rubbed well into the roots of the hair daily.
KAMINIA
PERFUMERY Co
BOMBAY

Do not use cheap and inferior Hair Oil which injure Hair and Brain. Kaminia Oil has been for excellent make awarded a Gold Medal in the Mysore Exhibition, and Certificate of merits in the Allahabad Exhibition.

KAMINIA OIL

Nourishes the Hair,
Removes the Dandruff,
Increases the Growth,
Beautifies the skin.

It's not only a hair tonic but a skin food too. Little rubbed on the body just before the bath produces refreshing sensation and makes the skin velvity. Delicately Perfumed The finest Hair grooming.

PER BOTTLE RE. 1, V. P. EXTRA. OF ALL CHEMISTS. Sample free on application with half anna. Postage stamp.

THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.,
Jumma Musjid, BOMBAY, No. 7.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
BUYING AGENTS, PRODUCE AGENTS.
BUYING DEPARTMENT—WM. J. KEYMER & CO., having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED.
CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.
PRODUCE DEPARTMENT—WM. J. KEYMER & CO., undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
General Agency Business carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A 1, A.B.C. International, Private &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON.

The BOMBAY PHOTO ENGRAVING Co.
PHOTO ENGRAVERS & DESIGNERS WOOD & METAL ENGRAVERS
BEAUTIFUL & FAITHFUL REPRODUCTION BY OUR HALF TONE & THREE COLOUR PROCESS
13 TAMARIND LANE. FORT, BOMBAY

DEATH OF KENT COUNTY CRICKETER.

WELL-KNOWN RUGBY PLAYER.

The death has taken place, at his residence, Graylings, The Avenue, Beckenham, of Mr. Walter Badeley Pattisson, a former member of the Kent County Cricket team, and a famous Rugby player.

Mr. Pattisson entered Tonbridge School at the age of nine, and was a member of the school eleven in 1869, 1870, and 1871, being captain in the last year and always keeping wicket. He left school at the age of sixteen, and eventually became partner in Messrs. Hores, Pattisson, and Bathurst, solicitors. It was in consequence of his business engagements that he was unable to play regularly for the county, a fact which was generally regretted, as he was one of the most promising of the available players of his day. But although not able to obtain practice in the game, he was for a number of years a valued member of the team, being known as a good batsman and an exceptionally good wicketkeeper.

He was playing for Kent when Dr. W. G. Grace made his famous score of 344 not out. His first appearance for the county was in 1876, when he played at Brighton against Sussex and made 36 in the second innings. He continued to play occasionally for the county until 1887, sometimes captaining the team. After giving up first-class cricket in 1888 he was elected to the committee of the Kent County Cricket Club. From 1872 to 1880 he was the hon. secretary of the Tonbridge Cricket Club, and from 1886 to 1888 the hon. secretary of the Bickley Park Cricket Club, for which he made many centuries.

Mr. Pattisson was also prominent as a Rugby Union player and at three-quarter he took part in some of the international trials in 1874, 1875, and 1876. He was not only one of the many first-class cricketers, but also one of the finest athletes produced by Tonbridge School.

THE WEATHER.

NEARLY GENERAL RAIN IN NORTH BALUCHISTAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Dec. 3.

The disturbance which began to affect Baluchistan yesterday gave nearly general falls of a quarter to half an inch in North Baluchistan and three-quarters of an inch in Jacobabad.

The depression near Ceylon has now nearly disappeared, but moderately heavy rain continued yesterday in the South Peninsula.

The chief falls were:—Tinnevelly and Madras 1 1-2 in.; Trichinopoly and Cuddalore 1; Coimbatore 2; Cuddalore and Nellore 3.

Forecast:—Extension of rainfall into the Punjab and Rajputana and no large change in the South Peninsula.

Appended is Wednesday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India, based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st November to date.
Bushire ...	78·3	62·0	...	2·01
Jask ...	81·3	63·8	...	0·77
Muskat ...	80·3	70·1	...	0·00
Multan ...	71·3	49·5	...	0·18
Rawalpindi ...	65·4	36·1	...	0·11
Lahore ...	72·4	41·7	...	0·00
Sirsa ...	73·8	44·0	...	0·00
Ambala ...	75·5	41·9	...	0·00
Delhi ...	75·5	42·8	...	0·00
Agra ...	79·0	58·0	...	0·00
Mainpuri ...	80·8	52·6	...	0·00
Jhansi ...	78·6	56·0	...	0·00
Cawnpore ...	77·1	52·0	...	0·00
Allahabad ...	82·1	57·5	0·03	0·03
Jacobabad ...	63·1	50·3	0·75	0·75
Karachi ...	76·0	59·0	0·07	0·07
Ajmer ...	83·1	50·7	...	0·00
Jaipur ...	77·7	61·1	...	0·00
Kotah ...	1·6	56·6	...	0·38
Bhuj ...	79·0	52·0	...	0·00
Dwarka ...	80·3	61·2	...	0·00
Veraval ...	86·6	62·3	...	0·00
Rajkot ...	81·6	49·3	...	0·00
Bhavnagar Para.	84·5	53·8	...	0·00
Surat ...	87·9	58·6	...	0·00
Ahmedabad ...	85·6	57·7	...	0·00
Deesa ...	84·3	55·4	...	0·01
Neemuch ...	78·9	57·5	...	0·04
Indore ...	84·1	57·1	...	0·01
Jubbulpore ...	85·3	55·8	...	0·01
Saugor ...	83·9	58·6	...	0·00
Hoshangabad ...	82·6	51·9	...	0·00
Khandwa ...	...	...	...	...
Akola ...	90·2	58·5	...	0·01
Amraoti ...	87·8	58·5	...	0·00
Nagpur ...	87·6	58·8	...	0·00
Chanda ...	88·0	63·0	...	...
Raipur ...	84·7	59·6	...	0·20
BOMBAY ...	85·0	70·3	...	...
Ratnagiri ...	91·2	65·9	...	...
Mormugao ...	84·5	74·7	...	...
Karwar ...	89·2	65·5	...	...
Mangalore ...	90·4	70·1	...	...
Ahmednagar ...	84·6	51·5	...	...
Poona ...	86·5	53·8	...	...
Sholapur ...	88·3	61·1	...	0·01
Bijapur ...	88·2	64·8	...	0·14
Belgaum ...	84·3	61·0	...	0·82
Aurangabad ...	84·9	60·5	...	0·00
Niramabad (Indur) ...	88·9	57·7	...	0·00
Hyderabad ...	81·3	61·7	...	0·00
Mangalore ...	81·8	74·3	...	0·03
Calicut ...	87·8	7·0	0·03	3·60
Cochin ...	89·7	76·7	...	3·37
Colombo ...	86·0	74·0	0·77	16·98
Masulipatam ...	82·3	69·7	...	0
Ballary ...	92·0	67·8	...	0
Cuddapah ...	82·5	68·5	0·96	1·07
Madras ...	81·5	73·5	1·64	21·53
Bangalore ...	79·3	64·3	0·02	0·22
Coimbatore ...	90·4	70·3	2·36	3·88
Trichinopoly ...	85·0	70·3	1·14	8·75
Negapatam ...	79·7	73·7	0·12	41·16

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 3rd December, 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear in the north Punjab and lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is in defect except in the extreme eastern districts.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Night temperature is generally in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Jacobabad reports 0.75" of rain. Skies are heavily clouded in Sind and moderately clouded in Rajputana. Humidity is in excess in Sind and west Rajputana and normal or in defect elsewhere. Maximum temperature is in defect in Sind and west Rajputana; minimum temperature is in excess at Jaipur.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air contains generally the usual amount of moisture. Day temperature is in defect at Rajkot and Bhuj; night temperature is in excess in west Central India and in defect at most of the inland stations in Gujarat and Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess over the whole division; minimum temperature is also above normal in the north-eastern and extreme western districts.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly clouded. The air is drier than usual at Ratnagiri. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear in the north Bombay Deccan and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is nearly normal. Temperature is in excess at Nizamabad and Bijapur.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general in south-east Madras and local in the Madras Deccan. Weather is becoming settled in the south of the Bay of Bengal. Disturbed conditions from the west have given fairly general rain in Sind.

Fairly general rain is likely in south-east Madras, local rain in Sind and some showers in the Madras Deccan, Mysore and south Malabar. A few thunderstorms are possible in the south Bombay Deccan and a few dustatorms in Rajputana.

"How are you feeding him?"

If your baby has to be fed artificially, you cannot do better than give him a mixture of Albulactin and diluted animal milk — such as cow's milk, goat's milk or buffalo's milk.

This mixture is undoubtedly the nearest thing to maternal milk, and your baby is certain to thrive splendidly on it, as have thousands of other babies in this country. Here is a typical case:—

Mrs. Norah Collins writes: "I feel I must write and tell you how excellent I have found Albulactin. I was nearly in despair with my baby until I tried Albulactin, with the most marvellous results. My baby weighs 16 lbs. 10 ozs. at five months, and is the healthiest and happiest child imaginable. Albulactin is certainly worth its weight in gold."

You will be just as enthusiastic about Albulactin if you use it for your baby.

Letters from Titled Ladies.

LADY MAUDE ROUNDELL writes: "Albulactin has been tried for Lady Maude Roundell's baby, and it has proved very satisfactory."

THE BARONESS DE WOLFF writes that she has "used Albulactin for her little son ever since his birth. He is now two months' old and weighs 16 lbs. The Baroness intends to recommend Albulactin to her friends."

LADY WISEMAN writes: "I started to feed my baby from three days' old on Albulactin, and find it suits the child admirably."

LADY GREVILLE writes: "Albulactin is being used for Lady Greville's baby with great success."

Write for a Free Baby Book.

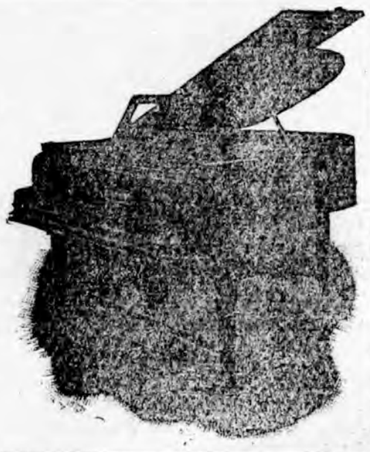
Albulactin is prepared by A. Wulfing & Co., manufacturers of the world-famous Sanatogen. They *guarantee* that Albulactin is simply *the vital part of human milk*—a natural food substance of wonderful purity, giving to animal milk the same great nourishing properties and easy digestibility as human milk.

Start using Albulactin to-day—it is sold at all Chemists and Bazaars—and you will have no more feeding difficulties. Your baby will thrive and grow just as well and as rapidly as any baby nursed by its mother.

Send a post-card, mentioning this paper, for a Free Copy of a complete guide to infant feeding and infant management—a book which tells you everything you need to know on these subjects. Address: A. Wulfing & Co., Box 226, G.P.O., Bombay.

Albulactin

THE BEST PIANOS
IN INDIA or ELSEWHERE
Are Stocked by S. ROSE & Co., BOMBAY.
THE FOLLOWING HIGH CLASS PIANOS
FOR SALE or HIRE, and on the Easy Payment System.
TROPICAL GRANDS AND UPRIGHTS
BY
BRINSMEAD,
BECHSTEIN
SCHIEDMAYER &
SOEHNE
COLLARD, ERARD
STEINWAY
KNAKE
ALLISON
etc., etc.
Pianos on Hire from Rs. 15 per month.



FORT, BOMBAY
S. ROSE & Co.
Telegrams: "ROSEBUD," BOMBAY.

SWIZ
Prevent Plague. "SWIZ" Kills Rats
and the fleas on them. No smell from the dead rats. Not fatal to cats or dogs. Does not contain disease germs. Keeps good for years. Agents Wanted.
Tin to kill and mummify 250 rats 4s. 3d. of Chemists and Stores or post free of—
CHEMICAL PRODUCTS CO., 21, LIME ST., LONDON.

A BOON AND A BLESSING TO WOMANKIND.
DR. LE CLERC'S PILLS FOR LADIES.
A Safe, Reliable and Certain Remedy for Irregularities, Delay and Functional Troubles. Ladies who once use them invariably keep a bottle in hand ready for emergencies. Refuse substitutes, no other remedy is just as good. Insist on having Dr LeClerc's Pills for Ladies & you will not be disappointed. The genuine have words "DOCTEUR LE CLERC" on Govt Stamp affixed to every package. Price 2/9 with full directions (Postage to Colonies 3d extra) from Dr Le Clerc Medicine Co. Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, Eng. Sold by LENNON, LTD all branches in South Africa. BEWARE OF USELESS IMITATIONS.

INSURANCES.

THE
STANDARD
LIFE ASSURANCE CO.
ESTABLISHED 1825.
FUNDS.....£ 13,300,000.
Apply for Prospectus to
THE SECRETARY,
Standard Buildings, Bombay.

THE
LATEST DEVELOPMENT,
IN
LIFE INSURANCE
FOR
EUROPEANS RESIDENT IN INDIA
THE
NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE IN-
SURANCE COMPANY
offer Policies at Minimum
Cost with Maximum Benefits.
For Particulars of New
Schemes, apply to
KING, KING and Co.,
Secretaries,
KING'S BUILDINGS, HORNBY
ROAD,
BOMBAY.
ENERGETIC AGENTS
WANTED.

EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LD.
Head Office, BOMBAY.
Last Year's business, Rs. 83,00,000
The Low Premiums and Liberal
Conditions of the
EMPIRE OF INDIA
offer exceptional advantages
to intending Assurers.
Prospectus, proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from
ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co.,
Managers.

THE
ORIENTAL
LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1874.
FUNDS OVER
RS. 4,25,00,000
INVESTED IN GOVERN-
MENT SECURITIES.
Low Premiums.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS
PROMPT PAYMENT
OF CLAIMS.
ECONOMICAL
MANAGEMENT.
For Prospectus, containing all particulars apply
R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.
Oriental Building, Bombay.

REDUCED RATES.
GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE,
RESULTS FOR 1912.

Policies issued ...	6,825 for	£2,458,161
New Premiums (1912)		£112,664
Annual Income		£1,481,521
Assets		£10,589,255
Total Payments under Policies		£29,233,881

CALL FOR LATEST
PROSPECTUS.
WORLD-WIDE POLICIES.
Indian Lives at European Rates.
Assurances, Old Age Pensions, and Children's Endowments, &c., &c.
Apply :—
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
CHIEF AGENTS FOR India, Burma, and Ceylon.
GRESHAM BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS
Empress Pale
AND
Housewife's Friend
Fine Household Soaps.
Can be obtained everywhere
GOSSAGE'S SOAPS.

India's Premier Turf Accountants:
J. B. BEATTIE & Co.,
CHANDERNAGORE.
Books Open on
KING-EMPEROR'S CUP
AND
VICEROY'S CUP.
Doubles, Trebles and Mixed Places, 1, 2 and 1, 2, 3.
Full Multiplication Odds.
Totalisator Commissions also executed on all Races.
Send for Weekly Price List.
Established over 20 Years in India.
Telegrams: "HANDICAP," Chandernagore.
Telephone No. 82, Chandernagore.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose 150 deg	5 12 2	do.
Chester Brand 125 deg	5 2 2	do.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg	5 0 2	do.
Tiger Brand 125 deg.....	4 14 2	do.
Monkey Brand 125 deg ...	4 15 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins)	4 5 0	per 2 tins
Camel Brand 125° (in tins)	4 5 0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in tins)	4 6 0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in bulk)	3 12 0	per 8 Imp. gals.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil, on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill, are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla, Andheri and Thana Agents add one anna to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY.
The total inclusive cost for upkeep and running expenses including cleaning, Petrol, Lubricating, Renewal of Tyres, and all other charges, taken for a period of three years running in this country, averaged
ONLY Rs. 55 FOR EACH
500 MILES.
THE FORD MOTOR CARS
have done and are still doing this. Compare these figures with the running cost of any other make of car and see what a saving is effected by running a FORD MOTOR CAR.
Write us for Catalogue and detailed Specifications.
AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE CO.,
35, Medows Street, Bombay. 10, Alipur Road, Delhi.

LONDON'S LEADING FASHION JOURNAL
Everything you want to know about "Dress" will be found in the current issue of "FASHIONS FOR ALL," now on sale. The best designs, the best ideas, the best patterns, the best transfer designs, the most helpful dress-making advise, and the most practical cooking, household, and fancywork articles are contained in this latest issue of England's Predominant Fashion Journal, which is the only fully comprehensive guide to Present Modes published.
HOW YOU CAN OBTAIN
FASHIONS FOR ALL
"FASHIONS FOR ALL" is on sale every month at every bookseller's and railway bookstall. If you would care to become a regular subscriber and thus make certain of always securing your copy, send a money order to the value of 3/- to the Subscription Department,
FASHIONS FOR ALL,
233, Regent St., London, ENGLAND,
and "FASHIONS FOR ALL" will be sent post free to you for six months.
FASHIONS FOR ALL
PUBLISHED MONTHLY.

BOOKS FOR SALE.
THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY
(Bombay to the Bosphorus.)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.
BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation or Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.
Apply to the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

BROADWOOD PIANOS.
"I regard it as an altar on which I shall place the sublimest offerings of my spirit to the divine Apollo."
Beethoven.
LUTHNER PIANOS.
"are the sweetest toned pianos in the world".—Dr. Oscar Paul in his "History of the Pianoforte."
SCHIEDMAYER PIANOS.
Note the name please SCHIED-MAYER J. & P. "It gives me the greatest pleasure to play on it".—
Sir Edward Elgar, Mus. Doc.
LIPP PIANOS.
"The best upright piano in the world".—T. Haigh, Mus. B.
STEINWEG-NACHF PIANOS.
"Like all instruments of the excellent house of Steinweg-Nachf has afforded me the greatest pleasure".—
Joh. Brahms.
POINTS IN FAVOUR OF OUR PIANOFORTES.
Superb Tone.
Delicate Touch.
Splendid Construction.
Cash or Deferred Payment.
Catalogue of pianos on application to
MARCKS & Co., Ltd.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

We cannot guarantee to insert advertisements in their proper position if received after 7 p.m.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box No.209, General Post Office, Bombay.

THE
Bombay Gazette
Thursday, 4th December, 1913.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIFFICULTY.

THE summary of the new Blue-book dealing with the position of the Indians in South Africa which has been telegraphed by Reuter is to some extent disappointing. It does not add materially to our knowledge of what has been passing in that country, though it must, of course, be remembered that its publication has been discounted by the prompt issue to the Press of Lord Gladstone's recent telegrams. The outstanding feature of the correspondence is the apparent willingness of the Union Government to take a more reasonable view of the question of the admission of Indian wives, and its expressed determination not to make any step towards a conciliatory policy if the threats to re-commence the passive resistance agitation were carried into effect. The Secretary of State for the Colonies, it will be observed, in his despatch of October 9th, "expressed the earnest hope that the ill-advised action of a small number of Indians would not induce the Union Government to abandon its liberal policy with reference to the entrance of the wives of Indians." Passive resistance was, however, once more resorted to, and the more recent developments of this ill-omened campaign show what mischief has resulted. It is stated, apparently upon good authority, that in the matter of the £3 tax the Indians undoubtedly have the sympathy of a great many South Africans. The object of its imposition was to compel the indentured coolies in Natal, on the expiration of their term, either to re-indenture or to leave the country. Whether the Ministry promised to repeal this tax or not is a matter of bitter controversy, but the Johannesburg correspondent of the *Pioneer* expresses the conviction that its repeal would not be opposed by the majority of the white people in the Union The position, however, has been changed for the worse by the calling-out of the Indian labourers, by the wanton burning of property by the strikers, and by the riots which have been the inevitable results of these proceedings. Public opinion in South Africa, moreover, has been raised to a pitch of exasperation by the propagation of charges of cruelty which have been proved to be false, and by the action of politicians in India in contemptuously refusing to attach credence to the words of Lord Gladstone and General Botha. Finally, Lord Hardinge's indiscreet utterances at Madras, the grave bearing of which a number of well-meaning people in this country fail to apprehend, helped still further to complicate the situation. In considering the feelings engendered in the minds of the Colonists by the tactics of Mr. Gandhi and his lieutenants consideration must be given to the peculiar conditions which obtain in various parts of South Africa, and also to the grim history of that country. In Natal there are 140,000 Indians, who out-number the white population. There is always the danger, moreover, of the huge Kaffir population learning lessons in agitation which may be productive of dire results. Hence the apprehension with which the proceedings directed by Mr. Gandhi are regarded by many South Africans who probably are animated by no special hostility against the Indian settlers. The correspondent whom we have already quoted lays stress on this point. "The more troublesome passive resistance, becomes," he writes, "the more obstinate is the Government in refusing to admit that it can succeed. For always in the background in South Africa is a consideration which does not appeal to England. It is this. If the Indians obviously win concessions by passive resistance, may not the coloured millions attempt to do likewise?" There is a disposition here, even on the part of people who ought to know better, to ignore the South African view. That is a gross blunder, since the Indian question can be settled only with the acquiescence of the people of South Africa. When this is frankly recognised, there may be some hope of securing redress for the genuine grievances of which the Indian settlers complain. The South African Government is what the electorate makes it, and the Imperial Government cannot interfere in the affairs of a Self-Governing Dominion. No rhetorical pyrotechnics will alter these elementary facts.

THE GIFT TO SCOTLAND. THE wholesale manner in which old British manuscripts, works of art, and literary relics have been allowed in recent years to go to America has aroused general and outspoken criticism, and when it was recently announced that the Liverpool Athenium Library had sold the Glenriddell MSS. of Robert Burns's poems to a millionaire in the United States, we pointed out that not only were the sellers of such treasures to blame, but that the buyers had no real literary appreciation or they would not desire to take them out of their natural setting. The announcement of a wealthy American, which caused so much enthusiasm at the St. Andrew's Day dinner in New York, that he had bought the Glenriddell MSS. and would present them to Scotland, is therefore of great interest, and those who criticised the sale will be the first to join in the thanks to the donor. The sale of the MSS. led to a keen controversy at Home, and a number of Burns Clubs and Scottish Societies protested against their being allowed to leave the country. The *Times* stated that £5,000 was the sum believed to have been paid, and there was some talk of the legality of the sale being contested, since the manuscript came into the possession of the Liverpool Athenium owing to the poet's biographer, Dr. Currie, forgetting to return them to Burns's widow. They consist of two volumes and have already been utilised to some extent for Burns's life and poems The MSS. are so called after the poet's old friend, Captain Riddel of Glen, where they were originally preserved. With the Captain's brother, Walter, Burns came in close contact during his last few years, and his wife had great regard for the poet. It was during his residence at Dumfries that Burns made the acquaintance of this couple who had an estate a few miles from the village. Mrs. Riddel was only twenty, in 1792, the time of the beginning of the friendship, and she was not only a beauty but something of a poetess. Walter was a jovial man and appears to have encouraged excessive drinking in the poet, who was a constant and favourite guest for two years Then came a breach: in one of his drinking bouts the poet forgot himself so much as to be rude to the lady. This regrettable incident caused a breach also with Captain Riddel, who died soon afterwards unreconciled to Burns. But it is pleasant to reflect that he was reconciled to Walter and his wife, the latter of whom was very kind to him at the very last.

THE BURMAN BOY. THE Police Administration Report for Burma, which was recently issued, gave a pessimistic account of the growth of crime in that Province, and attributed the spread of lawlessness, in part at all events, to the tendency of the Burman boy to resent the imposition of discipline and to make light of authority. But the report on education, which has just been published, takes a very different view. The Director of Public Instruction, indeed, deals with the subject with an air of amused toleration. "While admitting that probably in Anglo-vernacular schools," he writes, "a certain proportion of the pupils may give themselves airs—it is very often a little harmless school-boy vanity—and behave in a way which their elders dislike, we ought not to forget that elders are very often pessimistic about the manners of the younger generation." Old Burmese customs, Mr. Wedderspoon declares, are passing away, and their disappearance is regarded with regret by the older people, who see national deterioration in the change. "Some observers," the Director remarks, "hardly subscribe to this view, recognising that while in every period of transition there must be pruning, yet there follows a new growth no less healthy than the old, and better suited to the new conditions." Where bad manners do occur, the blame is laid at the door of the Burman parent, who, according to Mr. Wedderspoon, does not exercise proper control over his children. The school, the Director declares, is doing much but it cannot do everything. It will be seen that the Director does not assent to the propositions laid down in the Police Report, and the puzzled onlooker would like to know where the truth is really to be found.

Notes of the Day.

The Sudan having been proposed as a new home for South African Indians, Mr. Richard Jebb comes forward with the suggestion that British Guiana would be preferable. But why not India? There is frequently a dearth of labour in the leading Indian industries, and the Government of India are in a position to safeguard the welfare of workers within their own jurisdiction.

The fact is brought out by a Parliamentary paper that between 1907-8 and 1913-14 the annual naval expenditure of the eight naval Powers has risen by nearly £67,000,000. Russia comes first with nearly £15 1-2 millions, Great Britain follows with £15 millions, and Germany is third with nearly £9 millions. It would be difficult to exaggerate the gravity from the economic point of view of the position thus disclosed.

Warders of His Majesty's prisons are, it is stated, forming a union under the title of the United Kingdom Prison Officers' Federation. The warders allege that they have grievances which can only be redressed by effective combination. This is another example of the remarkable growth of the trade union system, but it is a curious phase, all the same. The authorities have always discountenanced any such movements as this as being against the interests of discipline and therefore contrary to the interests of the public.

The appointment of the Duke of Teck and his brother Prince Alexander of Teck to serve on the court-martial, which will investigate the canteen scandals, suggests that these are regarded with great seriousness by the War Office. Both these officers, it may be recalled, have recently visited the East. The Duke of Teck, whose commission is in the Life Guards, came to India as a member of His Majesty's personal staff, while Prince Alexander of Teck represented the King at the Coronation of the King of Siam. He is the hero of an interesting soldier story, for on one occasion in order to help a small detachment of troopers of which he was in charge at Hampton Court and which had been left with many horses to look after, he is said to have taken his share of stable duty.

One of the most unflattering pen portraits of Sir Edward Carson imaginable is to be found in "Pillars of Society," which is by Mr. A. G. Gardiner, a Radical journalist of the earnest type. "There is something in the mere presence of the man, "writes Mr. Gardiner," that is shattering and masterful. The receating forehead, with the black, well-oiled hair brushed close to the crown, the long, hatchet face, the heavy-lidded eyes, at once dreamy and merciless, the droop of the mouth, the challenging thrust of the under-lip, the heavy jaw—all proclaim the man *capable de tout et pire*. He might pass for a Sioux chief who had left his scalps at home, or for an actor who plays the bold, bad baron, or for a member of another and still more strenuous profession." The other day an admirer of Sir Edward depicted him as a saint and patriot, and it is obvious that either that gentleman or Mr. Gardiner is a very poor judge of character.

Many people in India have commented on the curious nomenclature which is adopted in Army returns by which female passengers on troopships become classified as officers' ladies, sergeants' wives and soldiers' women. Someone has evidently been complaining in Calcutta that the last term is disrespectful to the wives of men in the ranks. A correspondent of a contemporary, who signs herself "An Officer's Wife," amusingly reminds us that in former days the legend ran thus:—The colonel's lady, the major's wife and the subaltern's "poor thing." She suggests that the customary use of the present terms might be reversed, so that the men's wives should be known as ladies and the officers' wives be described by the "very ancient and honourable word" women. But would it not be simpler to treat them all alike and call them all wives, which is a term equally honourable and ancient?

There have already been one or two legal decisions regarding man's rights over the air, but the law of the air is in such an indefinite state that new judgments are still of great interest. The newest has been reached by the Amiens Appeal Court, which has ruled that no owner has the right to construct erections on his ground with the object of damaging passing aircraft. It might be thought that this principle is somewhat obvious, but the case in point arose in a curious manner. A well-known company five years ago erected a hangar and aerodrome. Immediately a speculator purchased a small strip of ground in front of the entrance, in the hope that he would be able to extract a fancy price from the company for it. As, however, this was not forthcoming, he covered the ground with spiked poles and barbed wires, and set up two palisades 50ft. high, surmounted by iron spikes 12ft. long. Very soon an army dirigible was damaged by these obstructions. The courts ordered the speculator to pay damages and the Amiens Court has confirmed this verdict on appeal.

NOTES ON INDIAN INTERESTS.

THOUGHTS BY A NATIVE THINKER.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN PROBLEM. I have never known before Indians, all over the country so deeply moved as at the present moment over the sufferings of their countrymen in South Africa. Such an abundance of rhetoric has been expended on the long course of unjust and oppressive treatment, which has culminated in passive resistance and regrettable, violence that there is no need for me to add to its volume. We feel deeply and bitterly; and we applaud the Viceroy for his outspoken utterance on the unhappy situation. He has not, indeed, spoken like a diplomat, but he has spoken like a man. People have wondered that an astute and experienced diplomat should have thrown caution and reserve to the winds, and it is apprehended by critics who sympathize with the Indian cause, that it might be endangered by his freedom of speech. Unless the Union Government choose to take it as an excuse for withholding justice to the Indians and perpetuating their wrongs, they will do well to take Lord Hardinge's words as an indication of the intensity of feeling excited in India; and if they are really solicitous for the well-being of the Empire as an organic whole they will recognize the expediency of mending their ways and granting some relief. The problem is complicated by the inclusion of three distinct interests—Imperial, Indian and Colonial—and thinking seriously over these interests we find that it is not at all easy to reconcile them. The Hertzogites have bluntly declared that no Imperial interests will weigh with them against the interests of the Colony, and that South Africa will brook no outside interference in the settlement of a dispute, which is its own particular concern. The party represented by General Botha values the Imperial connection, but is not yet prepared to give a tangible proof of this spirit by promoting measures for alleviating the lot of the Indians, whose grievances have been aggravated by the Imigration Act. I am willing to believe that some of the South African Ministers are inclined to end the perennial problem by hitting upon some means of a permanent settlement, and the Indian demands are so moderate and so palpably fair, that the way, so far as they are concerned, is not difficult. But I am afraid that these men shrink from Colonial sentiment, which does not seem to be in favour of a settlement on any basis of equity or humanity, and they are afraid, by attempting an unpopular policy, to give an immense advantage to the party of extremists. If statesmen are to regard these exigencies of party politics as a matter of supreme consequence, to which justice and equity must give way at times, democracy, with its absolute dependence on the popular vote, is not an ideal form of government. The occasion does not, however, call for a disquisition on democracy. One immediate concern is a dispassionate survey of the existing situation.

DIFFICULTIES OF THE SITUATION. We have, however regretfully, to accept at the commencement some postulates of vital importance, namely, that the Colonists are masters of the situation, that Great Britain cannot actively interfere in their internal affairs, and that such interference is likely to be deeply resented and opposed. It must be recognized that the Mother-Country cannot, without incurring grave risk, go beyond moral suasion, and this, unfortunately, has been of little avail, hitherto. The position is then reduced to a most unequal struggle between the Colonial authorities and the Indian settlers, between the forces of overwhelming might and the helpless seekers after some relief on the basis of right. The Indians would not have been left in this helpless condition had the Liberal government obtained reasonable guarantees on their behalf from the Colony before granting it self-government. This was the one opportunity they had for securing to the Indians tolerably equitable treatment, and their failure to turn it to account has been a fatal mistake, as we may now see. They cannot plead oversight or ignorance, because the Indian problem had existed long before, and the Indian grievances were mentioned in the ultimatum as one of the causes for declaring war against the Transvaal Republic. But the mistake being irretrievable all we have to do is to try and make the best of the situation. Almost the only remedy to my mind, lies in appealing to the Colonial sense of justice and humanity, and to the Imperial instinct. This appeal can have a chance of success only, if the Colonists are satisfied that their economic interests are not jeopardized by arriving at a settlement on a permanent basis. The struggle is mainly economic and partly racial. Had the economic factor not been in existence, a strong incentive to racial prejudice and bitterness would have been wanting. We must take it as perfectly natural that the Colonists will regard their own advantage as a matter of paramount interest, and the theory of Imperial brotherhood and the common rights of citizenship shared by all subjects of the same Empire, so eloquently pleaded by my countrymen, can never make the Colonists so altruistic as to be oblivious to their own interests. To expect them to be so unselfish would be in contradiction of ordinary human nature. Let us ask ourselves, if we, in similar circumstances, would have done what is demanded of the Colonists by some of us

RIGHTEOUSNESS, THE BEST POLICY. But the Indian demands are so modest as not to entail much sacrifice on the part of the Colonists. We agree to the prohibition of Indian immigration, excepting about half a dozen men of education to be admitted into the territory annually for meeting the physical and spiritual requirements of the Indians. All that we ask is that those who have already settled in South Africa, and those who have been born there, should be suffered to remain in peace and in the enjoyment of the ordinary rights of citizenship. This means that the galling disabilities, which conflict with the enjoyments of these rights, must go. The £3 tax must go as the first step towards a more hopeful state of things. It is odious and obnoxious. It is not levied primarily for the purpose of revenue. It is but a memorial of inequality and a promoter of bitterness and, as such, it is worse than useless. As the Indians are asked to bow to the stern realities of their position so the Boer and the Briton in South Africa must be expected to bow to the facts of the situation and shape their policy accordingly. It is idle to expect calm and sober counsels to prevail, at a time when fierce passions have been excited on both sides, and in order that normal conditions may be re-established, as soon as possible, I wish my countrymen in the colony, sorely tried as they have been, to exercise control over themselves, and give their enemies no semblance of an excuse to continue their ill-treatment. It may be supposed that the South African statesmen do not want the question to stand for ever as a festering sore in their midst, and that they will recognize that the only remedy lies in a permanent settlement, on a sound, workable basis, unless indeed, their ultimate object is to drive away the Indians, bag and baggage. That would be an outrage upon humanity and a shock to the conscience of the civilized world, from which even they would shrink. But I believe that the Colonists will come round to the belief in a satisfactory solution of the problem. Habitual persistence in a wrong must bring with it its own punishment. It must react in their moral nature. It would demoralize them, rendering their sense of justice and humanity painfully obtuse. I earnestly wish, therefore, that the responsible leaders in South Africa will take a long view of the situation, and if they will bring round a majority of the white population to their view, the result will be a gain to the Colony and to all the races living in it. Their combination and co-operation will constitute a commonwealth, in the real sense of the term, and their united efforts will contribute to its greater glory.

A RAY OF HOPE. I discern a ray of hope in two quarters. Public opinion in England has been thoroughly aroused in favour of the Indian cause, and what is of much greater value, a body of healthy opinion is forming in South Africa itself, and this opinion has a tendency to grow. The London Press has called for a general enquiry into the situation. The Conservative *Standard* which, I see, has distinguished itself by liberal sympathy and breadth of view in its treatment of the subject, proposes some kind of federal organization, a Supreme Tribunal of appeal in political, as well as legal matters, if the component portions of the Empire are to enjoy all the benefits of the Imperial connection. Here is an idea which British statesmen may develop, in concert with the Colonies, although I am not very sanguine about its success. The *Standard* deplores the helpless condition of India in the Imperial scheme. "India," says the paper, "has even less power to claim justice from South Africa than a foreign state. The latter might employ reprisals and hostile measures, from which the British dependency is barred." Indian opinion is, however, a factor which must count, and if the Colony is really true and loyal to the Mother-Country, it should take into serious account the moral effect produced by its conduct upon the millions of her Indian subjects. It is very well for the head-strong spirits in the Colony to declare that if South African Nationalism and Imperialism were incompatible, they would do away with the Imperialism. If this is not an idle boast, it harbours a perilous doctrine; for in conceivable circumstances, the Colony may find itself in urgent need of the Imperial resources for its safety. If the principles of justice are to be the guide in national affairs, there ought to be no incompatibility between Imperial and Colonial interests. Rather, the strongest motive of self-preservation lies in their union and co-ordination. Firmly knit together, the Empire may present a solid and invulnerable front to the world. The formation of an organic whole, each part responding harmoniously to the rest of the Empire, is a problem which might tax the resources of the highest statesmanship and wisest heads But it is a problem which, granting the existence of an average standard of righteous feeling in the Empire, is one not impossible of solution.

CALCUTTA OPIUM SALES.

PRICES LARGELY BELOW THE AVERAGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 3.

At yesterday's opium sale 100 chests of Behar opium were offered for sale. The price realised per chest was Rs. 1,530 the proceeds amounting to Rs. 1,53,000. Four hundred and seventy-five chests of Benares opium were offered and, as in the case of Behar opium, the only price offered was Rs. 1,530 per chest, giving a total of Rs. 7,26,750. The total proceeds of the whole sale amounted to Rs 8,79,750. The large decrease is ascribed to the fact that a very large number of chests will be sold next month.

NEW SHERIFF OF MADRAS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Dec. 3.

Dewan Bahadur Govindoss Chathurboojadoss has been appointed Sheriff of Madras for the coming year. He is a prominent member of the Guzerati Vysia community in Madras. He is the donor to Madras of the King's statue which is in course of preparation in London. His benefactions have been of a varied character, showing his sympathy with all useful public movements. He is thirty-five years of age and is perhaps the youngest sheriff ever appointed in the Madras city.

FUTURE OF ZANZIBAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 3.

The *Pioneer's* London correspondent cables:—The *Times* says:—"In order to allay local anxiety in Zanzibar, it is officially announced that the Protectorate is to be administered by the British Resident under the general control of the Governor of British East Africa, who has been appointed High Commissioner of the Sultanate. In other respects the two Protectorates remain distinct."

S. AFRICAN NEGOTIATIONS.

THE EFFORTS AT SETTLEMENT.

RESULT OF DEFYING THE LAW.

MR. HARCOURT EMBARRASSED.

ADMISSION OF INDIAN WIVES.

UNION GOVERNMENT NOT UNCOMPROMISING.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

A blue-book in connection with the Indians in SouthAfrica, dealing with events from July 3 to November 29, has been issued. It does not include correspondence with the Government of India, but Mr. Harcourt's despatches to South Africa contain frequent references to the representations of the Government of India, showing the latter's solicitude for the Indians and its anxiety regarding the situation as it developed.

The Government of India, on July 3, called the attention of Lord Crewe to the probable effect of the amendment of the clause in the Immigration Bill with reference to the admission of wives by the insertion of the word "monogamous" before "marriage," and asked whether that were to be regarded as over-riding the undertaking given by Mr. Fischer that notwithstanding the judgment in the Esop case, the Government would admit one wife per man, though married by custom recognising polygamous marriages.

Mr. Harcourt re-transmitted the above to Lord Gladstone on August 14, adding that while he relied on Mr. Fischer's assurance he would be glad to receive an assurance that the amendment did not affect the clause.

Lord Gladstone, on September 22, said the Union was fully prepared to carry out Mr. Fischer's promise, but that this assurance was subject to the reservation that if the threats to restart passive resistance were carried out, the Government would reconsider its policy of making any concessions outside the provisions of the existing laws.

Mr. Harcourt, in the despatch of October 9, expressed the earnest hope that the ill-advised action of a small number of Indians would not induce the Union to abandon its liberal policy with reference to the entrance of the wives of Indians.

NO BREACH OF UNDERTAKING.

The Colonial Office, replying to the South Africa British-Indian Committee on October 22 with reference to the exclusion of the woman Kulsumbibi, said it was not a breach of Mr. Fischer's undertaking. The woman was excluded on the ground that her husband had previously married another woman in Natal. In another despatch, Mr. Harcourt assumes that Indians can only rely on the Ministers' pledge. Later despatches are mainly reports of the progress of the passive resistance movement and protest meetings of Indians.

The blue-book contains the long correspondence of Mr. Gandhi with Mr. Gorges, the Secretary of the Interior, in a final effort to secure a satisfactory settlement.

Lord Crewe sent Mr. Harcourt copies of unofficial telegrams received by the India Office from India, which are not printed. He added that he viewed with the gravest concern the impression produced in India by the allegations that Indians had been treated with great severity and asked for an authoritative statement.

Lord Gladstone replied giving details of the arrests, sentences, etc.

EXCESSIVE SENTENCES.

Replying to an enquiry by Mr. Harcourt with reference to some of the heavier sentences Lord Gladstone, on November 26, said it appeared that the magistrate at Newcastle sentenced 127 unindentured Indians to £5 or six months for offences for which the maximum penalty was three months' hard labour. Steps were being taken to remit the excess sentences.

DEFIANCE OF LAW.

The London Moslem League wrote to Mr. Harcourt, on November 24, calling attention to the gravity of the situation and appealing to Mr. Harcourt to urge on the Union Government the necessity of immediate remedial measures and to direct that an independent investigation into the grievances be made.

Mr. Harcourt replied on November 29, that the League did not appear to be accurately informed regarding the situation.

The open defiance of the law by the Indians in South Africa seriously embarrassed him in the continuance of his representations to, and consultation with, the Government of the Union.

ANOTHER NATAL STRIKE.

DURBAN, Dec. 2.

The Indians in the refineries at the south-coast junction have again struck, and 123 have been sentenced to a week's hard labour. Only three sugar estates are now idle.—Reuter.

BRITISH GUIANA A SUITABLE HOME.

LONDON, Dec. 3.

Mr. Richard Jebb, in a letter to the *Morning Post*, suggests that British Guiana would be more suitable than the Sudan as a new home for South African Indians.—Reuter.

PROTEST FROM AMRAOTI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRAOTI, Dec. 3.

A largely attended public meeting was held at Ganesh Theatre, Amraoti, yesterday evening Rao Bahadur Mudholkar presided. Mrs. Joshi, Mrs. Mudholkar, Mrs. Bhat and other Hindu ladies attended and followed the proceedings keenly. Messrs. M. V. Joshi, Brahma, Y.G. Deshpande, Kane Jaywant, R. A. Despande, Chandwasker, M. B. Sant, Shevade Jog, Shankarrao, Bapat Bhangli, delivered addresses which aroused deep feeling.

The following resolutions were passed:—The first resolution expressed deep indignation at the methods employed in South Africa to put down the movement of passive resistance, against harsh and unjust laws, by the imprisonment of loyal, upright, honourable men of position for actively championing the cause of the people, by wholesale arrests and imprisonment of strikers, by turning mines into jails and miners into jailors, and the use of the lash and firearms for refusal to return to work.

The second resolution expressed the fervent gratitude of the citizens to His Excellency the Viceroy for his genuine and abiding sympathy for suffering Indians, and for the statesmanlike and humane position taken by him to secure just treatment for them, and called upon the Imperial Government to support his demand for the appointment of a strong impartial committee fully representing Indians' interests, to conduct an inquiry into the allegations of cruel treatment which had obtained publicity and stated to be supported by affidavits.

The third resolution reaffirmed the resolutions passed at the meeting of November 12, and appealed to the citizens to collect funds for their afflicted countrymen in South Africa.

The fourth resolution authorized the president to submit copies of the resolutions by telegram to H.E. the Viceroy, the Hon. Mr. Gokhale and to the president of the South African Committee, Bombay.

APPRECIATION OF THE VICEROY.

POONA, Dec. 3.

The Secretaries of the Deccan Sabha, Poona, have sent the following message of protest and gratitude to His Excellency the Viceroy:—

"The Deccan Sabha, Poona, protest with indignation against the barbarous and degrading treatment given to their countrymen in South Africa and record their deep conviction that so long as the mere elementary rights of citizenship are denied to Indians in the Colonies it is not possible for Indians to feel that they are responsible members of the British Empire. They respectfully appeal to the Government of India to urge upon the Secretary of State for India the immediate necessity of taking steps to remove the grivances of their Indian brethren in South Africa. They further take this opportunity to express to His Excellency the Viceroy their deep gratitude for his bold, sympathetic and statesmanlike utterance at Madras which has rendered great service to the Empire by helping the Imperial Government to realise the gravity of the situation."

A MAHARAJA'S CHALLENGE.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 3.

An overcrowded public meeting was held this afternoon at the Town Hall, under the presidency of the Maharajah of Burdwan, to consider the position of Indians in South Africa. The president in the course of his address challenged anyone to say that Indians were happy in South Africa or that Mr. Gokhale's endeavours were not the finest examples of patriotism, noble, mindedness, and chivalry. The reply of Lord Crewe to the Indian deputation had not brought the contentment or assurance that had been expected. He thought they ought to retaliate, for retaliation in the past had some effect.

In conclusion the Maharaja said:—"In contrast with the silence of His Britannic Majesty's Government in England is the sympathy and the sympathetic announcement of His Excellency Lord Hardinge in India. The Viceroy's speech has been criticised in some quarters, particularly by the Press abroad. With that we have no concern but as president of this memorable meeting, I would be failing in the discharge of my duties if I were not to voice the gratitude and warm sentiments that we feel towards Lord Hardinge for the most sympathetic and strong attitude that he has taken up, not by word but by deed also, towards the Indian sufferers in South Africa. He spoke out like a brave man and we in India do not mind whether the man has been right in all his actions or not, for we know how to honour him when he does a brave deed. We will, I am sure, not fail to show our esteem and regard for Lord Hardinge for this latest proof of His Excellency's deep and genuine sympathy for Indians by according him a right royal welcome when he comes amidst us in about three weeks' time."

Resolutions were adopted protesting against the disabilities imposed on Indians in South Africa, supporting the passive resistance movement, expressing indignation at the treatment of Indians and thanking the Viceroy.

Among others who took part in the proceedings were Nawab Ali Choudhri, the Hon. Mr. Huq, Ambica Charan Mozumdar, R. D. Mehta, Rev. R. M. Milburn, Rev.—Holland, the Hon. Mr B. Chuckerbutty, Rai Hariram Goenka, and the Hon. Mr. Surendranath Banerjea.

An appeal was made for funds and about Rs. 20,000 were collected and promised at the meeting.

A SERVANT'S COMPLAINT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 3.

Before the District Magistrate of Alipore, an application was made on behalf of Sheo Churan, servant of Mr. J. T. Hume, Public Prosecutor of Calcutta, charging Captain Walker, Cantonment Magistrate of Barrackpore, with assault.

Mr. Hume is away on leave and at his house No. 5 Riverside, Barrackpore, Mr. Justice Woodroffe is now residing. Captain Walker lives in the next house.

It is alleged that on Sunday at noon Captain Walker was walking along the public road when he found a goat belonging to the complainant grazing by the side of the road. It is alleged that he, the accused, tied the goat inside the compound of his house in order to send it to the pound. At that moment the complainant went up to Captain Walker and prayed that the goat might be returned to him. The Cantonment Magistrate (according to the story) assaulted the complainant with his fists and also kicked him. The latter says he ran away and entered Mr. Hume's bungalow, where the accused followed him and assaulted him again.

At this stage Mr. Justice Woodroffe came out of the bungalow and remonstrated with Captain Walker, who then let the complainant go. The District Magistrate, after examining the complainant, directed the Subdivisional Officer of Barrackpore to enquire into [illegible]

AIR TRAGEDY:

BRITISH COMMANDER KILLED.

ACCIDENT CAUSED BY BIPLANE'S SIDE-SLIP.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

Captain Lushington, the commander of the Naval Wing of the Royal Flying Corps, was killed to-day at Eastchurch in a biplane accident. Captain Fawcett was piloting the aeroplane. He was slightly injured,

Mr. Churchill made several flights with Captain Lushington so recently as Saturday, Mr. Churchill himself piloting during one flight.

The aeroplane in which Captain Lushington was killed side-slipped 50 feet from the ground.—Reuter.

THE GREEK NAVY.

BRITISH ADMIRAL'S FORECAST OF FUTURE POWER.

ATHENS, Dec. 3.

The Minister of Marine gave a farewell luncheon here to-day to the British and French Admirals.

Sir Berkeley Milne responding to the toast, foresaw for the Greek navy a future as glorious as was the past history of Greece.

The fleets leave to-day.—Reuter.

AMENDMENTS TO HOME RULE BILL.

PREMIER STILL OPEN TO DISCUSSION.

LONDON, Dec. 3.

Speaking at Birmingham, Lord Haldane denied that Mr. Asquith's tone had hardened on the subject of Home Rule. The Premier was still ready to discuss amendments to the Bill. Lord Haldane appealed to the Opposition leaders to co-operate with a view to settlement, but not to enter into negotiations with minds made up not to make concessions.—Reuter.

THE CANTEEN SCANDALS.

DUKE OF TECK MEMBER OF COURT-MARTIAL.

LONDON, Dec. 3.

It is expected that the Army canteen court-martial will last six weeks.

Major-General R. C. Maxwell is President of the Court, which will include the Duke of Teck and Prince Alexander of Teck.—Reuter.

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.

EXTRAORDINARY PROGRESS OF THE COLONY.

LONDON, Dec. 3.

The Straits Settlements dinner, last night, passed off most successfully.

Sir H. E. McCallum, the chairman, paid a tribute to the extraordinary progress of the Colony and the Peninsula, especially in the matter of communications, and to their patriotism in offering the battleship "Malaya" to the Empire. He declared that the rubber-planters required every help possible from the Government.—Reuter.

MEXICAN FIGHTING.

FEDERALS STARVED OUT OF CHIHUAHUA.

LONDON, Dec. 3.

Mexican rebel advices report that the Federals have evacuated the important town of Chihuahua, their food and water being exhausted. The rebels are now marching thither with a view to an advance upon Mexico City.

UNITED STATES AND HUERTA.

President Wilson, in his Message to Congress, declared that only one cloud was on the horizon, that hanging over Mexico. There could be no certain prospect of peace for America, until President Huerta surrendered. He affirmed that the United States was the friend and champion of constitutional government, because in no other way could neighbours work out their own development in peace and liberty.

President Wilson continued: "President Huerta is becoming completely isolated. Every day his power and prestige are crumbling. Their collapse is not far away."

He believed that America would not be obliged to alter her policy of watchful waiting. When the end came, they would see constitutional government and order restored.

Turning to domestic affairs, President Wilson urged speedy reform of the banking and currency system.—Reuter.

TURKISH DOCKYARDS.

TO BE REORGANISED BY ARMSTRONG-VICKERS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 3.

A contract has been signed with the Armstrong-Vickers group for the reorganisation of the Turkish naval dockyards, including the construction of a naval base and a floating dock in the Gulf of Ismid, which will mark a new era in the Turkish naval development. It is stipulated that Turkish labour shall be employed as far as possible, and no foreigners, except British may be engaged.—Reuter.

JAPANESE RICE CROP.

TOKIO, Dec. 2.

The final estimate of the rice crop is forty-eight million koku, being 4 per cent. below the normal.

A draft of the Budget has been communicated to the Seiyukai party which has approved the allocation of three millions sterling annually for three years for new naval construction and one million for the relief of taxation.—Reuter.

ANOTHER ZABERN INCIDENT.

GERMAN OFFICER'S COWARDICE.

A CRIPPLED SHOE-MAKER SABRED.

STORY OF THE REMARKABLE EVENTS.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

Another unpleasant affair between military and civilians occurred at Dettweiler, near Zabern, to-day.

The lieutenant concerned in the affair at Zabern, who is named von Foerstner, was leading a party of his men when he was recognised by civilians and jeered.

Von Foerstner drew his sword and sabred a lame shoe-maker, who was badly injured about the head.—Reuter.

STRASSBURG, Dec. 3.

At a conference of burgomasters of Alsace-Loraine a resolution was passed protesting against the prejudice done to the authority of the State by the irresponsible behaviour of the military authorities of Zabern, and demanding protection.

BERLIN, Dec. 3.

The *National Zeitung*, describing the latest affair at Zabern, says children hooted the soldiers and Lieutenant von Foerstner tried to seize them. The youngsters bolted and the troops then turned to a group of youths who were looking on.

The latter ran off, but a cripple was captured, and on offering resistance, was sabred and dragged, bleeding and half-conscious, to the Mayor's office where he was examined for two hours.

A BRIDE ARRESTED.

A young married couple have been arrested at Metz because the lady laughed as the soldiers passed.—Reuter.

ORIGIN OF THE TROUBLE.

POPULACE MOCK THE ARMY UNIFORM.

A message from Berlin in mail week stated:—

Much excitement has been created in Alsace, by an incident at Zabern, where a lieutenant of the garrison is alleged to have told his men that he would give ten marks for every Alsatian vagabond stabbed.

The lieutenant has since been the object of attack by the townspeople, and has been besieged by an angry crowd at a private house he was visiting. He has explained that what he really said to his men was that they must defend themselves if attacked.

A semi-official despatch from Zabern states that Lieutenant von Foerstner was besieged at a private house where he happened to be. He was escorted to the barracks by two soldiers with fixed bayonets.

About eight in the evening, a crowd of about a thousand persons gathered in the street in front of the officers' club, and began to demonstrate against the Lieutenant, demanding that he should come out, and threatening to lynch him.

The efforts of the Colonel of the regiment, the 99th Infantry, and the Mayor to calm the demonstrators failed, and the police and gendarmerie were likewise powerless. The fire brigade was then called out.

FIRE HOSE CUT.

It appears that the firemen at first refused to turn the hose on the crowd, and then obeyed, but directed the stream so that it did a minimum of damage. The rioters, however, speedily put the firemen hors de combat by cutting the hose, and the crowd did not disperse till troops with loaded rifles appeared on the scene. Several arrests were effected.

A non-commissioned officer, who is reported to have promised to add three marks from his own pocket to the sum offered by the lieutenant for stabbing any Alsatian vagabond, was dragged into a side street and mishandled by the rioters.

The situation in the town is a most difficult one. The army uniform everywhere excites mockery and insult on the part of the populace, and soldiers are forbidden to visit taverns.

Another message dated Nov. 11, says:—The disturbances at Zabern, Alsace, due to alleged insults to Alsatians by a Prussian officer, Lieutenant von Foerstner, were renewed last night. Mounted police with drawn sabres were required to disperse the mob, which made angry demonstrations outside the barracks of the 99th Infantry. Passions had been fanned by a fresh report that Lieutenant von Foerstner lately compelled all Alsatian recruits under his command to say, when their names were called: "I am a wackes (rowdy)."

Popular indignation in Alsace has been aroused for a couple of weeks past by a speech by General von Daimling, Commander of the local Army Corps, who adjured his troops to be prepared at all times to annihilate "the red trousers," as their ancestors did in the war with France in 1870, as the result of which Alsace-Lorraine became German.

MRS. NAIDU'S ILLNESS.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

Mrs. Naidu, the Indian poetess, is at present in a nursing home. She will undergo a serious operation to-morrow.—Reuter.

LONDON, Dec. 3.

Sir Alfred Fripp successfully operated on Mrs. Naidu, to-day. The patient is going on satisfactorily.—Reuter.

GOLD FOR INDIA.

PORT SAID, Dec. 3.

The P. and O. steamer "Persia" shipped £340,800 gold for India to-day.—Reuter.

INDIAN STUDENTS.

THEIR DIFFICULTIES IN BRITAIN.

ALLEGED GRIEVANCES TO BE INVESTIGATED.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

Mr. C. E. Mallet's annual report gives details of the increasing activities of the Indian Students' Department in manifold ways. He estimates the number of students now in the United Kingdom at between 1,600 and 1,700. Of these 144 are under the guardianship of his department.

One of the chief difficulties is to provide for the increasing number of engineering students' facilities for practical work. He points out that many English students have to seek such facilities abroad and says it is unfortunate that students desiring ultimately to make railways, bridges and roads leave India, where opportunities exist, for England, where opportunities are more rarely found. It would be of great assistance, adds Mr. Mallet, if the Railways and Public Works Department in India would afford Indian students such facilities, which are so difficult to obtain here.

The expenses of the year chargeable to Indian revenues amount to £5,973 which Mr. Mallet says is not a heavy price to pay if it results in sending back to India as leaders of the younger generation a body of well-equipped, well-educated men with many friendships in England and every reason to recall their experiences there with gratitude and pleasure.—Reuter.

LONDON, Dec. 3.

The India Office announces that the London Advisory Committee for Indian students has appointed a sub-committee, consisting of Sir Mancherjee Bhownagree, Mr. Mirza Ali Baig, Mr. Abdul Latif and Major Sinha, to investigate the alleged grievances of Indian students in Britain, with a view to making representations to Lord Crewe for such redress as may be practicable.—Reuter.

FRENCH GOVERNMENT DEFEATED.

MINISTERS RESIGN.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

The French Government has been defeated by 290 votes to 265 on a question of the immunity of the new Rente from taxation.

The Government thereupon resigned.

The Government advocated the immunity of the Rente.—Reuter,

CAUSES OBSCURE.

PARIS, Dec. 3.

As all parties favoured the exemption from taxation of the new Rente, in which form the great new loan will be issued, the defeat of the Government was due to obscure causes, chiefly the desire of the Radicals, headed by M. Caillaux, to take revenge on M. Barthou for the passage of the Three Years' Military Service Bill and his support of electoral reform, and the anxiety of the Radicals to secure power on the eve of the coming elections.—Reuter.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

VISIT TO THE MAHARAJA OF ULWAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

VICEROY'S CAMP, ALWAR CITY, Dec. 3.

The Viceregal train arrived at Alwar at 12-30 this morning.

His Highness the Maharaja of Alwar met Their Excellencies on the platform. There were also present Sir Elliot Colvin, Agent to the Governor-General; Colonel Bannerman, Political Agent; Major Gough, 1st Assistant to the Agent; Captain Neale, Assistant to Colonel Bannerman; Lieut-Col. Watson, Acting Inspector-General of Imperial Service Troops; Major Ferguson Davy, Captain Hartly and the members of His Highness's suite.

His Excellency shook hands with everyone and then proceeded to inspect the guard-of-honour, composed of 100 men of the Imperial Service Infantry with band and colours, after which the Viceroy and Lady Hardinge and His Highness drove in state carriages to the Lansdowne Palace where Their Excellencies will reside during the visit. The escort for the procession was composed of a squadron of the Imperial Service Lancers.

After lunch His Higness the Maharaja, accompanied by his suite, paid a ceremonial visit to His Excellency the Viceroy at the Lansdowne Palace, which was returned by the Viceroy at 3-15 p.m. at the Banch Bilas Palace. At 4-15 Their Excellencies, accompanied by His Highness, went out for a motor drive. A halt was first made at His Highness's stud farm where they saw about sixty yearlings, two-years old and three-year-olds fed. These all came galloping down a lane from through a gate which had been opened at the top and taking five fences on the way, arrived at the feeding troughs. All the stock jumped beautifully.

From here Their Excellencies motored to the Pheal Khana stopping for five minutes en route at the Purjan Behar, where the Viceroy and Lady Hardinge received a bouquet from the head gardener. At the Pheal Khana were drawn up thirty of His Highness's elephants with their state howdahs and trappings. His Excellency motored back to the palace after this and left again at 5-30 to shoot a panther which has been located about five miles out from the town. There will be a quiet dinner to-night at the Lansdowne Palace.

Gas is a valuable adjunct to the ventilation of your room; it also destroys the organic impurities we exhale, and it is this which gives gas its greatest hygienic advantage over any other form of lighting.

THE MUNICIPAL FINANCES.

BUDGET ESTIMATES DISCUSSED.

THE SMALL REDUCTION IN TAXATION.

COMMISSIONER AND HIS POLICY.

LITTLE CHANCE OF REMISSIONS FOR SOME YEARS.

A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held in the Municipal Hall, yesterday afternoon, the Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy M. Chinoy, Chairman, presiding.

The discussion of the Budget estimates for the ensuing financial year having been resumed, Mr. Clayton, Municipal Commissioner, made the following observations:—

Mr. Chairman,—At the last meeting of the Standing Committee I listened with the greatest interest to the remarks made by yourself and other members on the proposals submitted to you for the Budget of 1914-15. As you are aware, these proposals were prepared by my predecessor, Mr. Crerar, and I have reasons to believe that the extra work involved by his minute scrutiny and careful consideration of details contributed in some measure to the ill-health which necessitated his proceeding on leave at a time when his advice would have been of the greatest possible value to you. I thank you for the generally favourable reception you have given to his proposals on his behalf and still more for my own sake as the difficulties of my position would have otherwise been much greater than they are.

A PROSPERITY BUDGET.

The Budget may properly be described, as Sir Sassoon David has described it, as a "prosperity Budget." It embodies at once a small reduction in taxation amounting to a sacrifice of about two lakhs and an excess of expenditure over revenue of practically three lakhs, and yet leaves us with a surplus cash balance of 24½ lakhs, or only three lakhs less than what it is estimated to be at the close of the current year. It is generally admitted that a cash balance of 15 lakhs is adequate to the needs of administration and to secure the stability of our credit, and this being so there is some *prima facie* case for a further reduction in taxation. You, Mr. Chairman, have spoken of the satisfaction it would have given you had it been possible during the year of your tenure of your important office to make such a further reduction and notless than yourself, I should have been glad to think that the beginning of my connection with this great Corporation had been signalised by such an event. We are, however, all agreed that such a reduction is only possible if it be fairly certain that it would not be necessary in the early future to reimpose the taxation we might now remit. Otherwise the effect of reduction, in whatever way we might decide to make it, would merely be to benefit a restricted number of fairly well-to-do middlemen and would not in any way reach the general public. Practically, every member who has spoken has admitted this fact and my friend Mr. Chunilal has made his proposal for the reduction of a further half per cent in the general tax on the explicit ground that he does not believe there would be any need again to raise the rate in the near future.

A CLEAR ISSUE.

The issue is thus clearly defined and it is this: Whether it is possible further to reduce taxation now with any confidence that it will be possible for that reduction to be permanent. I do not wish to recapitulate at length the arguments on this point contained in the budget notes, or in the speeches of yourself and my friends Dr. Sukhia and Mr. Cowasji Jehangir, though I may note that the latter goes further and even deprecates the reductions already suggested. The general remarks made by all those who have spoken are evidence of the close study they have made of the proposals, and without exception there has been no suggestion made that has not been of so sensible and practical a nature that a great deal could be urged in support of it.

THE ACCOUNTANT'S OPINION.

At the same time budget-making is to some extent a technical operation and we must give the greatest weight to the opinion of our financial adviser, the Chief Accountant. He is emphatically of opinion that it is at present impossible further to reduce taxation with any hope of the permanency of such reduction. The deficit of three lakhs for which we have budgetted would be turned into a deficit of 5½ lakhs if Mr. Chunilal's suggestions were adopted, and in our next budget we shall have to provide 3½ lakhs extra permanent recurring expenditure on interest and sinking fund charges. It has been asserted that our revenue has of recent years shown a tendency to increase more rapidly than our expenditure, and this fact is true in so far as the last two years are concerned. During those years the increase in question has averaged a little over a lakh; but the explanation is that instead of our increased charges on account of debt totalling something over two lakhs they amounted in 1911-12 to Rs. 68,000 and in 1912-13 to Rs. 80,000 only. To show that this is not an asset to be reckoned on, I would quote from the report of the Accountant for 1910-11, when the increase in loan charges totalled Rs. 2,30,000. "Once again, as in the preceding two years, I have to chronicle a growth of recurring expenditure increasing at a rate faster than our income." Our increase in debt charges, both in 1914-15 and in 1915-16, will be over three lakhs, and even if we take the optimistic view, that these increases will be made up for by the normal increase in our revenues, we cannot hope that our expenditure will be stationary and thus if we budgetted to meet from our surplus a deficit of 5 1-2 lakhs in 1914-15, we should have the certainty of a still larger deficit in 1915-16.

NEEDS OF THE FUTURE.

When we come to consider the enormous demands that must be made on our resources in the near future for various most necessary but unremunerative public improvements, the case is still stronger. Hardly any of our roads are constructed in a manner to meet the conditions of modern traffic and we must recognise that it will be necessary to start rebuilding them from the foundations. It will cost, I am informed, at least four lakhs more, probably six, to put proper foundations along Frere Road alone. And in no case can we hope for road surfaces which will stand the heavy work to which they are now subject until such foundations have been constructed. Dr. Sukhia has referred to the necessity for extending the use of tar, and all expenditure on this must be recurring and met from our current revenue.

The lighting of even our principal streets leaves much to be desired as I think anyone who drives along them at night must realise. In the less important thoroughfares the few lights do little more than emphasise the darkness.

As you, Mr. Chairman, rightly point out, we are in connection with our malaria campaign enforcing action as to private wells while allowing mosquito *larvæ* to breed in public wells, tanks and reservoirs. We cannot proceed with this Pharisaic policy of binding on people burdens hard to be borne and refusing to touch them ourselves with one of our fingers. Yet we have some excuse. I am informed that it is estimated that it would cost five lakhs to make the filters at Bhandarwada alone mosquito-proof and that sum is probably nothing compared to what it will cost to eliminate the breeding grounds in the flats. Only last week I received a request from the Drainage Department for a provision of a lakh a year for some five years for the substitution of mosquito-proof openings to the storm water drains in place of those now in use. Further, you are aware that in the near future we must be prepared to finance, in part at least, enormously expensive schemes for the improvement of communications in the Island.

It is, of course, true that many of these works may properly be financed from loans, but they will not be in themselves remunerative though they undoubtedly tend to increase our revenues by enhancing taxation values. We must, therefore, be prepared even where we raise loans to pay interest and sinking fund charges from our current revenues.

DISPOSING OF SUGGESTIONS.

For these reasons, I am unable to approve of any proposal to grant further remissions of taxation during the coming year and have grave doubts whether it will be possible to make any reduction for some years to come. You, Mr. Chairman, have suggested the reduction of the tax of 2 annas per candy on firewood, an estimated loss of Rs. 80,000 revenue. I do not think that the remission of the tax would make the least difference in the price of firewood in the bazaar or in the daily living cost of the poorer classes. My friend, Mr. Sethna, has suggested a decrease in the water-rate for supply by meter and in my opinion if any decrease were possible this would for various reasons be the most appropriate form of granting relief. We are actually making a small profit from water when we are only supposed [illegible] expenses and our relations with [illegible] ers (being semi-contractual [illegible] less theoretical objection to [illegible] changes in the water ra[illegible] in other taxes. But as [illegible] already attempted to show [illegible] opinion that there is no case for any further decrease and it is fairly certain that for the next few years at least we shall not make a profit on water supply.

THE SURPLUS.

What then should we do with the surplus of ten lakhs which we can spend without unduly depleting our working cash balance? My friend Mr. Cawasji Jehangir has suggested the formation therewith of a nucleus improvement fund to be devoted, in especial, as I understand him, to necessary but non-remunerative works in connection with roads, lighting and sanitation. I have enquired into the financial side of the suggestion and find that there is no accounts objection. What our Accountant does object to is our including extraordinary expenditure of this kind to an abnormal extent in our regular budget. So that even if we had schemes with plans and estimates ready, which we have not, he would not look with favour on our allotting large sums for such extraordinary purposes in the usual way. This is the main reason why the course suggested by my friend Sir Sassoon David has not been adopted, though I must admit the subsidiary reason that it was not anticipated that the condition of our finances would be so satisfactory as to justify the preparation of extensive schemes.

THREE SCHEMES FOR SANCTION.

It must not be supposed that the Executive Department will find any difficulty in spending the money on worthy objects. I have consulted our Executive Engineer and he guarantees to spend during the course of next year any sum in reason that may be alloted to him for the reconstruction of Frere Road and its continuation, Reay Road. Our roads are shown in our accounts as Municipal assets and they will continue to be so shown, and in so far as the work of reconstruction will increase their capital value we shall be justfied in supplementing this special fund by borrowed money. To take a concrete example, let us suppose that the capital value of Frere Road is now shown as four lakhs—if we reconstruct it at a cost of six lakhs we shall be justified in borrowing two lakhs] for the purpose. This being so it is impossible to say beforehand what exact amount we should be entitled to borrow to supplement the suggested special improvement fund, but as works are proposed, we should be able to divide our expenditure between revenue and capital. I can only hope that Mr. Chunilal's prophesy will be fulfilled and that we may in subsequent years have some surplus to add it to this improvment fund. I think when this money is specially earmarked for non-remunerative improvment, our Corporation will be less diffident in sanctioning expenditure than it is at present. If the proposal be approved, as I hope and trust it will be, I shall take immediate steps to submit for sanction schemes for reconstructing Frere Road, for experiments in connection with electric lighting and for replacing the present non-mosquito proof-drain covers. In addition, it will be possible to make progress with the filling or covering in of Municipal tanks and wells in various congested localities and on behalf of the Executive I guarantee that every effort will be made

Continued on Page 8.

THE MUNICIPAL FINANCES.

(Continued from page 7.)

to make the best use of all money allotted for such purposes.

AN ABSURD EXCEPTION.

It would be absurd to take exception to the scheme on the ground that we should be trespassing on the legitimate sphere of the Improvement Trust or any other body. Every improvement in the Island is to the direct interest of the Corporation and we should be neglecting our duty if we failed to make the most of every opportunity in the direction that may present itself. I mention this as I believe Mr. Chunilal suggested that Government might refuse us help in the construction of roads on the ground of our large balances. There can be no justification for this suggestion so long as it is clear that we intend not to spare our own pockets in the cause of improvement. Rather, like the carter in the fable, we should put our shoulder to the wheel and shove and trust to Hercules to come down and help us. We could easily spend not only ten lakhs but ten crores with the greatest advantage and the more thoroughly we realise this the better the hope of our justifying the proud claim of our motto.

So much for the general point. I now propose to deal very briefly with the more important minor points that have arisen so far during the discussion Dr. Sukhia has asked for information as to the reason for an excess of expenditure over estimates to the extent of Rs. 23,000 in the mechanical branch. The explanation is that it has been found necessary to keep both the old and new pumps at Love Grove working and almost the entire increase is due to the cost of additional coal. His suggestion as to the increased use of tar on roads has been noted, but I would ask him to assist me by specifying the roads where he thinks it necessary.

OTHER CRITICISMS.

Mr. Chunilal has criticised the executive on the ground that since 1908 there has been a tendency for the discrepancy between actuals and estimates to increase. The percentage discrepancies for the last 5 years are actually as follows :—

Year.	Total Budget	Percentage discrepancy on opening balance.	On closing balance.
1908-09	201 lakhs	·57	1·50
1909-10	216 lakhs	1·43	·56
1910-11	225 lakhs	1·43	5·52
1911-12	231 lakhs	1·28	3·43
1912-13	241 lakhs	2·07	4·69

The figures show that we must, to some extent, plead guilty to Mr. Chunilal's soft impeachment. You are, however, most of you aware, how easy it is for schemes to be delayed either wholly or partially for some unforeseen reason or another, even after they have received budget sanction. The percentage discrepancies for the last year were 2 per cent. and less than 4½ per cent. on the opening and closing balances, respectively, and considering that the budget was one of nearly 2½ crores, I do not think that either the executive or financial departments can be taken very seriously to task.

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir has suggested that the budget notes, while admitting an average yearly increase in income of rupees three lakhs, do not actually provide for such an increase in 1914-15. This point has been fully explained on page VI of the notes where the estimated increases in our permanent sources of revenue are shown with the estimated decreases. The only item that requires notice is as to the estimates of plus 24,000 in the water revenue. Owing to a loss of a special receipt of Rs. 13,000 the real increase provided is Rs. 37,000. The average increase during the past 3 years has been Rs. 87,000 but as Rs. 1,30,000 have been estimated as increase during the present year it is fair to assume an increase of only about Rs. 27,000 during 1914-15.

Mr. Cowasji has questioned the accuracy of the estimated increase of Rs. 25,665 in expenditure given on page VII of the budget notes and has suggested that the figure should be much larger. If he will be good enough to turn to pages 69 and 107 of the estimates, he will find that the total figure including new works for the current and coming years respectively are public works (p. 69) Rs. 29,76,479 and Rs. 29,66,451 minus a decrease of Rs. 10,028 and public health (p. 107) Rs. 25,90,106 and Rs. 26,25,799 or an increase of Rs. 35,693. The total estimated increase is therefore correctly put at Rs. 25,665. Should Mr. Cowasji require a more detailed explanation, I shall be happy to give it him.

THE DISCUSSION.

The discussion of the Budget was then proceeded with item by item, the expenditure side being taken up first.

Mr. C. V. Mehta moved a further reduction of one-half per cent. in general taxation, making it 9 per cent instead of 9½ per cent, as suggested by the Commissioner.

Mr. Wasantrao Anandrao Dabholkar seconded the proposal.

Sir Sassoon J. David moved an amendment that the general tax be passed at 9½ per cent as proposed by the Commissioner.

The amendment was carried.

TULSI WATER SUPPLY.

Consideration was given to a letter to the President, dated November 28, from Mr. Navroji Hormasji Katrak, M. S.A., L. C.E., Assoc. M. Inst. C. E., in which it was stated :

"In the next year's budget it is proposed to reduce the water-tax by 3·8 per cent ; this is no doubt a good proposal. But here a question arises whether from the amount of the proposed reduction of the tax, the work of completing the masonry-lining of the Tulsi out-tunnel should be taken in hand. About four years ago a heavy leak of water was observed at the outer end of the Tulsi out-tunnel, but its top having sunk, the leak could not be approached to be tackled. So the work of lining the tunnel with masonry was taken in hand from its tail end and after several months, some two pipes, which were badly cracked, were approached and the leak repaired. During that period the Tulsi water-supply to the town had to be stopped for some considerable time by closing the valves of its outlet-tower in order that the earthen dam might not get scoured. So far so good. But instead of proceeding further with the work of completing the masonry-lining work of the tunnel right up to the outlet tower, it has been left in abeyance for about two years or so, leaving perhaps to chance that in future no pipe in the tunnel would burst or a joint leak. Would it not be considered desirable by the Corporation now to provide a sum of money in the next year's budget and complete the important work, so that a burst or a leak in future can be easily and speedily repaired, without cutting off the Tulsi-supply for a considerable time or running the risk of the earthen dam being scoured ? By the completion of this work the pipe-line in the tunnel will be always open to inspection; under the present circumstances, a heavy burst at night may prove serious to the dam before the valves are closed in the outlet-tower." The Committee referred the letter to the Commissioner.

TOWNSMEN'S COMPLAINTS.

The Committee also considered a letter from Mr. Timothy Watts and others, residents of "G" Ward, submitting that that they must be given relief from the constant source of nuisance danger and annoyance caused by dirty stinking water flowing through the low level channel, which gave out a foul and putrid smell at all hours of the day. It was further stated that if it was only a nuisance and annoyance they would have put up therewith in view of the assurance given by the Commissioner, Mr. P. R. Cadell, that the nuisance would be effectually stopped when the Corporation had sanctioned and erected pumping engines at Worli, but that it is a menace to their health and led to constant illness, such as sore-throat, fevers, etc., and that they are reluctantly constrained to appeal to the Corporation to do something to remove the nuisance until the pumps were erected. Adding that when the low level channels were constructed they were supposed to carry rain water; that any opinion then expressed that they would be veritable sewers was discountenanced by the authorities but that now their experience and suffering amply justify the fears expressed by the people that the channels would serve as so many sinks propagating myriads of mosquitoes and giving out a stench dangerous to health. Requesting that immediate orders may be issued for cleaning the channels by removing the silt and by flushing them with disinfectants and by taking such other measures as may be deemed necessary to prevent further fouling of the channels by sewage.

This letter, too, was referred to the Commissioner for report.

ARRIVAL OF THE TRANSPORT REWA.

The hired transport "Rewa," Captain Thomas Kerr, arrived in harbour yesterday from Southampton which port she left on the 13th November with drafts for different regiments consisting of 64 officers, 35 ladies, 21 children, 20 warrant officers, 12 women, and 18 children ; 1,098 non-commission officers and men, 76 women and 49 children. The following are the names of the officers :—

Major E H B C R Platt, wife and 2 children, Som. L I ; Major N D H O Reilly, wife and daughter, R A M C ; Captain K A C Doig, wife and 2 children, R A M C ; Captain D E M Crichton, wife and 2 children, Cameron High. ; Lieut and Rg. Mr A E Wright and wife, R A ; Major A S Buckle, R F A ; Captain N A Stebbing, R F A ; Lieut W P J A Kerman, R F A ; Lieut F L du Monlin, R Sussex; Major D R Sladen D S O, wife and child, K O S B ; Captain W Pike, K innis. Fus. ; Captain A G Horsfall, W R Regt ; Captain S H P Muriel, Border Regt ; Captain P M Waralaw and wife, Som L I ; Major C A Wilkinson and wife, Sarop. L I ; Major W G Blanford, R G A ; Lieut G W Lawson, Som. L I ; Lieut E S Halford, R G A ; Lieut H T Birch-Raynardson, O and B L I ; Lieut R Burst, R Highs. ; Lieut J C Hallowes, 7th Hussars ; Lieut R J Prothero, 7th Hussars ; Lieut H A H Dunsmure, Cam. Highs. ; Lieut S S Norman, Man. Regt. ; Lieut P G M Saxene and wife, R Highs ; Lieut A R Boyle and wife, A and S Higs. ; Lieut J G Hagan, E Surrey Regt ; Lieut S J Kennedy, 13th Hussars ; Lieut W R Meredich, wife and child, R In. Fus ; Captain C Ridings, R In. Fus. ; Captain H S Wilson, R M Fus. ; Captain W N Pike, York Regt ; Captain J F Giffard and wife, N Staff. Regt ; Revd G T Selwyn, Chaplain ; Revd J Pirie, Chaplain ; Captain T S Dudding and wife, R A M C ; Lieut J M Elliott, R A M C ; Lieut F R B Skrinshine, R A M C; Major E S Clark and wife, R A M C ; Captain H J Jones, A O D ; Lieut H D Lewis, A V C; Lieut A C Burnell, R Brigade; Lieut L H St A King, K R R C; Lieut Fitz G Campbell; K R R C; Lieut J O Harror-Shrop, L I, Lieut R A Mayberry, Lancers; Lieut J R Errington, York Regt; Lieut G F Osborne, R Sussex Regt; Lieut T M Curtler, Mid. Regt; Lieut H Phillips, Mid. Regt; Lieut F H H S Veerchoyle, R In. Fus; Lieut S P M Moraron, R In. Fus; Lieut H J Bullock, Norfolk Regt; Lieut W D Ward, S Lan. Regt; Captain W B Rennie, R A M C; Captain S H Middleton wife and child, I M S; Captain J Harper Nelson wife and child, I M S; Lieut C E Boulton, 5th L I; Lieut H E Growse, 15th Sikhs; Lieut J E Waller, 45th Sikhs; Lieut R A Yearsley, and wife 28th Punjabis; Family of Lt Col G H Thesiger and child, R B de ; wife of Lt Col R G Ouseley, R F A; family of Capt G H C Wilkins and 2 children, R G A; family of Lt W Simpson and 2 children, K O S B; Nursing Sister K Hunter, Q A M N S I; family of Capt G A Hare and 2 children, R A ; wife of Major J T G Adamson, 119 Inft: wife of Capt W Hall, R G A ; wife of Lt C S Bamford, York and Lanc ; wife of Capt A Brodhurst Hill, R Dub Fus ; family or Marcarthon and child, R A M C ; wife of Revd A E Knott, Chaplain; wife of Capt A G Haig, R G A ; wife of Mr J G Steel, B P Service ; wife of Capt J D Strong, 95 Punjabis; family of Lt D St J Baxter and child, 91 Punj; family of Captain C Kirkpatrick and child, Q O C of G; wife of Capt H B Stevenson, 2nd Rajputs; wife of Capt J C McKenna, 16 Rajputs; Captain J E H Gatt, R A M C.

DROWNED IN VICTORIA DOCK.

A coolie, yesterday morning, was painting the side of the tunet steamer "Clan Gordon" at No. 5 berth in Victoria Dock, when losing his balance he fell on an harbour deck about 7 feet below. He hurt himself so badly that he could not recover himself and rolled off into the water, sinking at once between the ship and the dock-wall. The chief officer did everything possible to rescue the man but he was drowned and his body had not been recovered several hours later.

STORY OF A PYRE

THE BENARES INSURANCE CASE.

REMARKABLE ALLEGATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 3.

The case in which Mokshoda Charan Shamadbye of Dacca (East Bengal), Suranath Bhaduri of Benares, Khitish Chandra Roy, M.Sc., of Calcutta, Amarnath Bhattacharji, Dharni Shankar Bhattacharji, Dr. Ramlal Choudhury of Benares, and Baroda Charan Khashnobis, brother of Mokshoda Charan, have been sent up for trial under sections 471 and 468, I.P.C., by the Criminal Investigation Department on charges in connection with alleged insurance frauds, is proceeding before the Joint Magistrate of Benares.

Yesterday a number of witnesses were examined.

Dhirani Sankar Bhattacharji said he had known Suranath for about ten years. Suranath told him about a paying business in which he demanded his help. He then disclosed to the witness the plan of declaring falsely the death of Baroda and of getting a lump sum from the Insurance Company. Suranath asked the witness to help Baroda during his absence. Suranath left for Calcutta. Baroda's letters used to come to his care. Three or four days after Suranath and Mukhoda returned, Suranath proposed to carry out the plan, and Amarnath was asked to procure meat and pumpkin for the purpose. Next day Suranath informed him of Baroda's illness.

The witness saw Baroda lying on the floor, and he and Amarnath brought a charpoy. Baroda was then brought down. He came on his feet ; he lay on the charpoy and was covered up. Suranath and Kali Krishna then turned up and the charpoy was carried to the ghat by Amarnath, Suranath, Mukhoda, Kali Krishna and witness, at 2 a.m. Baroda was then alive on the charpoy. Amarnath and Kali Krishna went away. The witness sent away the "domes" saying that they did not know how to fire the pyre. Baroda then got up and sat on a chabutra. The witness then put the bundle of meat on the pyre. He and Mukhoda remained till the meat was burnt and Suranath took away Baroda disguised as a female.

The case was adjourned.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

LOYAL NORTH LANCS ARRIVE AT BANGALORE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, Dec. 3.

The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment arrived from Poona by rail via Belgaum this morning.

DELHI, Dec. 3.

Lieut. Freeland, No. 61 Royal Garrison Artillery, Aden, has been selected for the Adjutancy of the Rangoon Port Defence Volunteers, vacant next January.

Captain Wigram, 2nd Gurkhas, is is appointed a General Staff Officer, 3rd grade, at Army Headquarters.

Lieut-Colonel R. C. Bell, 38th Horse, is appointed second in command of that regiment.

Lieut.-Colonel H. A. D. Fraser, Deputy Director, Military Works, has been selected as State Engineer, Kashmir, in succession to Colonel Joly De Lotbiniere.

Captain J. L. Philips, 26th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, Secunderabad, is transferred to the 59th Battery, Royal Field Artillery at Brighton.

Major H. D. Pree, R. A., has been selected as a Professor at the Staff College, Quetta, vaccant in January next.

The following officers have been permitted to retire :—Lieut.-Colonel H. Parkin, I. A., from 10th December ; Lieut.-Colonel G. H. Baker, I.M.S., from 24th December ; Lieut.-Colonel W. H. Gray, I.M.S., from 24th October ; Major E. F. Hood, 7th Rajputs, from 1st January 1914; Captain D. J. Pritchard, 4th Cavalry, from 16th February, 1914.

Lieut. V. P. Norman, I.M.S., is transferred to the Temporary Half Pay List from 12th November, 1913.

"USELESS" MILITARY BUILDINGS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Dec. 3.

The Government of India have delegated to General Officers Commanding Divisions and independent Brigades, power to sanction the sale or demolition of useless military buildings borne on the books of the Military Works Services or, where constructed at the expense of the Army estimates, subject to the following conditions:—(a) That the book value of the building does not exceed Rs. 2,500; (b) if the building has to be replaced, that it is an authorised one; that the cost of replacement will not exceed Rs. 2,500 and that the General Officer Commanding will find necessary funds from the grant for minor works or the hutting grant as the case may be; (c) that no question of transfer of any military land is involved; (d) that it has been ascertained from Local Governments or administrations concerned that the buildings no longer wanted for military purposes are also not required by them.

FINANCIAL CRISIS.

SHARE BAZAR IMPROVING.

The Bombay share-market, where little business was done on Saturday, Monday and Tuesday—since the death of Mr. Chunilal Saraiya—showed some signs of improvement yesterday, better prices being quoted for shares.

The fear of further bank failures has been minimised owing to reports received in the share-market that some of the Indian banks intend to issue "call" notices.

The price in silver shows a drop in home and American markets. No business is reported in the local pearl market.

ANOTHER BANK CASE.

SUMMONS AGAINST MANAGER BOMBAY BANKING CO.

ALLEGED BREACH OF TRUST.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalwad, Second Presidency Magistrate, argument was resumed in the matter of the notice issued against Shridhar Krishna Kothavle, manager of the Bombay Banking Company (in liquidation), on allegations made against him by Anand Ramchander Soman, of criminal breach of trust in respect of securities consisting of Government promissory notes of the aggregate value of Rs. 4,000.

Mr. B. N. Athavle, pleader, appeared for the complainant and Mr. N. N. Saher, barrister, appeared for the respondent.

The facts of the complaint have already been reported in the *Bombay Gazette*. The complainant had dealings with the bank and used to overdraw his account from time to time on Government promissory notes and other securities, and in September deposited Government promissory notes and Municipal bonds of the value of Rs. 4,000. These were endorsed in blank. A few days later he learnt that there was something wrong with the affairs of the company and demanded the return of his securities. The respondent put him off from time to time, and the bank stopped payment on October 7. The complainant then had a balance of Rs. 22 in his favour in current account. The complainant thereafter learnt that his securities had been pledged with the Specie Bank without his knowledge.

Mr. Saher, on behalf of the respondent, said the securities were pledged on September 15, because the bank anticipated some demands would be made by the complainant on his overdrawn account.

The Magistrate observed that when the complainant owed nothing to the bank and the balance was in his favour the securities should have been returned when demanded.

Mr. Saher replied that the notes were endorsed in blank which showed that the bank had a right to endorse them in its favour, or in the name of anybody else, but they had no right to sell them. What happened was that the securities in question were pledged along with other securities of the bank.

The Magistrate then said that the amount raised on the complainant's promissory notes had not been credited to his current account as it ought to have been. Moreover, the bank had pledged securities worth Rs. 4,000 when only a demand for an overdraft of Rs. 2,000 was anticipated. He therefore ordered the notice to be converted into a summons.

CHARGE AGAINST ITALIAN.

ATTEMPT TO SHOOT AN INDIAN TIMEKEEPER.

Paolo Bettoni, an Italian, has been arrested in Bombay, by Inspector Favel, C.I.D., on a charge of attempting to shoot a native timekeeper with a revolver.

Bettoni was employed as a miner on the construction of a tunnel at Shirottu, near Lanovli, in connection with the Tata Hydro-Electric Scheme, and it is alleged that the timekeeper, named Shivprasad, somehow roused the Italian's anger.

It is further alleged that on November 16 last, the accused fired three shots at Shivprasad, but missed him, and some workmen, who had gathered round, succeeded in taking the revolver from Bettoni. The latter, however, escaped and came to Bombay.

He was arrested at the new docks and has been handed over to the Lanovli Police.

POISONING MYSTERY.

Karamadkhan Salamatkhan, a Mahomedan, aged about 60, apparently a mendicant, was taken to the Sir J. J. Hospital on Tuesday by another man, who said that Salamatkhan was found on the road suffering from the effects of Dhatura poisoning. The man died in the evening without recovering consciousness. An inquest was held on the body yesterday, when the jury returned a verdict of death from Dhatura poisoning, but how and under what circumstances the poison was administered, there was no evidence to show.

NEW RAILWAYS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Dec. 3.

Sanction has been accorded to the construction, by the Cutch Darbar, of the Anjar-Bhachan section of the Cutch State Railway; a length of 23·75 miles.

Sanction has been accorded to the construction of railway on the 5 feet 6 inches gauge from Mandra to Bhon, a distance of 46·5 miles, by the agency of the North-Western Railway, on behalf of the Mandra-Bhon Railway Company.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 3.

The market for coal shares opened steady with good enquiry for favourite stock. The transactions reported were:—Bhalgora, Rs. 22-2; Bhaskajuri, Rs. 18-4 and 18-8 ; Jumoni, Rs. 5-2 ; Kosoonda, Rs. 18 ; Lakurka, Rs. 17-12 and 18-8 ; Matigari, annas 8 and 9; Sindia Rs. 13-12 and 14-0 ; South Govindpur Rs. 8-8. Standard (juste) were 104 and 105.

"SWIZ" KILLS RATS
Prevent Plague. "SWIZ" Kills Rats
and the fleas on them. No smell from the dead rats. Not fatal to cats or dogs. Does not contain disease germs. Keeps good for years. Agents Wanted.
Tin to kill and mummify 250 rats 4s. 3d. of Chemists and Stores or post free of
CHEMICAL PRODUCTS CO., 21, LIME ST., LONDON.

Try

making your own cigarettes just once—make them with "A.G." cigarette paper and fresh tobacco. You'll agree that you never had a finer smoke in your life. But insist on "A.G." Cigarette Paper.

A.G. Cigarette Paper Sold Everywhere.

LOCAL INSOLVENCIES.

AFFAIRS OF THE ALEXANDRA CINEMA CO.

"AN INANIMATE OBJECT."

A sitting of the Insolvency Court was held yesterday, the Commissioner, Mr. Justice Macleod, presiding.

The Alexandra Cinematograph concern was adjudged in insolvency on the application of one of its creditors, Mr. Jehangir Curseetji Pearson. Against this order a rule was obtained by the proprietors, Messrs. Pitambardas Mohanlal and Manilal Mohanlal, calling on the petitioner to show cause why the order should not be annulled.

Mr. Kanga, instructed by Messrs. Jehangir, Gulabbhai and Billimoria, appeared in support of the rule. Mr. M. R. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Madhavji and Kamdar, opposed.

Mr. Kanga said there was no such company in existence as the Alexandra Cinematograph Company, and the Court had adjudicated an "inanimate object" on misrepresentation by the petitioner. The Alexandra Cinematograph Company was started by one Mr. Hackett and another, who had sold the company to Mr. Pitamberdas Mohanlal. The cinematograph was run by Mr. Framji Pestonji Madon and Mr. Cawasji Guard, who were employed as managers on a remuneration of a share of the profits of two annas in the rupee. Mr. Pitamber resided in Ahmedabad, and his Bombay agent had paid moneys on his behalf up to the last, and had not committed any act of insolvency. The bills made by Mr. Pearson showed that films and other articles were supplied to the late Edward Cinematograph at the instance of Mr. Madon. The misrepresentation made by Mr. Pearson had caused him great loss in the business and he was therefore entitled to ask for damages from Mr. Pearson.

The petitioner in his affidavit had stated that his bills amounted to Rs. 6,811-10-3, and he had demanded that sum from Mr. Madon. The latter had informed the petitioner (Pearson) that Mr. Pitamber was unable to pay. When the petitioner wrote to Mr. Pitamber, the latter asked for time.

His lordship asked counsel, who appeared in support of the rule, whether his client admitted the debt, and whether he was ready to furnish security.

Counsel replied that his client admitted the debt, but as he was a resident of Ahmedabad, he would furnish security after his return from Ahmedabad.

The rule was discharged with costs.

A PETITION WITHDRAWN.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai appeared for Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal and applied that Tricumdas Sadaram and others be adjudged insolvents.

In support of the application counsel stated that the parties carried on business at Vithalwady, Bombay, under the name of Motilal Tejumal. They had borrowed from the petitioner's firm two sums of Rs. 25,000 each in cash on September 23 and October 21 last. The sums were repayable on November 19 and December 19 respectively. The firm, counsel continued, had suspended payment and had been alienating their properties in Berar. They had also removed jewellery from their residence in Khangam to Marwar.

Mr. Kapadia, who appeared for the insolvents, said that his clients had paid a fourth of the amount due to the petitioner and would furnish security for the balance.

His Lordship said the insolvents could not do that after presentation of the petition, but should propose a scheme.

They were therefore adjudged insolvents.

Later in the day Mr. Jinnah appeared for the insolvents and said their assets were more than their debts. They were ready to secure the creditors and the court had power to revoke the order made.

His lordship said the best course would be to withdraw the petition, which was done.

MARWARI ADJUDICATED.

The Hon. Mr. T. J. Strangman appeared for Nagerdas Valabhdas Shroff and applied that Ratanlal Shivlal be adjudged insolvent.

The petitioner stated that the firm of Kisanchand Gopaldas closed its business on October 11, and the insolvent absconded from Bombay three weeks later. The petitioner alleged that the insolvent was at Cawnpore where he was busy recovering outstandings and disposing of property of the firm. The insolvent was indebted to the petitioner in the sum of Rs. 6,025, towards which he had paid on October 14, last Rs. 2,500 to one Amichand Javer on behalf of Ambalal Sevkram, one of the creditors.

The Court adjudicated Ratanlal Shivlal an insolvent.

DISPUTED MORTGAGE.

In this matter the Hon. Mr. T. J. Strangman appeared for the Official Assignee and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai represented Fatechand Ramdas, the mortgagee.

Mr. Desai stated that his client had still to be examined in the proceedings. The insolvent had mortgaged certain properties to his client, said counsel, and the Official Assignee had been supplied with all the information he wanted.

Mr. Desai's client wanted to go to Shikarpur to attend a wedding and counsel asked that the examination should be postponed.

The Hon. Mr. Strangman said the application was a false one. The insolvent had got a house in Barbhaya Mohlla and Fatechand was the mortgagee. The mortgage document was wrong and was prepared by a servant of Fatechand.

His lordship, after hearing Mr. Desai, ordered that the examination should proceed within the day specified.

INSOLVENT'S ABSENCE WITHOUT LEAVE.

Mr. Jardine appeared on behalf of the insolvent, Karim Yani Halai, and applied that a warrant for the arrest of the insolvent should be cancelled.

The Hon. Mr. T. J Strangman, who appeared for the Official Assignee, stated that the insolvent had gone to Kathiawad without permission. He had now returned and he should not be discharged till his public examination was over. Mr. Strangman, however, did not press for the insolvent's arrest.

The insolvent agreed to be present in court, and his lordship ordered that the warrant should be cancelled after his public examination had been completed.

Mr. Gait's census report will be ready for presentation before the end of this month. The time taken in compiling it has been somewhat less than in the case of the Indian census of 1901.

THE THEATRE AND THE CINEMA.

A TALK WITH "WIFFLES."

AUTHORS' FEES AND SOME OTHER VEXED QUESTIONS.

M. Charles Prince needs no introduction to Londoners, says the *Pall Mall Gazette*. Did he not appear—"in the actual flesh"—in "Eightpence a Mile" at the Alhambra this summer ? Every taxi-driver, every newsboy knew him as he took his walks abroad—knew him by his seraphic smile, which never leaves him, even when he is interviewed by a journalist. "Wiffles," they said, in hearty recognition: "by a piper, Wiffles"; "'ev a keb, Wiffles."

Wiffles was in the flesh, and not a bit graver than usual, when he talked in his flat on the Boulevard Bonne-Nouvelle of the Cinema and the Theatre. It was a little "conference," of which Prince's collaborator and myself, says the correspondent, were the only listeners. The tempest growls about the cinema world. "Letters" is aroused; it threatens injunctions and all the terrors of the law. I did not find the cinema comedian and actor of the Variétés moved over much by the storm which has arisen because the company to which he is attached has begun to produce plays on the film. They are real plays, which last three-quaters of an hour. And the public likes them.

Several theatrical successes have been captured by the apparatus. The latest is the famous play, "La Femme a Papa," by Hennequin. It is an instance of what can be done with the cinema in the way of illusion. In the play the leading character doubles the role of father and son. To effect this on the stage the actor has to exit and reappear with a new wig and make-up. This is not necessary in the cinema. The transformation takes place *in situ*.

REALITY IN BLOWS.

In some senses photography is more truthful than the stage. When a blow is given, it has to be a real blow, not a simulated one, as in the theatre. This is a little awkward for the comedians who play with M. Prince. As he is the organizer of the troupe, they do not like to administer a real blow, and an "assault" incident has to be repeated several times before the real gesture and effect are obtained. When you fall for the cinema, it has to be a real fall, and so on. If it adds to reality, it adds, also, to the hardships of the "metier."

But, as I have said, the Society of Authors (of which, by the way, the comedian is member) is watching, with jealous eye, the film plays. One contention is that the original is damaged by its transposition; the other is that the film-makers should pay authors' fees just as the ordinary theatre. Prince disputes both propositions. First, he says, the play is not spoilt, and as proof of it the public is more than ever induced to see the original. The author of the celebrated farcical play, "Tire au Flanc," which has run for some years at the Theatre Dejazet, sold the story to the cinema. The result was a law action brought by the manager of the theatre. But, declares Prince, the manager could not deny that the theatre receipts had gone up whilst the film was being played. However, the simultaneous production of play and film is not to be recommended, admits the "King of the Cinema."

NECESSITY OF INNOCENCE.

Another point is that the cinema has to be innocent and simple because of its world-wide appeal. Films, obviously, cannot be too Parisian or tinged with perversity if they are to please England, Russia, and Germany where most of the "bandes" go. Only 10 per cent. of the sale is French. This very purification of "fin de siecle" and complicated plays is a good thing, according to Prince who finds advantage in playing the adapted English version of French successes. "I admire and understand the English point of view in such matters," he says, quite frankly. "Your public likes innocent and wholesome fun ; no triangular propositions, no hints at infidelity. As an instance, I may tell you that in 'Tire la Papa (played in England as 'A Night Out') I took the English version as representing exactly the solution I needed of a difficult situation for the film. The author would have been surprised could he have seen the transformation.

"Another success I may mention is 'Ferdinand le Noceur.'

KILLING THE GOOSE.

"I think that those who claim authors' fees on the same scale as the theatre are going too far. The results, I fear, will be the cessation of cinematographic representations of plays by well-known authors in favour of sketches written expressly for the film. The cinema does not rob the author; he participates in the profit of his work."

M. Prince thinks that the tendency is towards scenes drawn from popular books. For instance, Hugo's "Les Miserables" and "Notre-Dame de Paris" have had a great success ! "Germinal," by Zola, has taken also very well.

We spoke of the direct effect of this competition on the drama. M. Prince admitted that the stage suffered at the present moment. It was because seats at Paris theatres were high-priced and uncomfortable; theatres were not brought up to date, and managers insisted on staging plays that were wanting in popular qualities. "Where is the new writer ?" he asked. "I do not see him. We have had the same names on theatrical bills for the past quarter of a century, and many of these authors have nothing further to say."

The comedian touched finally on his own experiences, which are often comic. One day, in the Bois de Vincennes, he played "Rigadin-Napoleon." Dressed in the Corsican's famous grey overcoat, he smoked a cigarette in a small coppice whilst the scene was being prepared at a little distance away. Two soldiers passed and solemnly saluted. They felt that here was a great military figure. The cocked hat and sword and the grey coat impressed them. They saluted.

EXIGENT VIRTUE.

Prince is author as well as actor, and wrote a sketch in which an apprentice thief stole from his master, and thus revenged society for his bad education. "No, no," said the producer of the playlet, "virtue must really triumph." And Prince had to add a scene in which the young thief in attempting another "coup," was caught and delivered to justice. It demonstrated his point that wickedness must be punished and goodness prevail in the cinema. "And it is quite right," he added, like any good bourgeois.

No, the cinema will not harm the theatre if the theatre knows how to adapt itself, declares M. Charles Prince, as one who knows both the "legitimate" and its energetic, intensely wide-awake, and democratic sister.

BOY HAD RINGWORM VERY BAD ON HEAD

Head Quite Bald. Thick Layers of Scurf Kept Rising. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Rid Him of Trouble. Head Beautifully Clean.

18, Woodside Rd., Tonbridge, Kent, Eng. —"A little over two years ago my little boy, age 9½ years, had ringworm appear very bad on his head, chiefly on the top. His little head was quite bald and thick layers of scurf kept rising. I tried some ointment but that did little or no good and I also tried several other ointments and other things that were recommended to me but all in vain. I began to feel quite disheartened until I saw about the free sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and made up my mind to try them. To my surprise I could see a great improvement in only trying the sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and I therefore got one box of Ointment and the same of Soap, but before I had finished using them his head was beautifully clean and even the hair began to grow thick. There is no scurf or anything now. Cuticura Soap and Ointment rid him of the trouble.

"My other boy, age 7, had a nasty breaking out around his mouth. I put a little Cuticura Ointment on two nights in succession and that quite cured his mouth." (Signed) Mrs. M. Tench, June 2, 1912.

No other emollients do so much for pimples, blackheads, red, rough skins and itching, scaly scalps. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout India, a liberal sample of each, with 32-p. Skin Book, will be sent post-free on application to Muller, Maclean & Co., Calcutta or Bombay; or Newbery, 27 Charterhouse Sq., London.

APENTA

BEST NATURAL HUNGARIAN APERIENT WATER

Ideal for daily use

PUBLIC SCHOOLS ALPINE SPORTS CLUB.

President :
The Head Master of Eton.
Vice-Presidents :
Field-Marshal Earl Roberts, K.G.
The Earl of Lytton.
The Headmaster of Harrow.
E. F. Benson.

Open to Officers in the Army and Navy and members of the Higher Civil Services.

The Year Book, containing full accounts of last Winter's meetings and the various competitions at the Club, with the cost of each item, will be sent on application, to any of those entitled to join, to the Hon. Sec. pro tem., Honorary Secretary, 3, Upper Woburn Place, Tavistock Sq., London, W.C.

TWO LOADSTONES INSTEAD OF ONE

THE SECRET of PERSONAL MAGNETISM, ITS MARVELS AND MYSTERIOUS FORCE, WHICH GIVES WONDERFUL MENTAL AND PHYSICAL STRENGTH, LUCK, SUCCESS & POWER, ALL REVEALED AT LAST.

Would you like to become Magnetic so you can control the thoughts and acts of others? Learn the Mysterious Power of Magnetism, its secrets and Mysterious Power Fascinate Men Women, Make you Master of every Situation. Do you wish to know the Hidden secrets of Magnetism? Learn how to Overcome all Unhappiness, and develope a wonderful magnetic will-power that makes success sure.

OUR Book: THE "LOADSTONE MOTHER OF MAGNETISM" FREE. It contains wonderful sayings of the greatest scientists, philosophers, scholars, and writers of the ancient and modern times. It is a scientific treatise on the LOADSTONE, based upon years of study and experience of this WONDERFUL MAGNET WHICH LEARNED MEN CLAIM CONTROLS THE DESTINY OF MAN.

We have just issued 9,000 copies of a new illustrated book entitled, "THE LOADSTONE MOTHER of MAGNETISM." We propose to give these 9,000 copies away absolutely FREE to interested persons in order to show the startling possibilities of this great magnetic stone. We want you to have a copy FREE! WRITE TO-DAY.

Postage to U.S.A, 2½ As. or letters wont reach.

ADDRESS, MAGNETIC MINERAL Co. 2093, Lexington Ave, New York, N.Y., U.S.A.

Another Miracle.

The miracles performed by Little's Oriental Balm are almost countless. Men and women who have become crippled by the horrible agonies of Rheumatism are throwing away crutches, canes and bandages and walking free with the elastic step of youth.

Rheumatism in the back or shoulders, in the arms or legs can be instantly relieved and cured by the application of Little's Oriental Balm well rubbed in. Don't allow your joints to become stiff—don't let your muscles ache—don't permit your life to be made miserable when this proven remedy will drive all the pain away !

If you have tried other so-called remedies without relief, remember that Little's Oriental Balm has a wonderful record for curing cases where all else has failed. It will cure your Rheumatism.

Sold at Re. 1 per bottle. Of all Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout India.

MANŒUVRES MYSTERY

WHAT ARE THE ADMIRALTY HIDING?

STATEMENT DEMANDED.

In a temperate, but plain-spoken, leader, which we reproduce below, says the "Pall Mall Gazette," the "Daily Mail" supports our demand for a statement from the Government on the result of the recent Naval manœuvres. Our contemporary adopts the theory that the troops on board the transports were a skeleton force, representing an army of some 60,000 men all told. This matter is referred to in our first leading article. The most serious matter is that by the suddenness of his attack, and the skilful use of his submarines, Sir John Jellicoe threw his opponent back upon the defensive, and that the "British" force lost thereby the one supreme advantage we have always obtained in war.

The vessels of the "patrol" were utterly unable to deal with the enemy, and the whole system will probably have to be revised. But nothing will give the fleet that freedom of action which is essential to it, except a properly-trained Home Defence Army, to ensure the safety of our shores. The Sub-Committee of the Defence Committee which was appointed to reconsider the adequacy of our preparations against invasion has, no doubt, had the matter before it. We hope the Government will let the public know the conclusions arrived at.

THE EXACT TRUTH.

The "Daily Mail," in its leading article, says:

The people of this country have every desire not to embarrass or force the hands of the British Admiralty. The manner in which it has done and is doing its work commands general admiration. Yet it is permissible to ask whether the nation should not be taken into the Government's confidence and told the exact truth as to the result of the naval manœuvres last summer!

The assailant, despite his great inferiority of strength, gained a series of extraordinary successes. He raided four of the most important ports on the east coast and—in theory—landed from 40,000 to 60,000 troops. If the British defensive system did actually collapse, as appears from these surface indications, then surely the nation should be told. The fact that in 1912 the British defending fleet suffered a reverse of precisely the same character strongly supports the able military correspondent of the "Times" in his suggestion that without a national army the task of the British Navy may be impossible and if, as is alleged by the "Pall Mall Gazette," the manœuvres were suddenly suspended in July by an order from the Admiralty to avoid disclosing this to the public and thus strengthening Lord Robert's hand in his campaign for national service, then a very grave responsibility has been incurred by those who were responsible for that action. If we are living in a fool's paradise, we ought to know. We ask "more light" on this mystery.

In a leading article the *Pall Mall Gazette* says: "But whether the raiding force was large or small is of little consequence. The manœuvres were planned with a scrupulous regard for actuality, and the result at least suggests two conclusions which are profoundly disquieting. The first is that, if an enemy be sufficiently sudden and quick in his movements, he can compel us to abandon our old policy of the offensive, and the second is that we lie open to raids in our shores and our commerce immediately on the outbreak of war, and not, as we have been content to assume, only in the event of the fleet being defeated or "decoyed away." To put it shortly our danger would appear to lie in being "rushed" at the start. Whether we should ever recover from the consequent panic is a question which everyone must answer in accordance with the opinion he has formed of the national character."

RAILWAY RECEIPTS.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY. Metre Gauge System.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 22nd November 1913, on 1827·66 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week ...	Rs. 261000	Rs. 320000	Rs. 7000	Rs. 588000
Or per mile of Ry ...	143	175	4	322
For previous 7 weeks of half year...	0 146000	1815000	46000	3360000
Total for 8 weeks ...	173000	2165000	53000	3948000
Comparison. Total for cor. week of previous year	0 274127	349551	6300	630078
Per mile of Ry. do...	150	192	3	345
Total to cor. date do...	5 160149	2427019	51571	4080085

Decrease for the week ... Rs. 42,078
Do to date „ 1,32,085

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY. Broad Gauge System.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 22nd November 1913, on 945·61 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated)	Total Earnings
Total Traffic for the week ...	Rs. 245000	Rs. 450000	Rs. 4000	Rs 699000
Or per mile of Ry ...	259	476	4	739
For previous 7 weeks of half-year...	0 139400	2434000	26000	3854000
Total for 8 weeks ...	163900	2884000	30000	4553000
Comparison. Total for cor. period of previous year	0 223815	416165	1560	641340
Per mile of Ry do...	236	440	2	678
Total to cor. date do...	5 156907	2919328	72971	4560374

Increase for the week ...Rs. 57,660
Decrease to date „ 7,374

FAMOUS CAPTAIN OF THE AIR.

500 PARACHUTE DESCENTS.

The death in London of Mr. A. E. Gaudron, removes almost the last remaining link between the present generation of aeronauts and the past. Mr. Gaudron was connected by marriage with the Spencers, and in the early days of his career he was associated with Coxwell and Green, and with the Tissandiers, and many notable French aeronauts.

But Mr. Gaudron was more than a mere balloonist. To him belongs the honour of making the first dirigible balloon in England—namely, the Barton airship, and of navigating it.

As a balloonist he had many amazing adventures. He made thousands of ascents and travelled tens of thousands of miles in the air. He made over five hundred parachute descents.

In ballooning craft Mr. Gaudron had no superior. As a navigator and a comrade he was splendid; and in a tight corner—he was the ideal "captain of the air."

Mr. Gaudron was the pilot of the balloon which, with the late Mr. Tannar and the present writer "on board," made a hazardous voyage across the North Sea in 1907, when the long crossing between Yarmouth and the North of the Denmark—a distance of 360 miles—was traversed in the course of a voyage from London to Lake Wener, in Sweden. This remains the oversea world record.

In the following year Mr. Gaudron, with Captain (now Major) Maitland and the present writer, made the British ballooning distance record, with a voyage from London far into Russia, a distance of 1,117 miles, during which many adventures befell the aeronauts.

A DESPERATE ADVENTURE.

One of Mr. Gaudron's most desperate adventures befell him over the Adriatic Sea. He made an ascent at Trieste in a parachute balloon. Through the carelessness of "helpers," the parachute was left behind, so that in a balloon over which it was impossible to exercise any control the aeronaut was carried away over the sea. His only safety lay in descending while in sight of the shore.

He climbed slowly up among the network, his object being to tilt it up by his weight so that some of the gas would escape from the open neck. As, however, the gas envelope in a parachute balloon is not fastened to its net, it can escape bodily, leaving the net to fall like a stone. Mr. Gaudron, while steadily mounting to a height of over 5,000 feet, slowly tilted to the balloon up until it was nearly in a horizontal position, when the slighest exaggeration of the movement would have meant certain death.

Hanging on by his hands, however, he managed to produce the desired effect, letting the gas out gradually, but not daring to tilt the balloon an inch beyond the safe angle, and thus descended into the sea, whence he was rescued by a steamer.

It was one of Mr. Gaudron's articles of faith that a man should struggle till the last tenth of a second when in peril. He had scores of times been in apparently hopeless situations, but had won through by cool, swift contriving.

FOREIGN CABLES.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.
Via Teheran Perfect, Via Turkey Perfect, Via Suez Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect, Via Turkey Perfect Via Suez Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect, Via Valentia Perfect Via Direct Cable Perfect.
Austra-lia.	**China.**	**Africa.**
Via Penang Perfect, Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect, Via Amoor Perfect, Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect, Via Lisbon or St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 3rd December 1913.

NOTICES.

Telegrams in code language are admitted for Bulgaria (12-11-13.

Borasjoon reports since 3-40 a.m., Ahwaz line interrupted beyond Ramhormuz (1-12-13).

Turkish route restored (2-12-13.)

CEMENT

Phaeton Brand.

Guaranteed best English quality.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,

BOMBAY.

COMMERCE
The leading Financial Paper in the East.
COMMERCE
The leading Insurance medium in the East.
COMMERCE
The leading Banking organ in the East.
COMMERCE
The leading Commercial Paper in the East.
COMMERCE
The leading Advertising medium in the East.

A free copy will be forwarded post free on application from any well-known firm

LARGE CIRCULATION throughout INDIA, BURMA and CEYLON.

COMMERCE
HEAD OFFICE:—
25-26 Waterloo Street, CALCUTTA.

BLUE AND GREEN HAIR.

PARIS ABERRATION INSPIRED BY BALKAN WAR.

"A SCHOOL OF ADAMISTS."

Some daring innovators have made an attempt during the past few days, writes the Paris correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette*, to launch the fashion of coloured wigs. Wigs, blue, rose, and green, have appeared in the theatre on the heads of would-be leaders of society, to the horror of authorised defenders of French taste. This aberration has been inspired by the Balkan war, which has momentarily popularised Bulgarian colours. The wearers of these eccentric perukes make the excuse that the tint of their borrowed locks assorts with that of their dresses. The chromatic hair is the pinnacle of the edifice.

Earlier in the year, fashion took another and less objectionable form in grey hair. Some actresses powdered their temples, and with the aid of puff and patches gave to their countenances the look of "grandes dames" of the eighteenth century. This premature blanching of the hair was not without charm; at least, it did no violence to the complexion. But the latest freak hair is obviously a challenge to flesh tones, or even to the "pierrette" face affected by some extremists. The grey hair fashion did not survive; still less is Paris likely to yield to the crude suggestion of blue or green hair. Presumably, it is not proposed to powder the face in harmony with the vivid wig. The result would be to people our racecourses and salons with nightmare creatures.

TANGO IN HIGH PLACES.

Artists protest in the name of beauty. It is hardly to be supposed that the fashion will have any vogue. This would be the crowning eccentricity to the cleft robes (providing a liberal display of limbs) and the advanced decollete adopted by women of fashion. The Tango, I suppose, offers some justification for freedom of the legs—this Tango, which was nearly danced by Mlle. Eve Lavalliere at the dinner of the Institute. The secret is now out. It would have been a sensational addition to M. Richepin's lecture. The latest dance has evidently made inroads amongst the Immortals. A weekly comic paper hints that even the Church is not immune.

A great effort is being made for official recognition. It is said that the Elysee is wavering. The Ministers, who give dances during the season, declare that they will "wait and see." Perhaps they will be influenced by the thought that the dance of the moment was danced by the Egyptians at Thebes 3,500 years ago! Is there not a piece of statuary at the British Museum to confirm it? Possibly the Tango drives Anatole France to Versailles. The veteran author of "L'Ile des Penguins" declares that he has given up Paris because Paris is given up to the motor-bus, to tramways, and to other noises and confusion. But obviously, the Tango has its responsibility in the general topsy-turvy.

"NAKED" POETRY.

However, this may be, there is the school of Adamists—a literary development of Futurism. Young poets have decided to lay bare their soul, to become simple children of nature in their verse. Hence, they have adopted the names of our first father, who was innocent of clothes until he ceased to be innocent of guile. These architects in a new phraseology will write their "naked" impressions of life in a Futurist terminology invented by M. Marinetti, the high priest of the movement. There is a certain fitness in green and rose-coloured hair as an appendage to the Adamist poetry.

It seems hopelessly old-fashioned to talk of marriage and of giving in marriage. But even this time-honoured institution is feeling the influence of the times. A writer in one of the morning papers started an informal marriage agency and succeeded in bringing together, by means of correspondence, fifteen hundred people anxious to find a husband or a wife. Though he had invited no confidences, those made spontaneously point to the triumphant success of the experiment.

Several women, however, complain of the backwardness of the other sex. They have not written, so nothing has come of the endeavour to fit each side with a partner in life. Whereupon the journalist who has organized the tourney asks: "What is there ridicilous or immodest in a woman writing first to a man whom she knows has decided to marry?" This is a new view, at least, for France. But, adds the writer, manners are "sufficiently Americanised" to render it unexceptional.

THE FIRST ANÆSTHETIST.

HOW THE GLOWWORM DRUGS AND "DRINKS" THE SNAIL.

The fact that the glowworm anæsthetises its prey before eating it has been discovered by M. Henri Fabre, the great French entomologist, who is known as the "Insects' Homer."

His story of the glowworm, "the first user of anæsthetics," is told in the "Century Magazine." The principal prey of the glowworm is the snail, which it "chloroforms, rivalling in the process the wonders of modern surgery."

The glowworm examines its prey for a moment, and then "draws" its weapon, two mandibles bent back into a powerful hook, very sharp, and as thin as a hair. It repeatedly taps the snail with this instrument. Half a dozen taps deprive the snail of all power of movement, and the glowworm proceeds to devour it, or, rather, to drink it, for the glowworm has the power of converting the snail's body gradually into a liquid.

M. Fabre experimented on a snail which had been thus anæsthetised, and found it quite insensible to the pricks of a needle. After two or three days, however, it recovered consciousness. A cold douche hastened its recovery.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE
NEWEST IDEAS
IN LIFE INSURANCE ARE EMBODIED IN THE
PLANS OF THE
NORWICH UNION MUTUAL LIFE OFFICE.

APPLY AT ONCE

For the New Prospectus of this Office which is the Most Replete Issue before the Insuring Public and contains the Newest and Most Popular Schemes of Insurance.

OPTION POLICIES HALF PREMIUM WHOLE LIFE AND ENDOWMENT POLICIES
OLD AGE PENSIONS DEFERRED INSURANCE FOR CHILDREN
EDUCATIONAL ANNUITIES & CHILDREN ENDOWMENTS.

STRONG RESERVES.... LARGE BONUSES.... LIBERAL CONDITIONS.

NORWICH UNION LIFE OFFICE

EXTRACT FROM THE REVIEW:—

"From every point of view it may be unhesitatingly affirmed that there is no better Office in Great Britain than the Norwich Union."

HOW MUCH CAN YOU AFFORD TO

SAVE OUT OF YOUR INCOME?

Let us know and we will send you a few ideas as to how you can best invest it with

ABSOLUTE SECURITY

for the benefit of yourself and your family.

FULL PARTICULARS AND EVERY INFORMATION ON APPLICATION TO:—

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS,
AGENTS WANTED.

16" Small size

THE
"SECULAR"
Keyless Lever Watch.
GUARANTEED FOR ONE YEAR.
18" Medium Size.
IN OPEN FACE CASE.

NICKEL SILVER Case	Rs. 14
FINE SILVER Case, with metal inner dome	„ 20

16" Small Size.

	Open face.	Hunting.	Half hunting.
NICKEL SILVER Case.....	Rs. 14	Rs. 16-8	Rs. 19
FINE SILVER Case.....	„ 20	„ 24	„ 27

In a velvet-lined box with spare spring and glass.

DESCRIPTION:—The Secular has a well finished gilt movement with patent lever escapement, balance wheel and hair spring of nickel steel alloy, which is unaffected by changes of temperature; 7 jewels; strong keyless action with pin setting mechanism for adjusting the hands; enamelled dial with bold figures and seconds hand. Strong nickel or fine (900-1000) silver case, with metal inner dome.

Write for Illustrated Catalogue, post free.

WEST END WATCH Co.,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS'
WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ
Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from premature decay, or deficiency of the vital forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm: the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

DR. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all Diseases of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. Price 13½d. and 2s. 9d.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. De Roos' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

Debilitated and Nervous sufferers should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. De Roos, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. Lewes, Medical Publisher, 14, Hand Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or of the Agents for Dr. De Roos' Medicines,

Agents for India: TREACHER & Co. LIMITED, BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

HINDOO AND SMALL HINDOO PENS

Favourite pens throughout all India and the East. Their oblique points—Fine, Medium and Broad—and easy, pleasant action, distinguish the Hindoos from all other kinds.

SIX ANNAS PER BOX.

Sold by all Stationers and Dealers, and by WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & COMPANY at all their Branches

A Celebrated Violiniste

Nervous Fatigue, Headaches, Languor—

The *power to excel*, the *confidence* which ensures her brilliant successes, says the talented violinist, Miss Sybil Keymer, is entirely due to her abundance of vigorous *nerve force* created by Phosferine. How greatly the numerous distinctions and triumphant career of this accomplished musician are promoted by the *brain energy* and *physical stamina* developed by Phosferine, is evident from Miss Keymer's admission that the tonic "enabled me to *do mystif justice*." This *power* to excel, this *ability* to make *perfect use* of her skill, depends upon the marvellous *control* and *steadiness* of the *muscle nerves* Phosferine has given her, and to which she owes the entrancing tone and quality of her musical renditions. Naturally, this energising effect of Phosferine was accompanied by the disappearance of the headaches, listlessness, and fatigue, which were the bane of her public appearances, and it is this happy outcome which impels Miss Keymer to testify to the exceptional advantages to be derived from Phosferine.

Promptly Remedied.

Miss Sybil Keymer, "Riversmere," Albany Rd., Leighton Buzzard, Eng., writes: "I think I should inform you that I have recently derived very great benefit from the use of Phosferine. In the course of my profession I have to travel a good deal in getting to my various concerts, and I find that since using Phosferine I am never troubled with the headaches and listlessness which follow a long railway journey, particularly during hot weather. This is of very great importance to me, as frequently only a very little time elapses between reaching my destination and the commencement of a concert, and it is such a relief to feel fresh and ready for playing in public undisturbed by the fatigues of long travelling. It is because I feel that Phosferine enables me to do myself justice as a violinist, preventing any of the unsteadiness of the muscle nerves, which is so harmful to tone and quality, that I confidently commend the tonic at every opportunity."—July 11, 1912.

PHOSFERINE
GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

A PROVEN REMEDY FOR

Sciatica	Maternity Weakness	Lassitude	Backache
Influenza	Premature Decay	Neuritis	Rheumatism
Indigestion	Mental Exhaustion	Faintness	Headache
Neuralgia	Sleeplessness	Brain Fag	Hysteria

And all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

The Royal Tonic

Phosferine has been supplied by Royal Commands

To the British Royal Family	H.M. the Queen of Spain.
H.I.M. the Empress of Russia	H.I.M. the Dowager Empress of Russia
H.M. the King of Spain	H.I.H. the Grand Duchess Olga of Russia
H.M. the King of Greece	H.R.H. the Grand Duchess of Hesse
H.M. the Queen of Roumania.	The Imperial Family of China

And the Principal Royalty and Aristocracy throughout the world.

Price in Great Britain: Bottles, 2/9 & 4/6. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

PROPRIETORS—ASHTON & PARSONS, LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND.

Wholesale Agents

Messrs. J. A. KIRKBRIDE & CO., 50 Tamarind Lane. BOMBAY.

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

Housewives of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house as they act on the first sign of any irregularity of the System a speedy dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. To all Chemists and Stores, or post free 50 from Martin, French Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

A Natural Remedy

Time was when disease was thought to be due to the direct influence of evil spirits, and exorcism and magic were invoked to cast it out.

Science has taught us wisdom. The evil spirits exist still. We call them "Disease Germs," and they also must be cast out. Once lodged in the stomach or intestines, fever with its hallucinations, or biliousness with its aches and pains, is the result.

ENO'S FRUIT SALT

is the approved remedy for driving out disease germs. Its action is quick and thorough. It clears the intestines, rouses the torpid liver to new life, stimulates the mucous membrane to a healthy action, and cleanses and invigorates the whole digestive tract.

It may be safely taken at any time by young or old.

It is very effective in the early stage of Diarrhœa by removing the irritating cause.

Be prepared for emergencies by always keeping a bottle in the house.

Prepared only by
J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, ENGLAND.
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE.

NOTES FROM THE MAIL.

50,000 ILLITERATES IN FRANCE.

The "Matin," in an article respecting elementary education, states that the elementary schools in France are by no means adequate, and adds that the number of illiterates in 1912 was 50,800.

FASHION NOTE FOR MECHANICS.

It is quite a common practice, a Home paper says, for decent mechanics, who wish to look respectable at their work, to carry a pocket mirror fitted with a comb at the back. The authority for this Labour fashion note is a master decorator, who gave evidence at the Marylebone Police Court.

WELL-KNOWN BUILDER DEAD.

The death is announced at Hove of Mr. William Willet, the father of the originator of the Daylight Saving Bill. Deceased who was seventy-seven, was associated with religious and social work for many years. He built a number of houses in Hove, and also in London.

PRINCE ARTHUR'S RETURN.

Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught who have been spending part of their honeymoon at Madrid left by the Sud express in mail week on their return to London, travelling via Paris. They were bidden farewell at the station by King Alphonso, Queen Victoria Eugenie, and other members of the Royal Family.

TWO BOTTLES OF STOUT.

The hunger strike of Michael Mullen, a Dublin Transport Union leader who is undergoing a sentence of hard labour at Mountjoy Gaol, Dublin, broke down on Monday in mail week. Mullen was removed to hospital and placed in a room where there were two bottles of stout. The warder left the room, and on returning later discovered that the patient had consumed the stout.

A BISHOP ON CREMATION.

In his charge to the clergy at Rochester Cathedral on the occasion of his visitation, the Bishop of Rochester (Dr. J. F. Harmer) said that the future of cremation was assured, however much some might shrink from the idea. The time was coming when interments would again take place in cathedrals, churches, and closed churchyards.

MYSTERY OF THE SEA.

A tragedy of the sea has been revealed at the coast village of Villa Nova de Milfontes (province Alemtejo) by the discovery on the shore of a stranded boat with sides stove in and containing a number of men all of them either dead or injured. Further details of the mysterious affair have not yet been received.

ALPINE CLIMBER'S ESCAPE.

A student named Makotitch was making an excursion on the Lower Grindelwald glacier when he fell down the Lutschine George. Thirty feet down he was caught on a projecting point of rock, on which he remained suspended.

He was only discovered two days later by chance, and after being hauled up from his perilous position was brought to Grindelwald. He was injured and very exhausted.

DRASTIC CONSUMPTION "CURE."

"Would you like to see a tragedy?" asked a young consumptive patient named Alfred Troubat of a nurse at the Saint-Antoine Hospital, Paris. At the same moment he pulled out a knife and plunged it into his chest. The would-be suicide was in a serious condition, but the doctor stated that if he recovered from his self-inflicted wound he will also be cured of his lung complaint, the knife thrust having happily effected what usually necessitates a difficult surgical operation.

SAILORS ROBBED OF A TRIP.

The Rev. Canon Reaney, Catholic chaplain on the American battleship Utah, now at Villafranche, having arranged to bring 400 Catholic sailors to Rome to visit the Pope, an obliging American citizen resident at Villafranche arranged for a special train to convey the sailors to the capital. Canon Reaney gave him £1,200, whereupon the man disappeared. The sailors are now unable to visit Rome, and the police are trying to arrest the soi-disant American, who is suspected of being an Italian confidence trickster.

PRINCE'S DISPUTE WITH MAYOR.

Prince Murat, a well-known French sportsman, has become involved in a dispute on a point of hunting etiquette with a landed proprietor. The prince was hunting a stag with his own hounds in the forest of Hez. The stag ran into a wood belonging to the Mayor of St. Felix M. Tanchy. The Mayor happened to be in the wood at the time and shot the stag. A few moments later the hunt came up, and there was a heated discussion between Prince Murat and the Mayor, the latter claiming that as the quarry came on to his land he had the right to kill it. The case is to be brought before the courts.

FRENCH TROOPS' FEAT.

The details of an unsuccessful but gallant engagement fought recently in the South Tunisian desert are given in the "Journal Official." The French forces, native Saharans, numbering only forty rifles, engaged over 250 well armed and well-led troops of the enemy. During the engagement, which lasted fourteen hours, the forty French riflemen fired 4,843 rounds and killed sixty of their opponents. After losing two dead and eleven wounded, and expending nearly all their ammunition, they retired, taking with them thirty-two guns, two pistols, twenty swords, four daggers, and five lances as trophies.

THE FACE IS AN INDEX TO THE HEART but with a woman it is likewise an index to her internal organism, the healthy or diseased condition of which is at once betrayed in her facial expression. While the freshness of complexion, sparkle of the eye and light and lively movement go to denote a healthy condition, the sallow face, the dragging step and the look of pain and misery are evident signs of a disordered state. Any functional disorder will promptly yield to UTRODINE the most harmless vegetable tonic and sedative for the organic diseases of women. Of all Chemists in India.

Literature free on application to MARTIN and HARRIS, Bombay or Calcutta.

BURGOYNE

LOSS OF NERVE POWER is a very common condition in these modern times. The symptoms are various, such as a sense of weariness, tiredness, not wholly relieved by repose, want of power to fix the attention on any subject, incapacity for mental work, and worst of all, the sleeplessness which is so common during the Indian hot summer nights. It cannot be too generally known that

BURGOYNE'S

IXIDAMA

The Celebrated Nerve Tonic, is the ideal remedy for all complaints arising from the breakdown of the nervous system to which all are more or less subject.

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

whatever the cause, should be remedied quickly if the more serious after effects are to be avoided, and no Household should be without

IXIDAMA

which is the finest known Tonic for increasing the supply of Nerve Power.

Sold by all Chemists and Druggists throughout India.

BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & CO., LONDON.

FOR PURITY

SAINT-RAPHAËL

TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE

Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates. DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA *and* MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation. To be taken on a lump of sugar.*

COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, *Valence* (Drôme-France).
SPENCER & Co., Sole Agents for *Madras*. — PHILLIPS & Co., Agents in *Bombay*.
DUSGUPTA & Co., Agents in *Pondichery*.

for WORRIED WORNOUT WORKERS

SPERMINUM is the natural source of health and vital strength isolated and purified from Organic bases. In the form of the Essence SPERMIN acts as a reviver of vital energy.

Nervous Debility, Senility, Hysteria, Tuberculosis, Impotentia in Neurasthenia will find a corrective in Poehl's Spermin Essence.

For further particulars etc., apply to the Sole Depot; Sperminum can be had from all Chemists, or from the Sole Depot

N. POWELL & Co., Byculla, Fort, Bombay.

SPERMINUM

FREE TO YOU

A Specimen Pot of

"'HAZELINE' SNOW"

(Trade Mark)

It restores and improves the beauty of the skin. Makes the complexion clear and attractive. Imparts comfort to tender skin. Exquisitely cooling and refreshing in hot weather like a cool breeze from the hills.

Cut out and send this COUPON

Please send me, free of cost, a specimen pot of "'Hazeline' Snow"

Name .....

Designation or Profession .....

Address .....

Fill in the particulars required, and send to—

Burroughs Wellcome & Co., 17, Cook's Building, Hornby Road, Bombay

xx 856 *All Rights Reserved*

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be

The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

DR. PROSSER JAMES,
Lecturer on Materia Medica, London Hospital.
"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

DR. SAUNDERS, C.B.,
Late Deputy-Inspector-General Army Hospitals, Superintendent London Medical Mission.
"I have used Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL extensively among the sick poor of St. Giles's, and consider it a valuable remedy, especially in the Wasting Diseases of Children."

DR. HUNTER SEMPLE,
Physician to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, London.
"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

DR. WHITMORE,
Medical Officer of Health, St. Marylebone, London.
"My own somewhat lengthened experience as a Medical Practitioner enables me with confidence to recommend Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL as being more uniform in quality, more certain in its effects, more palatable, and infinitely less likely to disagree with the stomach than the Pale Oil. If I were asked for an explanation of the marked success which for so many years has attended the administration of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, I should say that it is owing to its extraordinary medicinal, dietetic, and regiminal properties, and which are found to exist in no other medicine that I am acquainted with, in such uniform combination.

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with Dr. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signature. WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,

ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., Ltd., 182, GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH

BY APPOINTMENT TO H.M. THE KING.

SCRUBB'S AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Cleans Plate and Jewellery. Softens Hard Water
For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.
SCRUBB & CO., LTD., Guildford St., LONDON, S.E.

CARLTON WHISKY

FINEST HIGHLAND MALT

11 YEARS OLD

RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., Ld.
LONDON.

Obtainable of all Leading Merchants throughout the World.

ROWLAND'S KALYDOR

FOR THE SKIN

known for nearly a century as the most soothing, healing, refreshing and emollient milk for the skin ever produced: it prevents and removes Freckles, Tan, Pimples, Spots, Redness, and Roughness of the Skin, soothes and heals irritation, cutaneous eruptions more effectually than any other preparation, and imparts a **matchless beauty** to the **complexion** unobtainable by any other means. Warranted harmless. Bottles 2s. 3d., 4s. 6d., and 8s. 6d. Sold by stores, chemists, and Rowlands, 67, Hatton Garden, London.

DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY

OVER 5,000

ONE ONLY OF EACH VARIETY FROM ANNA upwards.

TUCKS GRAND COLLECTION OF

X'MAS & NEW YEAR CARDS.

CARDS FREE to a Purchaser of over a Rupee.

Beautifully Framed Pictures

SUITABLE for ALL PURSES.

A most appropriate Gift for

THE SEASON

complete with decent frames FROM Rs.5.

PREMIER ART SALON

Navsari Buildings, 1 Hornby Road.

"HARD TIMES"

NECESSITATE that you secure your jewels and valuables against Thieves and Robbers. This you can only do if you buy HARICHAND SAFES. They have withstood the tools and Hammers of the Robbers and the keys of Thieves and possess Reputation of over a Generation.

Approved and used by the Government, as well as Banks, merchant-firms, and all the best people of India. Remember our

FIRE PROOF SAFES

have stood the greatest Fires and remained intact.

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & CO.,
131, GULALWADI, NO. 4, BOMBAY.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils,
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand,
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease,
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150o	in cases.
White Rose	150o	,, ,,
Chester	125o	,, ,,
Devoe's	125o	,, ,,
Monkey	125o	,, ,,

These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.

Elephant 125o in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

Keeps the Skin Soft, Clear and Cool.

Icilma Cream is *different* to any other toilet preparation in the world—and has a *better effect*—because it (and it alone) contains the wonderful Icilma Natural Water. This stimulates the skin to healthy, natural action and keeps it always soft, clear and cool. For sunburn and prickly heat—as well as insect bites—it is most beneficial. Pure and fragrant—pleasant to use—leaves no trace on the skin—contains no animal fat—untouched by hand.

Icilma Cream

Of all good Chemists and Stores.
ICILMA CO., LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND.

"Time and use have justified the claims put forward for these preparations."
BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL.

Since first introduced, Benger's Food has continued to grow in favour owing to the constant recommendations of those who have benefitted by it.

Benger's is distinguished from all other foods in containing not only all the food elements necessary to restore health, but the natural digestive principles also, which enable it to be prepared to suit exactly all ages and all conditions of health. With no other food is this possible.

Benger's Food

is delicious, highly nutritive and most easily digested.

Sold in tins by Chemists, etc., throughout the world.

"BENGER'S FOOD AND HOW TO USE IT"—A little work of authority on the feeding of infants, invalids and the aged, and the most interesting and informative of food booklets,—will be sent post free on application to:—

BENGER'S FOOD LTD., OTTER WORKS, MANCHESTER, Eng.

Branch Offices—
NEW YORK (U.S.A.) 92, WILLIAM ST. SYDNEY (N.S.W.) 117, PITT ST.
Canadian Agents—National Drug and Chemical Co. Ltd., 34, St. Gabriel Street, MONTREAL, and branches throughout Canada.

168K

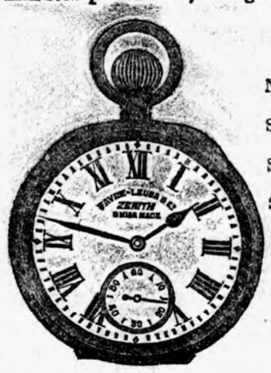
CARLTON WHISKY.

RICHD MATHEWS & CO LTD TRADE MARK

RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., Ltd., LONDON.
Obtainable of all Leading Merchants throughout the World.

THE
WATCH FOR MEN OF PRECISION
ZENITH

The Zenith Precision Watch ranks to-day with the World's finest Timekeepers, average variation one to two minutes per month, and guaranteed for 5 years.



			Rs.
Nickel open face keyless lever, 'A' qual.			25
Silver open face	ditto	ditto	35
Silver hunting	ditto	ditto	40
Silver ½ hunting	ditto	ditto	45
18-carat gold open face			150
18-carat gold hunting	ditto	ditto	175
18-carat gold ½ hunting	ditto	ditto	185

Large illustrated catalogue sent post free to any address on application, containing full particulars, with copies of Testimonials.

FAVRE-LEUBA & Co., Ltd.,

Watch and Clock Specialists and Manufacturers.
HEAD OFFICE FOR INDIA:—ALICE BUILDING, 31, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.
CALCUTTA BRANCH:—21, Norton Buildings, Corner of Dalhousie Square.

Digitized with financial support from the Government of Maharashtra on 08 July, 2017

BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. H. The MAHARAJA

GAEKWAR OF BARODA.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co.

OCULISTS AND SCIENTIFIC REFRACTIONISTS.

Opp. Telegraph Office, 7, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

SERVICES OF A RESIDENT OPHTHALMIC SURGEON

FREE

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR

Eyesight Specialist

WITH 25 YEARS' PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE.

Holds Exceptional Testimonials from H. H. The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior, the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty, the Hon'ble Sir N. G. Chandavarkar, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Mr. H. G. Gell, M.V.O., Lt.-Col. G. H. Bull, M.D., I.M.S., Lt.-Col. R. H. Foreman, R.A.M.C., P.M.O., Bo. Brigade, and other high personages.

Entirely New Stock of :—Spectacles Eye-glass, Glare and Dust Eye-protectors, Motor Goggles, Powerful Binoculars, Opera Glasses, Clinical Thermometers, etc. etc.

Prices Extremely Moderate

Pocket Manual "The Human Eye and its Scientific Correction," free on application.

Stephens'

Stephens' Ribbons AND Carbons

for Typewriters.

C. & B. ENGLISH SOUPS

30 Varieties — All Delicious

Economical. Made in a Minute

The Cuisine of one of the finest chefs in the world available for your table.

By Royal Appointment

Crosse & Blackwell Guarantee these Soups to be made under ideal conditions, as are all their table delicacies.

AGENTS FOR LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

RELIABLE WRIST WATCHES.

If correct time is of value we are sure you will attach interest in what we have to say, on the durability and efficiency of our Wrist Watches, more especially in our investigation of the advantages of the two popular Standard models of which we offer for wrist wear and which after years of experiment and improvements are now considered the best value in India.

ALL OUR WRIST WATCHES have lever movements, and prices are subject to discount of 10 per cent. for cash.

THE "IDEAL" WATCH.

Is what may be termed an open Watch, it is uncovered by a leather case. In its skeleton form it looks neat, light and attractive. It sits close on the wrist and is the watch *par excellence* of its kind on the market.

Nickel	... Rs.	32-0
Silver	,,	37-7
14 ct. gold ...	,,	130-0
18 ct. ,, ...	,,	180-0

THE "MARQUE" WATCH.

With screw-out movement. Obviates risk of dust or perspiration affecting movement.

Silver... ...	Rs.	40-0
18 ct. gold...	,,	125-0

ELGIN AND WALTHAM.

American wrist watch.

Silveroid ...	Rs.	40-0
Silver ..	,,	47-8
Rolled gold.	,,	60-0

THE "MILITARY" MODEL

Is a wrist watch in which every part is made with the greatest care and exactness. It is enclosed in a neatly made leather wristlet fitted with a metal rim which protects the glass and keeps the leather dome in shape.

This form of strap prevents direct contact with the skin, is more impervious to damp, dust and perspiration which materially reduces the deteriorating effects of corrosion and grit.

Nickel	... Rs.	32-0
Silver	... ,,	37-8
14 ct. gold.	,,	130-0
18 ct. ,,	,,	180-0

If price is a consideration, we beg to intimate that we sell a quality in both the "IDEAL" and "MILITARY MODEL" forms.
Nickel ... ...Rs. 25 net.

MARCKS & CO., LTD., WATCH MAKERS & JEWELLERS BOMBAY & POONA.

Established over a Century.

GOLD & CO. Birmingham, ENGLAND.

MANUFACTURERS OF PATENT WROUGHT IRON & STEEL HINGES

Telegraphic Address: "HINGES BIRMINGHAM." Telephone No. 1378.

Specify "GOLD & CO." on all indents sent through Shippers.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD

This remarkable compound, the latest discovery of modern times for all phases of brain and nerve wreckage and exhaustion, sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, &c., whether induced by worry, overwork unhealthy climate, dissipation, excesses, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or over-strain of modern life. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to those who had so recently seemed played out, "used up," and valueless

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, blood poison, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, wounds, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground. Registered Trade Mark, "VETARZO."

Sole Proprietors: THE VETARZO REMEDIES CO., GOSPEL OAK, LONDON, ENGLAND.

Legal proceedings will be taken against all persons infringing the Proprietors' rights.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on certain vitally important matters with which every young man should be acquainted. Post free in plain sealed envelope on receipt of Postal Order, 1s. expense from The Vetarzo Remedies Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines.

Agents for South Africa: LENNON LTD. (all Branches). Agents for India: TREACHER & CO. LTD. BOMBAY.

GRAHAM'S

FIVE CROWN PORT

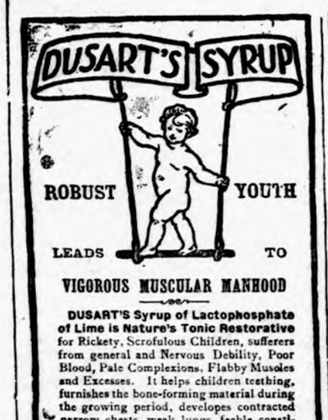
An Old Tawny Dry Wine.

GRATIS! GRATIS!! GRATIS!!!

THE Public are hereby notified that every purchaser of a bottle of the well known and Popular brand—

"HUNTLY BLEND SCOTCH WHISKY"

is entitled to a packet of playing cards **GRATIS** during **THIS MONTH ONLY.** Please insist on having a free packet of playing cards for every bottle you buy which can be had from all the leading wine dealers.



DUSART'S Syrup of Lactophosphate of Lime is Nature's Tonic Restorative for Rickety, Scrofulous Children, sufferers from general and Nervous Debility, Poor Blood, Pale Complexions, Flabby Muscles and Excesses. It helps children teething, furnishes the bone-forming material during the growing period, developes contracted narrow chests, weak lungs, feeble constitutions and crooked legs.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!!!

DUSART, 8, rue Vivienne, Paris.

THE CURE OF CONSUMPTION

Active Principle of Cod Liver Oil with Creosote.

MORRHUOL CREOSOTE

(Chapoteaut)

RELIABLE AGENT IN TREATMENT OF TUBERCULOSIS

OR PULMONARY PHTHISIS

Sold by all Chemists.

IF YOU ARE SUFFERING

from any such disease as ECZEMA, SCROFULA, BAD LEGS, ABSCESSES, ULCERS, GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, BOILS, PIMPLES, SORES OF ANY KIND, PILES, BLOOD POISON, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, etc., don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and messy ointments which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want and what you must have to be permanently cured is a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

THE WORLD FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER

is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities from whatever cause arising, and by rendering it clean and pure can be relied on to effect a complete and lasting cure.

Here is good proof of its efficacy :—

POISONED FOOT CURED

"Some time ago I had an accident to my left foot (ran a nail into it), it fastered, and got so bad that the doctor was called in and said I had poisoned it. For 3 years I was under different doctors and for one year of the three I only went out in a bath chair. Not only during that time did I entirely lose the little toe of my left foot, but a gaping wound came in the inside of the same foot. It was so bad that when I bathed it I fancied I could see the bones. At last I decided to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' and with the end of the second small bottle the discharge had stopped, and within a month I could get my foot to the ground. It is as well now as it ever was, of course, very scarred and a toe short, but I am sure I should have been a foot short had it gone on."

"WORTH £5 A DOSE"

"I also recommended it to a Sergeant's wife at Aldershot, whose husband had an open sore for seven years, the result of a sword thrust in Burma. She said she couldn't get him to try it for a long time, but at last he did, and the wound has completely healed. She told me that often after a long march he has writhed in agony and often fainted. When they were leaving to go to another station he came on purpose to say good-bye and thank me. He said he'd never forget me for being the cause of his trying it, and that it was worth £5 a dose.—Yours truly, (Mrs.) M. Cousins, 187 Twyford avenue, Portsmouth," England.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

By reason of its wonderful Blood purifying properties

CURES ALL SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES.

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's

Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Acts like a Charm in DIARRHOEA and is the only Specific in CHOLERA and DYSENTERY.

Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.

The best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS.

Is the only palliative in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE.

Chlorodyne *is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind: creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects: and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.*

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by all Chemists.

Prices in England: 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6.

Sole Manufacturers: J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., LONDON, S.E.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors, The "Bombay Gazette," Limited, by ROBERT HILL, at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, Homjee Street, Elphinstone Circle, Fort.

Sole Advertisement Agent in the United Kingdom, Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., 80, Fenchurch Street, London, E. C.